



S A R A W A K

PENYATA RASMI PERSIDANGAN DEWAN UNDANGAN NEGERI

Sarawak State Legislative Assembly Official Reports and Debates

MESYUARAT KETIGA BAGI PENGGAL KEEMPAT

Third Meeting of the Fourth Session

24 NOVEMBER – 3 DISEMBER 2025

DEWAN UNDANGAN NEGERI SARAWAK KESEMBILAN BELAS

Nineteenth Sarawak State Legislative Assembly

RABU

26 NOVEMBER 2025

(5 Jamadilakhir 1447H)

KUCHING

Peringatan untuk Ahli Dewan:

Pembetulan yang dicadangkan oleh Ahli Dewan hendaklah disampaikan secara bertulis kepada Setiausaha Dewan Undangan Negeri Sarawak tidak lewat daripada **14 hari selepas persidangan**.

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SARAWAK
DEWAN UNDANGAN NEGERI SARAWAK KESEMBILAN BELAS

Penyata Rasmi

MESYUARAT KETIGA BAGI PENGGAL KEEMPAT

Rabu, 26 November 2025

Dewan bermesyuarat di Petra Jaya, Kuching pada pukul 9.04 pagi

HADIR

Bil.	Nama	Konstituensi
1.	Yang Berhormat Tan Sri Datuk Amar Haji Mohamad Asfia bin Awang Nasar P.S.M., D.A., P.N.B.S., D.S.A.P., D.I.M.P., P.B.K., P.C.E. (Emas) <i>Speaker Dewan Undangan Negeri Sarawak</i>	
2.	Yang Berhormat Dato Haji Idris bin Haji Buang P.S.B.S., D.I.M.P., A.M.N., P.B.S., A.B.S., P.C.D., P.J.P.N., P.T.E. <i>Timbalan Speaker Dewan Undangan Negeri Sarawak</i>	<i>N.16 Muara Tuang</i>
3.	Yang Amat Berhormat Datuk Patinggi Tan Sri (Dr) Abang Haji Abdul Rahman Zohari bin Tun Datuk Abang Haji Openg D.P., P.M.N., D.A., P.N.B.S., J.B.S., P.C.E., P.S.N.B., S.P.D.K. <i>Premier Sarawak</i> <i>Menteri Kewangan dan Ekonomi Baru</i> <i>Menteri Sumber Asli dan Pembangunan Bandar</i> <i>Menteri Tenaga dan Kelestarian Alam Sekitar</i>	<i>N.26 Gedong</i>
4.	Yang Berhormat Datuk Amar Douglas Uggah Embas D.A., P.N.B.S., P.G.B.K., P.C.E. <i>Timbalan Premier Sarawak</i> <i>Menteri Kewangan dan Ekonomi Baru Kedua</i> <i>Menteri Infrastruktur dan Pembangunan Pelabuhan</i>	<i>N.37 Bukit Saban</i>
5.	Yang Berhormat Datuk Amar Dr Sim Kui Hian D.A., P.N.B.S., P.J.N., P.B.E. <i>Timbalan Premier Sarawak</i> <i>Menteri Kesihatan Awam, Perumahan dan Kerajaan Tempatan</i>	<i>N.14 Batu Kawah</i>
6.	Yang Berhormat Dato Sri Hajah Fatimah Abdullah P.N.B.S., P.G.B.K., P.C.E. <i>Menteri Pembangunan Wanita, Kanak-Kanak dan Kesejahteraan Komuniti</i>	<i>N.56 Dalat</i>
7.	Yang Berhormat Dato Sri Dr Stephen Rundi anak Utom P.N.B.S., P.J.N., A.B.S., P.B.E., P.C.E. <i>Menteri Industri Makanan, Komoditi dan Pembangunan Wilayah</i>	<i>N.69 Kemena</i>
8.	Yang Berhormat Dato Sri Haji Abdul Karim Rahman Hamzah P.N.B.S., P.G.B.K., P.B.S., P.B.E. <i>Menteri Pelancongan, Industri Kreatif dan Seni Persembahan</i> <i>Menteri Belia, Sukan dan Pembangunan Usahawan</i>	<i>N.15 Asajaya</i>

9. Yang Berhormat Dato Sri Lee Kim Shin
P.N.B.S., P.J.N., K.M.N., P.B.S., P.P.B., B.B.S., P.B.E.
Menteri Pengangkutan N.75 Senadin

10. Yang Berhormat Dato Sri John Sikie anak Tayai
P.N.B.S., P.J.N., P.B.S., P.B.E.
Menteri di Jabatan Premier N.60 Kakus

11. Yang Berhormat Dato Sri Haji Julaihi bin Haji Narawi
P.N.B.S., P.G.B.K., P.B.S., K.M.N., P.P.D., P.B.E.
Menteri Utiliti dan Telekomunikasi N.27 Sebuyau

12. Yang Berhormat Dato Sri Roland Sagah Wee Inn
P.N.B.S., P.G.B.K., J.B.K., P.B.S., P.B.E.
Menteri Pendidikan, Inovasi dan Pembangunan Bakat N.20 Tarat

13. Yang Berhormat Datuk Gerawat Gala
P.G.B.K., P.S.B.S., P.B.K.
Timbalan Menteri di Jabatan Premier (Buruh, Imigresen dan Pemantauan Projek) N.78 Mulu

14. Yang Berhormat Datuk Francis Harden anak Hollis
P.G.B.K., P.B.S., A.B.S., P.B.E.
Timbalan Menteri Pendidikan, Inovasi dan Pembangunan Bakat (Pembangunan Bakat) N.32 Simanggang

15. Yang Berhormat Datuk Dr Jerip anak Susil
P.G.B.K., A.M.N., P.B.E.
Timbalan Menteri Pengangkutan (Penerbangan dan Jalan Raya) N.19 Mambong

16. Yang Berhormat Datuk Liwan Lagang
P.J.N., P.P.N., K.M.N., J.B.S., P.B.E.
Timbalan Menteri Utiliti dan Telekomunikasi (Telekomunikasi) N.65 Belaga

17. Yang Berhormat Datuk Hajah Rosey binti Haji Yunus
P.G.B.K., J.B.K., P.P.B., P.P.S., P.T.E., P.B.E.
Timbalan Menteri Pembangunan Wanita, Kanak-Kanak dan Kesejahteraan Komuniti (Pembangunan Wanita dan Kanak-Kanak) N.71 Bekenu

18. Yang Berhormat Datuk Haji Len Talif Salleh
P.G.B.K., D.J.B.S., P.B.K., P.P.B.
Timbalan Menteri Perancangan Bandar, Pentadbiran Tanah dan Alam Sekitar N.41 Kuala Rajang

19. Yang Berhormat Datuk Dr Haji Abdul Rahman bin Haji Junaidi
P.G.B.K., J.B.S., A.B.S., P.B.E.
Timbalan Menteri di Jabatan Premier (Penyelaras Projek untuk Agensi Pembangunan Wilayah, Dewan Bandaraya Kuching Utara dan Hal Ehwal Islam) N.4 Pantai Damai

20. Yang Berhormat Datuk Hajah Sharifah Hasidah binti Sayeed Aman Ghazali
P.G.B.K., P.T.E., J.B.S.
Timbalan Menteri di Jabatan Premier (Undang-undang, MA63 dan Hubungan Negeri-Persekutuan) N.7 Samariang

21. Yang Berhormat Datuk Dr Malcolm Mussen anak Lamoh
P.G.B.K., P.B.S., P.T.E.
Timbalan Menteri Perdagangan Antarabangsa, Industri dan Pelaburan N.34 Batang Ai

22. Yang Berhormat Datuk Dr Haji Annuar bin Rapa'ee
P.G.B.K., J.B.S., P.T.E.
Timbalan Menteri Pendidikan, Inovasi dan Pembangunan Bakat (Pengajian Tinggi dan Inovasi) N.55 Nangka

23. Yang Berhormat Datuk Dr Penguang Manggil
P.G.B.K., D.J.B.S., K.M.N., P.P.C., P.P.B., P.P.S., P.T.E.
Timbalan Menteri Kesihatan Awam, Perumahan dan Kerajaan Tempatan (Kerajaan Tempatan) N.76 Marudi

24. Yang Berhormat Datuk Snowdan Lawan
P.G.B.K., A.M.N., P.T.E.
Timbalan Menteri Pelancongan, Industri Kreatif dan Seni Persembahan (Industri Kreatif dan Seni Persembahan) N.30 Balai Ringin

25. Yang Berhormat Datuk Abdullah bin Haji Saidol
P.G.B.K., K.M.N., J.B.K., P.T.E.
Timbalan Menteri di Jabatan Premier (Hal Ehwal Korporat dan Unit Komunikasi Awam Sarawak) N.42 Semop

26. Yang Berhormat Datuk Sebastian Ting Chiew Yew
P.J.N., D.I.M.P., A.B.S.
Timbalan Menteri Pelancongan, Industri Kreatif dan Seni Persembahan (Pelancongan) N.73 Piasau

27. Yang Berhormat Datuk Ir. Aidel bin Lariwoo
P.G.B.K., P.B.S., P.T.E.
Timbalan Menteri Infrastruktur dan Pembangunan Pelabuhan (Pembangunan Infrastruktur) N.24 Sadong Jaya

28. Yang Berhormat Datuk Dr Ripin bin Lamat
P.G.B.K., J.B.K., K.M.N., P.T.E.
Timbalan Menteri Belia, Sukan dan Pembangunan Usahawan (Pembangunan Usahawan) N.72 Lambir

29. Yang Berhormat Datuk Dr Haji Hazland bin Abang Hipni
P.G.B.K., K.M.N., J.B.S., P.T.E.
Timbalan Menteri Tenaga dan Kelestarian Alam Sekitar N.5 Demak Laut

30. Yang Berhormat Datuk Maclaine Ben @ Martin Ben
P.G.B.K., J.B.S., P.T.E.
Timbalan Menteri Industri Makanan, Komoditi & Pembangunan Wilayah (Komoditi & Pembangunan Wilayah) N.22 Kedup

31. Yang Berhormat Datuk Ricky @ Mohammad Razi bin Sitam
P.G.B.K., K.M.N., J.B.S., P.T.E.
Timbalan Menteri Pembangunan Wanita, Kanak-Kanak dan Kesejahteraan Komuniti (Kesejahteraan Komuniti) N.35 Saribas

32. Yang Berhormat Datuk Henry Harry anak Jinep
P.G.B.K., P.S.B.S., A.B.S.
Timbalan Menteri Pengangkutan (Sungai dan Laut) N.2 Tasik Biru

- | | | |
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| 33. | Yang Berhormat Dato' Murshid DiRaja Dr Juanda bin Jaya
P.G.B.K., DATO' MURSHID DIRAJA, S.S.P.
<i>Timbalan Menteri di Jabatan Premier (Integriti dan Ombudsman)</i> | N.44 Jemoreng |
| 34. | Yang Berhormat Datuk Gerald Rentap Jabu
P.G.B.K., P.S.B.S., A.B.S., P.P.N., J.B.K.
<i>Timbalan Menteri Belia, Sukan dan Pembangunan Usahawan (Pembangunan Belia dan Sukan)</i> | N.36 Layar |
| 35. | Yang Berhormat Datuk Majang anak Renggi
P.G.B.K., P.S.B.S., P.B.K., A.B.S.
<i>Timbalan Menteri Infrastruktur dan Pembangunan Pelabuhan (Pembangunan Pelabuhan)</i> | N.70 Samalaju |
| 36. | Yang Berhormat Datuk Jefferson Jamit anak Unyat
P.G.B.K., B.B.S., P.B.S., K.M.N., J.B.S.
<i>Timbalan Menteri di Jabatan Premier (Undang-undang dan Adat Bumiputera)</i> | N.63 Bukit Goram |
| 37. | Yang Berhormat Datuk Michael Tiang Ming Tee
P.G.B.K., P.B.S.
<i>Timbalan Menteri Kesihatan Awam, Perumahan dan Kerajaan Tempatan (Kesihatan Awam dan Perumahan)</i> | N.54 Pelawan |
| 38. | Yang Berhormat Datuk Haji Ibrahim bin Haji Baki
P.G.B.K., A.B.S., J.B.S., P.S.B.S.
<i>Timbalan Menteri Utiliti (Sarawak Energy Berhad dan PETROS)</i> | N.8 Satok |
| 39. | Yang Berhormat Datuk Huang Tiong Sii
P.G.B.K., D.I.M.P., S.S.A.P. | N.45 Repok |
| 40. | Yang Berhormat Dato Fazzrudin bin Haji Abdul Rahman
P.S.B.S., J.B.K., P.B.S. | N.6 Tupong |
| 41. | Yang Berhormat Tan Sri William Mawan anak Ikom
P.S.M., P.N.B.S., P.G.B.K., A.M.N., P.B.S., P.P.D. (Emas) | N.47 Pakan |
| 42. | Yang Berhormat Datuk Mong anak Dagang
P.G.B.K., J.M.N., P.B.S., P.P.D., P.B.K., P.B.E. | N.31 Bukit Begunan |
| 43. | Yang Berhormat Dato Paulus Palu Gumbang
P.S.B.S., A.M.N., P.B.S., J.B.K., P.T.E. | N.80 Batu Danau |
| 44. | Yang Berhormat Dato Dennis Ngau
P.S.B.S., J.B.S., P.B.S., P.T.E., B.B.S. | N.77 Telang Usan |
| 45. | Yang Berhormat Dato Haji Razaili bin Haji Gapor
P.S.B.S., P.T.E., P.B.S. | N.29 Beting Maro |
| 46. | Yang Berhormat Encik Chong Chieng Jen | N.9 Padungan |
| 47. | Yang Berhormat Puan Violet Yong Wui Wui | N.10 Pending |
| 48. | Yang Berhormat Encik See Chee How | N.11 Batu Lintang |
| 49. | Yang Berhormat Datuk Ding Kuong Hiing
P.J.N., A.B.S. | N.46 Meradong |

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| 50. | Yang Berhormat Dato Ir. Lo Khare Chiang
P.S.B.S., B.B.S., J.B.K. | <i>N.13 Batu Kitang</i> |
| 51. | Yang Berhormat Dato Mohd Chee bin Kadir
P.S.B.S., A.B.S., P.B.S., P.J.P.N., J.B.S. | <i>N.40 Kabong</i> |
| 52. | Yang Berhormat Dato Miro anak Simuh
P.S.B.S., P.B.S. | <i>N.18 Serembu</i> |
| 53. | Yang Berhormat Dato Sri Wong Soon Koh
P.N.B.S., P.G.B.K., A.B.S., P.C.E. | <i>N.53 Bawang Assan</i> |
| 54. | Yang Berhormat Dato Rolland Duat anak Jubin
P.S.B.S. | <i>N.48 Meluan</i> |
| 55. | Yang Berhormat Encik Wilson Nyabong anak Ijang
A.M.N., K.M.N., J.B.S. | <i>N.61 Pelagus</i> |
| 56. | Yang Berhormat Encik John anak Ilus
P.B.S., A.P.S. | <i>N.23 Bukit Semuja</i> |
| 57. | Yang Berhormat Ir. Christopher Gira @ Gira anak Sambang
P.B.K. | <i>N.59 Tamin</i> |
| 58. | Yang Berhormat Encik Abdul Yakub bin Haji Arbi
B.B.S., A.B.S., K.M.N., J.B.K. | <i>N.58 Balingian</i> |
| 59. | Yang Berhormat Encik Safiee bin Haji Ahmad
J.B.K., P.P.B. | <i>N.43 Daro</i> |
| 60. | Yang Berhormat Encik Kennedy Chukpai Ugon
J.B.S., P.P.N., A.B.S. | <i>N.66 Murum</i> |
| 61. | Yang Berhormat Encik Allan Siden Gramong
P.B.S., A.B.S. | <i>N.50 Machan</i> |
| 62. | Yang Berhormat Datuk Hamzah bin Haji Brahim
A.M.N., P.M.W. | <i>N.17 Stakan</i> |
| 63. | Yang Berhormat Encik Adam Yii Siew Sang
A.B.S. | <i>N.74 Pujut</i> |
| 64. | Yang Berhormat Dr Simon Sinang @ Sinang anak Bada
J.B.K., A.B.S., P.B.S., K.M.N. | <i>N.21 Tebedu</i> |
| 65. | Yang Berhormat Encik Billy anak Sujang
P.B.S., P.P.B. | <i>N.1 Opar</i> |
| 66. | Yang Berhormat Encik Azizul Annuar bin Pehin Sri Haji Adenan
J.B.K., P.B.S. | <i>N.3 Tanjong Datu</i> |
| 67. | Yang Berhormat Encik Yap Yau Sin
P.B.S., K.M.N. | <i>N.12 Kota Sentosa</i> |
| 68. | Yang Berhormat Tuan Haji Mohamad bin Duri
P.B.K., A.B.S. | <i>N.38 Kalaka</i> |

69.	Yang Berhormat Encik Johnichal Rayong anak Ngipa J.B.S., P.T.E.	N.33 Engkilili
70.	Yang Berhormat Encik Baru Bian	N.81 Ba'Kelalan
71.	Yang Berhormat Encik Friday anak Belik A.B.K., P.P.S., P.P.B., P.B.K., P.P.C.	N.39 Krian
72.	Yang Berhormat Encik Anyi anak Jana P.B.K.	N.49 Ngemah
73.	Yang Berhormat Encik Chieng Jin Ek P.B.S.	N.51 Bukit Assek
74.	Yang Berhormat Encik Royston bin Valentine J.B.K., A.B.S.	N.57 Tellian
75.	Yang Berhormat Encik Lidam anak Assan P.B.S.	N.62 Katibas
76.	Yang Berhormat Encik Nicholas Kudi anak Jantai P.B.S.	N.64 Baleh
77.	Yang Berhormat Encik Johnny Pang Leong Ming P.B.S.	N.68 Tanjong Batu
78.	Yang Berhormat Encik Iskandar bin Turkee P.B.S.	N.67 Jepak

TIDAK HADIR

(Kebenaran di bawah Peraturan Mesyuarat 81)

Bil.	Nama	Konstituensi
1.	Yang Berhormat Datuk Amar Haji Awang Tengah bin Ali Hasan D.A., P.N.B.S., P.G.B.K., A.M.N. <i>Timbalan Premier Sarawak</i> <i>Menteri Sumber Asli dan Pembangunan Bandar Kedua</i> <i>Menteri Perdagangan Antarabangsa, Industri dan Pelaburan</i>	N.82 Bukit Sari
2.	Yang Berhormat Datuk Dr Haji Abdul Rahman bin Haji Ismail P.G.B.K., A.B.S., P.T.E. <i>Timbalan Menteri Industri Makanan, Komoditi & Pembangunan Wilayah (Industri Makanan)</i>	N.79 Bukit Kota
3.	Yang Berhormat Dato Sri Tiong King Sing P.J.N., P.N.B.S., D.P.M.K., D.P.M.K., S.S.S.A., D.S.S.A., J.P.	N.52 Dudong
4.	Yang Berhormat Puan Dayang Noorazah bte Awang Sohor P.B.S.	N.28 Lingga
5.	Yang Berhormat Encik Awla bin Dris P.B.S., A.B.S.	N.25 Simunjan

TURUT HADIR

1. Encik Nur Azhar bin Bujang
Setiausaha Dewan Undangan Negeri Sarawak

2. Encik Abang Mohammad Adib bin Abang Sallehadin
Pemangku Timbalan Setiausaha Dewan Undangan Negeri Sarawak
3. Inspektor Nelson anak Ensit
Bentara Mesyuarat
4. Inspektor Eldino Erick Joss
Bentara Mesyuarat
5. Encik Nizle anak Junep
Bentara Mesyuarat
6. Encik Muhaimin Naqib bin Narudin
Bentara Mesyuarat
7. Encik Bryan Hansen anak Wennedy
Bentara Mesyuarat
8. Encik Abang Mohd Azamuddin bin Abang Yahya
Bentara Mesyuarat

PETUGAS PERSIDANGAN

PEGAWAI UNDANG-UNDANG DAN PEMBACA PRUF

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. Encik Syed Rezif Afham bin Wan Alwi | <i>Jabatan Peguam Besar Negeri Sarawak</i> |
| 2. Encik Jemaury Ajerama anak Jemat | <i>Jabatan Peguam Besar Negeri Sarawak</i> |

PEMBACA PRUF

- | | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| 1. Puan Dorensi Dyonie Dominic | <i>Dewan Bahasa dan Pustaka Negeri Sarawak</i> |
| 2. Encik Shamsul Idzam Jamil | <i>Dewan Bahasa dan Pustaka Negeri Sarawak</i> |

JURUTRENGKAS

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. Puan Sharlina binti Mushar | <i>Pejabat Setiausaha Kewangan Negeri</i> |
| 2. Puan Malin anak Arit | <i>Pejabat Setiausaha Kewangan Negeri</i> |
| 3. Puan Nur Afizah binti Raduan | <i>Pejabat Setiausaha Kewangan Negeri</i> |
| 4. Puan Nurul Izza binti Jem | <i>Pejabat Peguam Besar Negeri Sarawak</i> |
| 5. Encik Mohd Alfadher bin Haji Tuah | <i>Pentadbiran Bahagian Kuching</i> |
| 6. Puan Norzazeeyana binti Nooriaman | <i>Jabatan Tanah dan Survei Sarawak</i> |
| 7. Puan Nurzatul Atikah binti Sahak | <i>Jabatan Kebajikan Masyarakat Sarawak</i> |
| 8. Puan Khalida binti Mohd Mahali | <i>Majlis Islam Sarawak</i> |
| 9. Puan Zuriawati binti Mohd Laili | <i>Pustaka Negeri Sarawak</i> |
| 10. Puan Mariadiba Naliza binti Marzuki | <i>Jabatan Agama Islam Sarawak</i> |
| 11. Puan Sabtuyah binti Adeng | <i>Perbadanan Pembangunan Perumahan</i> |
| 12. Puan Ratna Airwati binti Haji Md. Junaidi | <i>Perbadanan Pembangunan Perumahan</i> |
| 13. Puan Meri anak Sabas | <i>Universiti Malaysia Sarawak</i> |
| 14. Puan Noorina binti Hamdan | <i>Universiti Malaysia Sarawak</i> |
| 15. Puan Bernadette Willon | <i>Mahkamah Negeri Sarawak</i> |
| 16. Puan Beatrice Dinus | <i>Hospital Umum Sarawak</i> |
| 17. Puan Sylvia anak Chichik | <i>Jabatan Kastam Diraja Malaysia Sarawak</i> |
| 18. Puan Nur Izzatul Fatimah Abdullah | <i>Kementerian Belia, Sukan dan Pembangunan Usahawan Sarawak</i> |
| 19. Puan Siti Noraisah Amalina binti Kaderi | <i>Kementerian Belia, Sukan dan Pembangunan Usahawan Sarawak</i> |
| 20. Puan Noor Afifah binti Bahaudin | <i>Kementerian Utiliti dan Telekomunikasi Sarawak</i> |
| 21. Puan Rosline anak Dominic Maon | <i>Kementerian Pendidikan, Inovasi dan Pembangunan Bakat Sarawak</i> |
| 22. Puan Emely anak Edmund Beatie | <i>Suruhanjaya Pencegahan Rasuah Malaysia Cawangan Sarawak</i> |
| 23. Puan Juliana Lugom | <i>Perbadanan Pembangunan Ekonomi Sarawak</i> |

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| 24. | Puan Anieta Sylvester Pungga | <i>Perbadanan Pembangunan Ekonomi Sarawak</i> |
| 25. | Puan Dayang Duraiza binti Awang Jangka | <i>Lembaga Sumber Asli dan Alam Sekitar Sarawak</i> |
| 26. | Puan Margaret anak Francis Bohui | <i>Lembaga Penyatuan dan Pemulihan Tanah Sarawak</i> |
| 27. | Puan Siti Aisyah binti Abdullah @ Rosemary Langub | <i>Perbadanan Kemajuan Perusahaan Kayu Sarawak</i> |
| 28. | Puan Lilian Bian | <i>Pihak Berkuasa Penerbangan Awam Malaysia (CAAM)</i> |

JURURAKAM PERSIDANGAN

- | | | |
|----|--|----------------------------------|
| 1. | Puan Nordiana binti Rabae | <i>Jabatan Penyiaran Sarawak</i> |
| 2. | Encik Vong Choon Chan | <i>Jabatan Penyiaran Sarawak</i> |
| 3. | Puan Siti Nazilafatullaini binti Sukri | <i>Jabatan Penyiaran Sarawak</i> |
| 4. | Encik Lee Chang Fu | <i>Jabatan Penyiaran Sarawak</i> |
| 5. | Encik Shaharuddin bin Abdul Ra'afup | <i>Jabatan Penyiaran Sarawak</i> |

JURUCETAK

- | | | |
|----|-----------------------------------|--|
| 1. | Encik Mohd Nor Majidi bin Marekan | <i>Percetakan Nasional Malaysia Berhad</i> |
| 2. | Encik Gabriel anak Jimmy | <i>Percetakan Nasional Malaysia Berhad</i> |

JURUTEKNIK IT

- | | | |
|----|-------------------------------------|--------------|
| 1. | Encik Abang Hasmadi bin Abang Wahab | <i>SAINS</i> |
| 2. | Encik Mohamad Fadzly bin Arfan | <i>SAINS</i> |
| 3. | Puan Zuraidah binti Zaidi | <i>SAINS</i> |
| 4. | Encik Peter Pui Chee Ce | <i>SAINS</i> |
| 5. | Encik Abd Rahman bin Belimi | <i>SAINS</i> |
| 6. | Encik Izzat Luqman bin Hasli | <i>SAINS</i> |

MESSENGER

- | | | |
|----|--|---|
| 1. | Encik Shah Riwandy Sia bin Ridzuan | <i>Jabatan Pertanian Sarawak</i> |
| 2. | Encik Mohammad Zaidi bin Rambli | <i>Jabatan Pertanian Sarawak</i> |
| 3. | Encik Lawrence Encharang | <i>Jabatan Pertanian Sarawak</i> |
| 4. | Encik Moksen bin Sion | <i>Jabatan Agama Islam Sarawak</i> |
| 5. | Encik Mohamed Nazeerudin bin Gulam Mohamed | <i>Kementerian Industri Makanan, Komoditi dan Pembangunan Wilayah Sarawak</i> |
| 6. | Encik Andy anak John | <i>Kementerian Industri Makanan, Komoditi dan Pembangunan Wilayah Sarawak</i> |
| 7. | Encik Fadillah bin Lokman | <i>Jabatan Tanah dan Survei Bahagian Kuching</i> |
| 8. | Encik Addison anak Fredrick | <i>Jabatan Tanah dan Survei Bahagian Kuching</i> |

SEKRETARIAT PERSIDANGAN DEWAN UNDANGAN NEGERI SARAWAK

1. Tuan Haji Abang Zaabar bin Abang Ballia
2. Cik Noria binti Suut
3. Puan Nur Azira binti Abdul Kadir
4. Encik Nurkhairudin bin Osen
5. Puan Rabiah binti Abdul Kadir
6. Cik Genang anak Timbung
7. Puan Siti Norhiza binti Mohammad Yusri
8. Puan Hanisah Abdullah
9. Cik Siti Halimah binti Mohamad Nawawi
10. Puan Hasfarini binti Hassim
11. Cik Nurhaffizah Abdullah
12. Puan Natasha Nadia binti Mohd. Saidi

13. Puan Angela Lisa anak Mathew Linol
14. Encik Felix Aaron anak Michael
15. Puan Calista Abbie anak Sapa @ Patrick Sapa
16. Cik Sharina binti Sopian
17. Puan Patricia anak Peter
18. Encik Awang Mohammad Asyrul Jaya bin Awang Putra
19. Puan Patricia anak Peter
20. Puan Norziana binti Haji Ahmad
21. Encik Mohd Hasfia bin Abdullah
22. Puan Nur Eliana Abdullah
23. Puan Tracy Lyana anak Bana
24. Encik Muhammad Elliyas bin Matali
25. Encik Mohd Zulkhairi bin Mohammad Hejemi
26. Puan Dayang Nazira binti Abang Martaza
27. Puan Jasmine Sinja anak Robinson
28. Puan Dayang Noorazilla binti Jasni
29. Cik Parcelia Renyelia anak Pamg
30. Cik Nur Zafirah binti Affendy Michael
31. Puan Deidre anak Wilson
32. Cik Siti Nur Marsitah binti Abdullah
33. Puan Nur Amira Lystiani binti Poniman
34. Encik Razali bin Awi
35. Puan Nora binti Atem
36. Encik Zahari bin Bolhi
37. Encik Lukas Jammay anak Kated
38. Encik Ruzaimy bin Muhammad
39. Encik Hazrin Syah bin Hamzah
40. Encik Salman bin Jaya
41. Encik Alwie bin Haji Ali
42. Encik Romzi bin Bujang
43. Encik Musa bin Julai
44. Cik Hawa binti Morsad
45. Puan Suraya binti Hamden
46. Puan Noraisah binti Ahmad
47. Cik Siti Zalilah binti Samsawi
48. Encik Iz Mohd. Haiqal Hakeem bin Mahamud

PELAJAR PRAKTIKAL

1. Cik Anya Qhawiema binti Effendy
2. Encik Mohd. Aidil Farhan

(Mesyuarat dimulakan pada pukul 9.04 pagi)

[Tuan Speaker mempengerusikan Mesyuarat]

DOA

PEMASYHURAN DARIPADA TUAN SPEAKER

Tuan Speaker: Bismillahirrahmanirrahim. Assalamualaikum Warrahmatullahi Wabarakatuh. Selamat pagi dan Salam sejahtera. Ahli-ahli Yang Berhormat, I have granted leave of absence under Standing Order 81 to Yang Berhormat Puan Dayang Noorazah bte Haji Awang Sohor, Honourable Member for N.28 Lingga for today's sitting until 3rd December 2025.

PERTANYAAN-PERTANYAAN BAGI JAWAPAN-JAWAPAN LISAN

Tuan Speaker: Ahli Yang Berhormat Dato Mohd Chee bin Kadir, Kabong.

YB Dato Mohd Chee bin Kadir: Terima kasih, Tuan Speaker.

*P. Ramlee pelakon filem enam jahanam,
Tuan Speaker, soalan saya nombor enam puluh enam.*

(66) YB Dato Mohd Chee bin Kadir bertanya kepada Premier Sarawak. Berapakah jumlah keseluruhan rakyat Sarawak yang tergolong dalam kategori miskin tegar (*hardcore poor*) berdasarkan data terkini? Daripada jumlah tersebut, berapakah bilangan isi rumah miskin tegar yang berada di kawasan N.40 Kabong?

Timbalan Menteri Pembangunan Wanita, Kanak-kanak dan Kesejahteraan Komuniti (Kesejahteraan Komuniti) (YB Datuk Ricky @ Mohammad Razi bin Sitam): Terima kasih, Tuan Speaker. Terima kasih Yang Berhormat bagi DUN N.40 Kabong.

*Bumi Sarawak penuh keindahan,
Rakyatnya baik bersatu hati;
Pertanyaan Yang Berhormat tanda keprihatinan,
Cerminan pemimpin yang berkualiti.*

Miskin Tegar di DUN N.40 Kabong

Tuan Speaker, untuk makluman Ahli Yang Berhormat bagi Kabong, mengikut statistik kemiskinan eKasih sehingga 1 Oktober 2025, tiada isi rumah dalam kategori miskin tegar di Sarawak mahupun di daerah Kabong. Ini berdasarkan Pendapatan Garis Kemiskinan (PGK) Miskin Tegar 2022, iaitu RM1,298 sebulan. Walau bagaimanapun, bagi kategori jumlah penduduk miskin di daerah Kabong, ini ada perbezaan antara miskin tegar dengan miskin sahaja. Mengikut statistik kemiskinan eKasih sehingga 1 Oktober 2025, sejumlah 726 Ketua Isi Rumah dalam kategori miskin di Daerah Kabong. Ini berdasarkan Pendapatan Garis Kemiskinan (PGK) Miskin 2022, iaitu RM2,618 sebulan. Terima kasih.

YB Dato Mohd Chee bin Kadir (Soalan Tambahan): Terima kasih, Yang Berhormat Timbalan Menteri atas jawapan tadi. Tuan Speaker, saya ada dua soalan tambahan:

- (a) Apakah inisiatif Kerajaan Sarawak menangani isu kemiskinan khususnya di DUN Kabong?
- (b) Apakah statistik kemiskinan eKasih yang terkini bagi Sarawak mengikut bahagian dan daerah?

Terima kasih.

Timbalan Menteri Pembangunan Wanita, Kanak-kanak dan Kesejahteraan Komuniti (Kesejahteraan Komuniti) (YB Datuk Ricky @ Mohammad Razi bin Sitam): Terima kasih, Tuan Speaker. Terima kasih, Yang Berhormat bagi DUN N.30 Kabong.

Kerajaan Sarawak sedang melaksanakan pelbagai program untuk membantu golongan berpendapatan rendah dan rentan termasuk di DUN Kabong. Antaranya adalah seperti berikut:

- (a) Bantuan tunai seperti Sumbangan Keperluan Asas Sarawak (SKAS), *Endowment Fund Sarawak*, Bantuan Ibu Bersalin, Bantuan Kanak-kanak, Bantuan Warga Emas dan Bantuan Ketua Isi Rumah Wanita Sarawak;
- (b) Bantuan keusahawanan seperti Geran Usahawan Wellbest, Geran Agropreneur Muda dan Skim Kredit Mikro Sarawak;
- (c) Bantuan peralatan bagi aktiviti peningkatan pendapatan seperti *Low Income Family Empowerment*;
- (d) Latihan kemahiran untuk meningkatkan kebolehpasaran individu;
- (e) Bantuan perubatan seperti bantuan alat ortopedik atau alat sokongan, bantuan perubatan dan bantuan khas pesakit buah pinggang;
- (f) Bantuan pertanian seperti program pembangunan pelbagai tanaman lada, rumbia, getah, kelapa sawit, kelapa, buah-buahan, sayur-sayuran dan tanaman kontan, serta program pembangunan komuniti;
- (g) Bantuan perumahan seperti Program Penambahbaikan Rumah Rakyat Miskin Sarawak dan Skim Bantuan Deposit Perumahan Sarawak; dan
- (h) Bantuan pendidikan seperti bantuan sekolah, Program Bantuan Pakaian Seragam Sekolah, Perkhidmatan Pengangkutan Percuma Pelajar Sekolah, dan Program Tuisyen Sekolah Menengah untuk pelajar SPM.

Untuk menjawab soalan tambahan yang kedua, kita di Malaysia di bawah Kerajaan Persekutuan, ada satu sistem dipanggil sebagai sistem eKasih untuk mengumpul data kemiskinan di seluruh Malaysia. Jadi, sistem eKasih ialah pangkalan data kemiskinan nasional yang dibangunkan oleh Unit Penyelarasan Pelaksanaan, Jabatan Perdana Menteri. Ia diwujudkan bagi membantu merancang, melaksana, dan memantau program pembasmian kemiskinan. Sistem eKasih ini merupakan bank data yang mengandungi maklumat mengenai kemiskinan bermula daripada profil individu, program bantuan yang diterima oleh ketua isi rumah dan ahli isi rumah daripada agensi pemberi bantuan sehingga permohonan bantuan dan pemantauan keberkesanan program bantuan yang diterima.

Komponen data eKasih terdiri daripada maklumat asas, maklumat lokasi kediaman, pendidikan, kemahiran dan pekerjaan, pemilikan harta, kesihatan, pendapatan serta bantuan. Jadi, untuk lebih *detail*, statistik kemiskinan eKasih yang terkini bagi negeri Sarawak mengikut bahagian dan daerah sehingga 1 Oktober 2025 tahun ini, saya kongsi secara ringkasnya.

Untuk bahagian Kuching yang terdiri daripada Kuching, Bau, Lundu, tidak ada miskin tegar. Secara keseluruhannya, tidak ada kategori miskin tegar di seluruh Sarawak, tetapi kita ada kategori miskin, iaitu di Kuching, kita ada 5,363 kategori miskin. Bahagian Samarahan pula yang terdiri daripada Asajaya, Samarahan, Simunjan, Sebuyau, dan Gedong, kita ada 3,613 kategori miskin. Bahagian Serian yang terdiri daripada Serian, Tebedu, dan Siburan, kita ada 2,812 kategori miskin. Manakala, bahagian Sri Aman yang terdiri daripada Lubok Antu, daerah Sri Aman, daerah Pantu, dan daerah Lingga, kita ada 1,393 kategori miskin. Manakala, Betong yang terdiri daripada daerah Betong, Kabong, Pusa, dan Saratok, kita ada 2,711 kategori miskin. Manakala, bahagian Sarikei yang terdiri daripada Julau, Meradong, Pakan, dan Sarikei mempunyai 1,790 kategori miskin. Bahagian Sibu yang terdiri daripada Kanowit, Selangau dan Sibu mempunyai 2,954 kategori miskin. Bahagian Mukah yang terdiri daripada Dalat, Daro, Matu, Mukah, dan Tanjung Manis dengan jumlah kategori miskin sebanyak 5,001, dan bahagian Kapit pula yang mempunyai Belaga, Bukit Mabong, Kapit, dan Song mempunyai 3,796 kategori miskin. Bahagian Bintulu terdiri daripada Bintulu, Sebauh, dan Tatau mempunyai 825 kategori miskin, dan Miri yang terdiri daripada daerah Beluru, Marudi, Miri, Subis, dan Telang Usan dengan jumlah kategori miskinnya 1,004. Dan akhir sekali,

bahagian Limbang yang terdiri daripada Lawas, dan Limbang dengan kategori miskinnya 772. Jadi, *total* keseluruhan untuk Sarawak adalah 32,430 kategori miskin. Terima kasih.

Tuan Speaker: Yang Berhormat Encik Adam Yii Siew Sang, Pujut.

YB Encik Adam Yii Siew Sang: *Terima kasih, Tuan Speaker, my question is number 67.*

School CCTV Installation

(67) YB Encik Adam Yii Siew Sang to ask the Minister for Education, Innovation and Talent Development: On the RM8 million allocated for school CCTV installation nationwide to curb bullying and enhance student safety:

- (a) How much allocation has been channeled to Sarawak?
- (b) How many schools in Sarawak are involved?
- (c) What further actions/plans taken by Ministry to complement this effort?

Timbalan Menteri Pendidikan, Inovasi dan Pembangunan Bakat (Pembangunan Bakat) (YB Datuk Francis Harden anak Hollis): Terima kasih, Tuan Speaker. For the information of Honourable Member for Pujut, the Sarawak State Education Department (JPNS) has been allocated RM270,000 for the installation of CCTV systems in 18 schools. Each school will receive RM15,000.

The State Education Department (JPNS) will submit an application to the Ministry of Education (KPM) for the additional financial allocation to support the procurement and expansion of CCTV installation. This initiative aims to enhance the safety and monitoring system within the school under JPNS's jurisdiction.

YB Encik Adam Yii Siew Sang (*Supplementary Question*): Thank you, Tuan Speaker. I have two supplementary questions.

- (a) What are the criteria of the chosen schools for the installation of CCTV?
- (b) What are the names of the 18 schools that have been installed with CCTV in Sarawak?

Thank you.

Timbalan Menteri Pendidikan, Inovasi dan Pembangunan Bakat (Pembangunan Bakat) (YB Datuk Francis Harden anak Hollis): Thank you Tuan Speaker. To answer supplementary questions. First supplementary question.

The schools selected for CCTV installation are determined based on the criteria that includes boarding house within school, secondary schools as well as geographical factors. This is to ensure a more strategic and equitable rollout of the CCTV installation.

To answer supplementary question number two. The 18 schools involved and selected with the CCTV installation in Sarawak are as follows:

- (a) 17 secondary schools and one primary school. The 18 schools involved are:
 - (i) SMK Agama Saratok
 - (ii) SMK Agama Miri
 - (iii) SMK Agama Igan
 - (iv) SMK Agama Matang No. 2
 - (v) SMK Agama Sibu (S)
 - (vi) SM Sains Kuching
 - (vii) SM Sains Miri
 - (viii) Kolej Vokasional Bintulu

- (ix) SMK Semop
- (x) Kolej Datuk Patinggi Abang Haji Abdillah
- (xi) SMK Mukah
- (xii) SMK Kapit
- (xiii) SMK Sri Matang
- (xiv) SMK Sadong Jaya
- (xv) SK Nanga Antaroh
- (xvi) SMK Three Rivers
- (xvii) SMK Suai
- (xviii) SMK Tatau

The Jabatan Pelajaran Negeri Sarawak will apply to the Ministry of Education for additional financial allocation to support the expansion of CCTV installation to other schools in the years to come. Thank you.

Tuan Speaker: Yang Berhormat Encik Friday anak Belik, Krian.

YB Encik Friday anak Belik: Terima kasih, Tuan Speaker.

Tourism Task Group (TTG)

(68) YB Encik Friday anak Belik bertanya kepada Menteri Pelancongan, Industri Kreatif dan Seni Persembahan: Apakah kerajaan mempunyai perancangan untuk mempertingkatkan dan memperkasakan *Tourism Task Group* (TTG) di setiap bahagian supaya berperanan lebih agresif dan berkesan sebagai penggerak utama dalam memacu inisiatif sektor pelancongan di Sarawak? Berapakah peruntukan tahunan yang disalurkan kepada TTG di setiap bahagian?

Timbalan Menteri Pelancongan, Industri Kreatif dan Seni Persembahan (Pelancongan) (YB Datuk Sebastian Ting Chiew Yew): Thank you, Tuan Speaker and thank you for the question by the Honourable Member for Krian.

Before I answer the question, I would like to take this opportunity to congratulate Tuan Speaker on your re-appointment as the Sarawak State Legislative Assembly Speaker for the 10th term, a remarkable personal achievement that makes Tan Sri the longest serving legislative Speaker in Malaysia and Commonwealth. Congratulations Tan Sri.

At the same time, I also would like to extend my heartfelt congratulations to the Right Honourable Premier, Yang Amat Berhormat Datuk Patinggi Tan Sri (Dr) Abang Haji Abdul Rahman Zohari bin Tun Datuk Abang Haji Openg for being conferred the Order of the Rising Sun, Gold and Silver Star by His Majesty the Emperor of Japan. This prestigious honour is a testament to our YAB Premier's exceptional contributions in strengthening regional corporation and fostering future understanding between Japan and Sarawak, Malaysia.

Now the answer to question. For the information of the Honourable Member for Krian, the Sarawak Government recognises the important role of the Tourism Task Group (TTG) as a key driver at the grassroots level to ensure wider economic participation, inclusivity, and sustainable tourism development across all divisions.

The TTG is chaired by the respective Resident of each Division and comprises representatives from various government agencies, industry players, and local communities. Through the TTG platform, industry players and stakeholders are given the opportunity to highlight and address pertinent issues and challenges faced by the tourism sector at the Divisional level. As such, the TTG has become an effective mechanism for discussion, coordination, and resolution of local tourism matters.

The Resident, in his capacity or her capacity as Chairman of the Divisional Tourism Task Group (DTTG), also serves as a member of the Sarawak Tourism Coordination Committee (STCC), which is chaired by the Deputy Minister for Tourism, Creative Industry and Performing Arts (Tourism) Sarawak. This committee, which includes representatives from various state and federal agencies, industry players, universities, NGOs, and local communities, convenes three times a year and serves as the state-level platform for deliberating and resolving matters related to tourism development.

Tuan Speaker, meetings are held on a rotational basis across all divisions in Sarawak. During these sessions, the resident provides updates on tourism initiatives and presents issues that cannot be resolved at the DTTG level. Through this platform, all identified challenges are addressed in consultation with the relevant state and federal authorities who are also members of the STCC.

The government, through the Ministry of Tourism, Creative Industry and Performing Arts Sarawak (MTCP), has undertaken several initiatives to strengthen the TTG. Among others, my ministry supports and promotes Divisional Signature Events, which are incorporated into the annual Sarawak Calendar of Events. Certain signature events have also been registered with Intellectual Property (IP) protection to safeguard their authenticity and ensure that these events remain uniquely associated with Sarawak.

From time to time, TTG Chairmen are also invited to join the ministry's delegation to participate in major international tourism events such as, Internationale Tourismus-Börse Berlin (ITB Berlin) and the World Travel Market London (WTM). Their participation and exposure on the international stage provide valuable insights and new ideas that contribute to enhancing tourism infrastructure and product development at the divisional level.

In addition, my ministry has increased the TTG annual grant from RM5,000 to RM10,000 to further support the planning and facilitation of local tourism-related programmes, events, and activities. Thank you.

YB Encik Friday anak Belik (Soalan Tambahan): Terima kasih, Tuan Speaker. Terima kasih kepada Yang Berhormat Timbalan Menteri atas jawapan. A lengthy and comprehensive answer. Saya ada dua soalan tambahan, Tuan Speaker.

- (a) What is the role of Divisional TTG in accelerating the growth of tourism sector at Divisional level?
- (b) What is the ministry strategy to ensure TTG are aware about protecting Sarawak significant event?

Thank you.

Timbalan Menteri Pelancongan, Industri Kreatif dan Seni Persembahan (Pelancongan) (YB Datuk Sebastian Ting Chiew Yew): Thank you, Tuan Speaker and thank you, Honourable Member for Krian for two questions.

My answer for the first question is, the Divisional Tourism Task Group (DTTG) serves as a platform that adopts a bottom-up approach to coordinate tourism product development and the implementation of related infrastructure projects. It also plays a key role in identifying and planning significant events that can attract visitors to the respective divisions.

Through this approach, the ministry is also to plan and implement tourism programmes and projects more effectively, ensuring they align with the specific needs and priorities of each division. The DTTG also enables the ministry to address unique local challenges based on direct input from stakeholders on the ground.

Answer to question number two. To safeguard Sarawak's ownership of its significant events and to enhance awareness among the Divisional Tourism Task Groups (DTTGs), the Ministry adopts a strategy centred on education and intellectual property (IP) protection.

The ministry also ensures that the DTTGs understand the importance of each an event copyright and IP by continuing to organise regular briefing sessions. These sessions provide essential knowledge on various aspects of intellectual property, including copyright, trademarks, geographical indications, and the protection of traditional cultural expressions. Through this approach, the DTTGs are better equipped to protect the State's unique culture, heritage, and signature events effectively. Thank you.

Tuan Speaker: Yang Berhormat Encik Lidam anak Assan, Katibas.

YB Encik Lidam anak Assan: Terima kasih, Tuan Speaker.

Sarawak Entitlement as per MA63

(69) YB Encik Lidam anak Assan to ask the Premier of Sarawak: When Sabah was given 40% by the court, naturally Sarawakian asked what about Sarawak entitlement as per MA63?

Timbalan Menteri di Jabatan Premier (Undang-undang, MA63 dan Hubungan Negeri-Persekutuan) (YB Datuk Hajah Sharifah Hasidah binti Sayeed Aman Ghazali): Terima kasih, Tuan Speaker dan Yang Berhormat bagi Katibas.

For the information of the Honourable Member for Katibas, the Sarawak Government welcomes the High Court's decision in Kota Kinabalu affirming Sabah's entitlement to the 40% revenue share and the review of special grants. For the information of Ahli Yang Berhormat bagi Katibas and the Dewan, there is express provision in the constitution on the 40% entitlement to Sabah not to Sarawak. That is in Article 112C in the 10th Schedule of the Constitution. There is no such express provision for Sarawak. Even though the ruling applies specifically to Sabah, the principle behind the ruling is important. The principle is this: the Federal Government has a constitutional duty to fulfil its financial obligations to Sabah and Sarawak, and these duties are subject to judicial scrutiny to ensure they are properly fulfilled.

While Sabah's situation is unique, both Sabah and Sarawak are guaranteed financial reviews every five years pursuant to Article 112D of the Federal Constitution. The court's findings reinforce the expectation that such reviews must be conducted properly, promptly, transparently, and in good faith. Sarawak's position is that the Special Grant to Sarawak should be based on a fair, consistent, and clearly defined formula.

This court decision marks a meaningful step forward toward ensuring fairness and accountability in the Federal Government's financial obligations. Sarawak remains steadfast in protecting our constitutional right and we will continue engaging the Federal Government under the framework of Malaysia Agreement 63. Terima kasih.

YB Encik Lidam anak Assan (Supplementary Questions): Terima kasih, Tuan Speaker and thank you, Deputy Minister. I have two supplementary questions.

- (a) What is the status on Sarawak Government negotiation with the Federal Government over Special Grant?
- (b) What is the Sarawak Government effort regarding the unresolve MA63 issues? Thank you.

Timbalan Menteri di Jabatan Premier (Undang-Undang, MA63 dan Hubungan Negeri-Persekutuan) (YB Datuk Hajah Sharifah Hasidah binti Sayeed Aman Ghazali): Terima kasih, Yang Berhormat for Katibas.

Tuan Speaker, as I have mentioned and maybe have been known by many of us here. The negotiations between the Sarawak Government and the Federal Government on the Special Grant are still ongoing. We have submitted our formula for the review of the Special Grant considerable progress has been made in terms of engagement, with technical discussion, consultations with the Federal Government conducted to so as to refine the proposal under Article 112D of the Federal Government.

I repeat here, that as part of our ongoing efforts, the Federal Government has agreed, as an interim measure, to increase the Special Grant from RM300 million in 2024 to RM600 million starting from 2025 for over the next five years. Well, we are thankful for this. The Sarawak Government continues to advocate for the finalise formula that is fair, that is transparent, as reflective of Sarawak's contribution to the nation. True, we will continue through our dialogue, our consultations and negotiation with the Federal Government. All these will be undertaken by the State Financial Secretary. Thank you.

And for the second answer for the supplementary question no. 2, as I have mentioned again always before Sarawak Government continues to treat all unresolved MA63 issues with utmost important. I will approach a systematic focusing not only on the substance of each matter but also ensuring that discussion with the Federal Government are structured, constructive and result oriented. Discussions are done at all levels. From the lowest working committee, technical committee to the highest-level making decision. Our teams are actively engage in as I said negotiation, policy planning and inter-governmental discussion to ensure that all outstanding matters are addressed comprehensively. Terima kasih.

Tuan Speaker: Yang Berhormat Encik John anak Ilus, Bukit Semuja.

YB Encik John anak Ilus: Selamat pagi dan Salam sejahtera. Terima kasih, Tuan Speaker.

Federal Lands Commissioner (FLC)

(70) YB Encik John anak Ilus bertanya kepada Menteri Sumber Asli dan Pembangunan Bandar: Berapakah lot-lot dan saiz tanah yang diguna pakai oleh Federal Lands Commissioner (FLC) yang telah dikembalikan kepada Kerajaan Sarawak dan apakah perancangan seterusnya ke atas lot-lot tanah tersebut?

Timbalan Menteri Perancangan Bandar, Pentadbiran Tanah dan Alam Sekitar (YB Datuk Haji Len Talif Salleh): Terima kasih, Tuan Speaker dan terima kasih, Yang Berhormat bagi Bukit Semuja dari hal perlembagaan kita pindah ke perkara hal tanah.

Untuk makluman Ahli Yang Berhormat bagi Bukit Semuja, setakat ini sebanyak 64 lot tanah milik *Federal Lands Commissioner (FLC)* dengan jumlah keluasan 62.9 hektar ataupun 155 ekar telah diserahkan balik kepada Kerajaan Sarawak. Kesemua tanah tersebut telah didaftar sebagai tanah Kerajaan Sarawak pada 1 April 2024 dan 14 November 2025.

Dari segi perancangan, Kerajaan Sarawak akan memastikan tanah tersebut diguna untuk pembangunan selaras dengan keperluan semasa di kawasan berkenaan. Terima kasih.

YB Encik John anak Ilus (Soalan Tambahan): Terima kasih, Tuan Speaker, terima kasih kepada Timbalan Menteri atas jawapan yang sangat terang tadi. Namun demikian, saya ada dua soalan tambahan.

- (a) Apakah faktor-faktor utama yang menyebabkan tanah milik *Federal Land Commissioner (FLC)* tidak dibangunkan sehingga kini?
- (b) Adakah terdapat tanah FLC yang diserahkan kepada Kerajaan setakat ini di dalam kawasan DUN Bukit Semuja?

Timbalan Menteri Perancangan Bandar, Pentadbiran Tanah dan Alam Sekitar (YB Datuk Haji Len Talif Salleh): Terima kasih sekali lagi Tuan Speaker dan terima kasih Yang Berhormat bagi Bukit Semuja untuk kedua-dua soalan tambahan.

Pertama, antara faktor-faktor yang menyebabkan tanah milik FLC tidak dibangunkan adalah seperti berikut. Dua faktor:

- (a) Tiada dana ataupun peruntukan yang diluluskan oleh Kerajaan Persekutuan untuk pembangunan atas tanah; dan
- (b) Terdapat tanah lain telah dibangunkan untuk tujuan yang sama di sekitar lokasi tersebut.

Untuk soalan kedua, daripada 64 bidang tanah yang telah diserahkan kepada Kerajaan Sarawak, terdapat satu sahaja bidang tanah yang terletak di dalam kawasan DUN Bukit Semuja iaitu Lot 877 Blok 9 Melikin Land District yang telah diberi milik kepada FLC pada 28 Februari 1974, 51 tahun yang lalu bagi kegunaan klinik kesihatan, *sampai kinek tuk belum ada lagi*. Terima kasih.

Tuan Speaker: Yang Berhormat Encik Wilson Nyabong anak Ijang, Pelagus.

YB Encik Wilson Nyabong anak Ijang: Terima kasih, Tuan Speaker.

Pasukan Penyelenggaraan Sarawak Energy Berhad (SEB)

(71) YB Encik Wilson Nyabong anak Ijang bertanya kepada Menteri Utiliti dan Telekomunikasi: Adakah pihak SESCO atau Sarawak Energy Berhad (SEB) mempunyai pasukan penyelenggaraan atau teknikal khas yang bertanggungjawab untuk bertindak segera bagi memulihkan semula bekalan kuasa ke rumah panjang yang terjejas akibat kerosakan sistem solar khususnya ke rumah-rumah panjang di bahagian Kapit?

Timbalan Menteri Utiliti (Sarawak Energy Berhad dan PETROS) (YB Datuk Haji Ibrahim bin Haji Baki): Very good morning. Terima kasih, Tuan Speaker dan terima kasih kepada Yang Berhormat Pelagus. Jawapan soalan yang dikemukakan oleh Yang Berhormat Pelagus, untuk makluman Ahli Yang Berhormat bagi Pelagus, Sarawak Energy mempunyai *Unit Off-Grid Operation (OGO)* di Kapit yang sentiasa bersedia untuk membaiki sistem solar tersebut sekiranya berlaku kerosakan. Selain itu, kerja-kerja penyelenggaraan juga dilaksanakan secara berkala untuk memastikan sistem tersebut berfungsi dengan baik. Terima kasih.

YB Encik Wilson Nyabong anak Ijang (Soalan Tambahan): Terima kasih. Tuan Speaker, saya ada dua soalan tambahan.

- (a) Apakah cabaran yang dihadapi oleh SEB dalam melaksanakan penyelenggaraan sistem solar di rumah-rumah panjang?
- (b) Apakah skop kerja utama dilakukan dalam penyelenggaraan sistem solar yang banyak di kawasan luar bandar?

Terima kasih.

Timbalan Menteri Utiliti (Sarawak Energy Berhad dan PETROS) (YB Datuk Haji Ibrahim bin Haji Baki): Terima kasih, Yang Berhormat Pelagus di atas dua soalan tambahan.

Tuan Speaker, bagi soalan nombor 1, jawapannya ialah cabaran utama dalam pelaksanaan penyelenggaraan sistem solar di rumah-rumah panjang adalah kerana kedudukan lokasi yang terpencil dan susah diakses.

Bagi soalan kedua, skop kerja utama yang dilakukan merangkumi pemeriksaan, pengujian dan penyelenggaraan solar panel PV, bateri, inverter, pendawaian, struktur panel serta talian atas bekalan elektrik. Terima kasih.

Tuan Speaker: Yang Berhormat Dato Palu @ Paulus anak Gumbang, Batu Danau.

YB Dato Palu @ Paulus anak Gumbang: Terima kasih, Tuan Speaker. Sebelum saya mengemukakan soalan, saya ingin mengambil kesempatan ini untuk mengalu-alukan 30 orang pelawat dari kawasan Batu Danau yang kini berada di galeri awam.

Single Port Authority

(72) YB Dato Palu @ Paulus anak Gumbang bertanya kepada Menteri Infrastruktur dan Pembangunan Pelabuhan: Bilakah pengoperasian “*Single Port Authority*” dilaksanakan sepenuhnya?

Timbalan Menteri Infrastruktur dan Pembangunan Pelabuhan (Pembangunan Pelabuhan) (YB Datuk Majang anak Renggi): Terima kasih, Tuan Speaker. Terima kasih, Ahli Yang Berhormat bagi Batu Danau. Untuk makluman Ahli Yang Berhormat bagi Batu Danau, merujuk kepada *Sarawak Ports Authority Ordinance, 2024*, semua lembaga pelabuhan di Sarawak diselaraskan secara bersepadu di bawah satu badan kawal selia tunggal iaitu *Sarawak Ports Authority*.

Pada masa ini, Kerajaan Sarawak melalui Kementerian Infrastruktur dan Pembangunan Pelabuhan telah menubuhkan sebuah *Task Force* yang bertanggungjawab menyediakan kerangka pentadbiran dan pengurusan bagi pelaksanaan Sarawak Ports Authority. Sarawak Ports Authority dijangka akan memulakan operasinya pada suku kedua tahun 2026.

YB Dato Palu @ Paulus anak Gumbang (Soalan Tambahan): Terima kasih, Tuan Speaker. Terima kasih, Yang Berhormat Timbalan Menteri. Saya ada dua soalan tambahan.

- (a) Bagaimanakah proses penyatuan Lembaga-lembaga Pelabuhan di bawah Sarawak Port Authority ini nanti?; dan
- (b) Adakah kakitangan Lembaga-lembaga Pelabuhan yang sedia ada akan diserapkan ke dalam Port Authority? Terima kasih.

Timbalan Menteri Infrastruktur dan Pembangunan Pelabuhan (Pembangunan Pelabuhan) (YB Datuk Majang anak Renggi): Terima kasih, Ahli Yang Berhormat bagi Batu Danau atas dua soalan tambahan. Untuk makluman Ahli Yang Berhormat bagi Batu Danau, proses untuk menyatukan kawal selia Lembaga-lembaga Pelabuhan ini akan dilaksanakan secara berperingkat melalui tiga fasa, iaitu fasa interim, fasa pengkorporatan dan juga fasa penswastaan.

Dalam fasa interim, proses ini melibatkan pemindahan kawal selia daripada lembaga-lembaga pelabuhan sedia ada kepada Sarawak Ports Authority seperti yang termaktub dalam *Sarawak Ports Authority Ordinance, 2024*.

Manakala pula, fasa pengkorporatan akan melibatkan penukaran status lembaga-lembaga pelabuhan daripada badan berkanun kepada syarikat milik penuh kerajaan di bawah Akta Syarikat yang bertujuan membolehkan pengurusan dan operasi pelabuhan dikendalikan berasaskan pasaran dengan memberi tumpuan kepada kecekapan, kewangan yang kukuh dan akauntabiliti serta bersedia untuk proses penswastaan di masa hadapan.

Bagi menjawab soalan tambahan kedua. Untuk makluman Ahli Yang Berhormat bagi Batu Danau, kakitangan Lembaga-lembaga Pelabuhan akan ditawarkan penjawatan sama ada dalam Sarawak Ports Authority ataupun di dalam entiti korporat pelabuhan baharu mengikut kesesuaian berdasarkan prinsip “*no less favourable*”. Sekian, terima kasih.

Tuan Speaker: Yang Berhormat Dato Sri Wong Soon Koh, Bawang Assan.

YB Dato Sri Wong Soon Koh: Thank you, Tuan Speaker. Before I ask my question, I would like to welcome the presence of the Exco Committee of *Persatuan Tuai Rumah Sibu* who are now in the

public gallery to witness the proceeding of this august House. (*Applause*) Tuan Speaker, my question is 73. Thank you.

Industrial Zone in the West Bank of Sibu

(73) YB Dato Sri Wong Soon Koh to ask the Minister for International Trade, Industry and Investment: When will the newly delineated Industrial Zone in the West Bank of Sibu in Bawang Assan area be ready for implementation? What would be the purchase price per acre?

Timbalan Menteri Perdagangan Antarabangsa, Industri dan Pelaburan (YB Datuk Dr Malcolm Mussen anak Lamoh): Thank you, Tuan Speaker. Thank you, Honourable Member for Bawang Assan. Unfortunately, I didn't have the chance to be your student last time but, I have a lot to learn from you in politic.

Nonetheless, for the information of Ahli Yang Berhormat for Bawang Assan, the construction of the Sibu Industrial Park located in Bawang Assan is scheduled to be for completion in 2029 notwithstanding any other in comprises during the implementation. The current industrial land premium for major towns in Sarawak is RM20 per square foot for filled land and RM10 per square foot for unfilled land. This rate for land premium is about RM43,000 to RM87,000 per acre which is regarded to be very competitive within this region. Thank you.

YB Dato Sri Wong Soon Koh (*Supplementary Questions*): Tuan Speaker, I have two supplementary questions.

- (a) How many or what are the components for the Sibu Industrial Park in my kawasan Bawang Assan, the approved components of the entire Park; and
- (b) What is the size of this Industrial Park and how many lots will be made available for investors and for SMEs and how soon? Are they available now open for investors to come in?

Sekian, terima kasih.

Timbalan Menteri Perdagangan Antarabangsa, Industri dan Pelaburan (YB Datuk Dr Malcolm Mussen anak Lamoh): Thank you, Honourable Member for Bawang Assan. Tuan Speaker, for the information Ahli Yang Berhormat for Bawang Assan regarding supplementary question no. 1 the approved components of for Sibu Industrial Park would be as follows:

- (a) filled Industrial land. We have to do the filling work to make sure it is workable for the industrial lot;
- (b) We have to provide access to the site as well to individual lot. Meaning we have to build a proper road;
- (c) Drainage system that can tackle both the water run off as well discharge from all this facilities later on;
- (d) Of course, electricity supply infrastructure;
- (e) We need to supply, we need to provide water reticulation system for the use of the industry's concern;
- (f) Telecommunication infrastructure;
- (g) Sewerage treatment system which should be centralised;
- (h) High level water tank; and
- (i) On-site detention pond.

For supplementary question no. 2. Sibu Industrial Park covers an area approximately 150 acres. It will be provided with about 100 industrial lots with an area ranging from 0.6 acres to 1.1 acres per lot costing around RM52,000 to RM96,000 per parcel. Thank you.

Tuan Speaker: Yang Berhormat Tuan Haji Mohamad bin Duri, N.38 Kalaka.

YB Tuan Haji Mohamad bin Duri: Terima kasih, Tuan Speaker.

*Malam rayo nganyam ketupat,
Soalan saya nombor 74.*

Pembangunan Tanaman Padi

(74) YB Tuan Haji Mohamad bin Duri bertanya kepada Menteri Industri Makanan, Komoditi dan Pembangunan Wilayah: Bagaimanakah kerajaan dapat membantu membangunkan tanaman padi berskala besar di beberapa kawasan sesuai dalam DUN Kalaka seperti Kampung Kaba dan Jelupang, Sungai Nyiar?

Timbalan Menteri Industri Makanan, Komoditi dan Pembangunan Wilayah (Komoditi dan Pembangunan Wilayah) (YB Datuk Maclaine Ben @ Martin Ben): Terima kasih, Tuan Speaker. Selamat pagi kepada rakan-rakan semua. Untuk menjawab, tak pandai berpantun ya Kalaka, maka jawab saja lah. Jadi, untuk makluman Ahli Yang Berhormat bagi Kalaka, berdasarkan rekod Jabatan Pertanian Sarawak, keluasan kawasan yang masih tersedia untuk tanaman padi di Kampung Kaba adalah seluas 26 hektar, keluasan kawasan ini terlalu kecil untuk dibangunkan secara komersial di bawah inisiatif Program Pembangunan Padi Komersial yang lengkap dengan infrastruktur pengairan dan saliran keluasan kawasan yang dicadangkan adalah 50 hektar. Walau bagaimanapun, kawasan ini masih boleh dibangunkan dengan kemudahan infrastruktur pengairan dan saliran terkawal ataupun *controlled drainage*. Manakala, penanaman boleh diusahakan secara ladang kontrak ataupun diusahakan sendiri oleh pemilik tanah. Sekian, terima kasih.

YB Tuan Haji Mohamad bin Duri (Soalan Tambahan): Terima kasih, Tuan Speaker. Terima kasih, Timbalan Menteri atas jawapan itu tadi. Saya ada dua soalan tambahan:

- (a) Apakah jenis bantuan yang disediakan oleh Kerajaan kepada pesawah yang mengusahakan tanaman padi berskala kecil?; dan
- (b) Berapakan jumlah pesawah yang menerima manfaat melalui Skim Baja Padi Kerajaan Persekutuan (SBPKP) di bawah DUN Kalaka?

Timbalan Menteri Industri Makanan, Komoditi dan Pembangunan Wilayah (Komoditi dan Pembangunan Wilayah) (YB Datuk Maclaine Ben @ Martin Ben): Terima kasih, Ahli Yang Berhormat bagi Kalaka. Untuk menjawab kedua-dua pertanyaan bagi soalan tambahan. Untuk soalan pertama, untuk makluman Ahli Yang Berhormat bagi Kalaka. Antara bantuan yang disediakan oleh kerajaan kepada pesawah yang mengusahakan tanaman padi berskala kecil adalah seperti berikut:

- (a) Skim Baja Padi Kerajaan Persekutuan (SBPKP);
- (b) Skim Insentif Pengeluaran Padi (SIPP);
- (c) Skim Takaful Tanaman Padi (STTP); dan
- (d) Bantuan Benih Padi.

Permohonan bantuan tersebut boleh dipohon oleh pesawah melalui Jabatan Pertanian Bahagian dan Daerah di kawasan masing-masing.

Untuk soalan kedua pula, pada tahun 2025, seramai 2,061 ahli PPK Kalaka dengan jumlah keluasan kawasan 704 hektar telah menerima manfaat bantuan Skim Baja Padi Kerajaan Persekutuan ataupun SBPKP. Sekian, terima kasih.

Tuan Speaker: Yang Berhormat Encik Johnny Pang Leong Ming, N.68 Tanjong Batu.

YB Encik Johnny Pang Leong Ming: Thank you, Tuan Speaker. My question is number 75.

Plans to increase the Supply of Affordable Housing

(75) YB Encik Johnny Pang Leong Ming to ask the Minister for Public Health, Housing and Local Government: With housing prices rising sharply in Bintulu, what plans does the government have to increase the supply of affordable housing, especially for young adults who are struggling to purchase their first home?

(113) YB Encik Billy anak Sujang bertanya kepada Menteri Kesihatan Awam, Perumahan dan Kerajaan Tempatan: Anak-anak Sarawak menghadapi kekangan untuk membeli rumah di Sarawak berikutan harga rumah yang sangat tinggi. Apakah tindakan pihak Kementerian untuk menangani isu?

Timbalan Menteri Kesihatan Awam, Perumahan dan Kerajaan Tempatan (Kesihatan Awam dan Perumahan) (YB Datuk Michael Tiang Ming Tee): Thank you, Tuan Speaker. I would like to answer question number 75 from Ahli Yang Berhormat for Tanjong Batu together with question number 113 from Ahli Yang Berhormat Opar as they are all on the same matter. Just before I proceed with the answering Tuan Speaker, there's a little error in the printed version of the list of question starting from number 98.

For the information of Ahli-ahli Yang Berhormat for Tanjong Batu and Opar, Sarawak Government acknowledges the challenges faced by the younger generation and families in Sarawak, particularly those from the low and middle income groups, in purchasing homes due to the high price of housing. To address this issue, the government, through my ministry and its implementing agencies, has undertaken several initiatives to enhance house affordability and accessibility across Sarawak. Through the Housing Development Corporation (HDC), the government is actively developing Rumah SPEKTRA Permata (RSP) units price between RM90,000 and RM160,000 per unit.

In addition, the government through Mutiara Mortgage & Credit Sdn Bhd (MUTIARA) provides low-interest mortgage financing at 1% per annum for the B40 and 3% for the M40 as well as on top of it a RM10,000 financial assistance to pay the housing deposit for any houses priced below RM300,000 under the Housing Deposit and Repayment Assistance Scheme.

The Sarawak Government continues to collaborate with the Kementerian Perumahan dan Kerajaan Tempatan Malaysia (KPKT) to implement *Program Perumahan Rakyat* (PPR), *Program Residensi Rakyat* (PRR), Urban Poor Eradication Programme (PPKB) and *Rumah Mesra Rakyat* (RMR) projects by Syarikat Perumahan Negara Berhad (SPNB). These includes PPR Seduan in Sibul, PRR Kidurong in Bintulu and PRR Samariang in Kuching. Additionally, KPKT has also implemented PPKB to improve the living condition of eligible applicants through house repair and bina baru in urban areas.

Now, in order to control housing prices and ensure affordability, in Sarawak, Sarawak Government has implemented house ownership policies under various affordable housing schemes such as SPEKTRA Lite, SPEKTRA Medium, and Sri Pertiwi, each based on specific income and eligibility criteria. To further strengthen this effort, the Sarawak Government has introduced the Sarawak Housing Contribution Trust Fund initiative, which requires housing developers to pay the contribution in-lieu of building affordable housing. By using this fund, the Sarawak Government through statutory bodies will implement affordable housing projects.

For the information of Ahli Yang Berhormat for Tanjong Batu, in Bintulu particularly, the Bintulu Development Authority (BDA) has allocated land of about 528.31 acres at Sg. Plan area among others for affordable housing. The proposed development plan has been submitted to the State Planning Authority (SPA) for consideration. Phase 1, 2 and 3 proposals consist of 1,601 units of affordable houses. Out of this, 980 units are Putera Flats, 308 units are detached lots, and 313 units are terrace houses.

In addition, the government has also put in place several supporting measures, including;

- (a) Imposing holding conditions and buyer eligibility criteria to prevent market speculation on affordable housing;
- (b) Conducting land searches to identify and acquire potential sites for affordable housing development;
- (c) Opening new residential areas through the Village Extension Scheme (*Skim Pembesaran Kampung*) under the Land and Survey Department;
- (d) Enforcing the natives' housing quota in selected residential developments, where prices are controlled and units are reserved exclusively for native Sarawakians; and
- (e) Implementation of urban renewal projects through LCDA.

In conclusion, the Sarawak Government remains committed to ensuring that all Sarawakians, particularly the younger generation and those from lower and middle-income groups, have greater opportunities to own homes at affordable prices and enjoy a better quality of life.

YB Encik Johnny Pang Leong Ming (*Supplementary Question*): Thank you, Tuan Speaker and also thank you to our Deputy Minister. Here, I have two supplementary questions.

- (a) What are the ceiling cost for the house repair and *bina baru* provided under the Urban Poor Eradication Program (PPKB)?
- (b) What improvement have been done on HDRAS by the ministry?

Thank you.

Timbalan Menteri Kesihatan Awam, Perumahan dan Kerajaan Tempatan (Kesihatan Awam dan Perumahan) (YB Datuk Michael Tiang Ming Tee): Thank you, Ahli Yang Berhormat from Tanjong Batu for additional questions, the answer as to additional.

- (a) The ceiling cost for *bina baru* is RM90,000 per unit and RM20,000 per unit for house repair.
- (b) As per question no. 2, the improvement done on Housing Deposit Assistance, for the information of Ahli Yang Berhormat from Tanjong Batu, the government has currently improved the eligibility criteria by expanding HDRAS to cover houses not sanctioned by the government which include sub-sale of existing houses and auctioned properties, provided that the house selling price is less than RM300,000. This expansion will enable the first-time house buyers to have broader options in terms of locality.

YB Encik Billy anak Sujang (*Supplementary Question*): Tuan Speaker, thank you for this opportunity and thank you Deputy Minister for answering this question 113 together with question 75. I would like to welcome 20 counsellors from my *kawasan* to this Dewan today with us. My two supplementary questions is;

- (a) What are the criteria to purchase private affordable housing?
- (b) How does the government plan to address arising housing prices in Sarawak through the development of more affordable housing?

Thank you.

Timbalan Menteri Kesihatan Awam, Perumahan dan Kerajaan Tempatan (Kesihatan Awam dan Perumahan) (YB Datuk Michael Tiang Ming Tee): Thank you, Ahli Yang Berhormat from Opar for the supplementary questions. Tuan Speaker, answer for the question no. 1, the eligibility criteria to the purchase of affordable housing are:

- (a) Older than 18 years old and up to 65 years old for married, single mother or father, widow or widower;

- (b) Age 30 years old and above for single man or woman;
- (c) Must be Malaysian citizen originating from Sarawak;
- (d) Being the first-time house buyer, you must not own another house; and
- (e) Earning monthly household income between RM3,000 to RM6,000 subject to affordable housing type that the applicant intends to buy.

Now, in case of Rumah Sri Pertiwi, buyer who own houses are also allowed to purchase but subjected to one unit only and the income limit is RM10,000 per month.

The answer as to second question about the rising housing prices in Sarawak, for the information of Ahli Yang Berhormat for Opar, Sarawak Government through agency such as HDC, LCDA, BDA and private developers is adopting a supply driven approach to address the rising housing prices in Sarawak. The key strategy is to increase the development of affordable housing in high demand areas. By expanding the supply of affordable housing, pressure on the open market can be reduced thereby helping to stabilize and moderate the escalation of housing prices. Sekian, terima kasih.

Tuan Speaker: Ahli-ahli Yang Berhormat, question time is up.

**PERBAHASAN ATAS BACAAN KALI YANG KEDUA
RANG UNDANG-UNDANG PERBEKALAN (2026), 2025 DAN USUL UNTUK
MERUJUK RESOLUSI ANGGARAN PERBELANJAAN PEMBANGUNAN BAGI TAHUN 2026**

Tuan Speaker: Ahli-ahli Yang Berhormat, the question is that, the Supply (2026) Bill, 2025 be read a second time and the Motion to refer the Resolution on the Development Estimates 2026 be passed and referred to the Committee of Supply.

Ahli-ahli Yang Berhormat, three days that is today, tomorrow and Friday are set aside for the Members to debate on the Supply (2026) Bill, 2025 and the Motion to refer the Resolution on the Development Estimates 2026. Ahli Yang Berhormat, under Standing Order 31(8), I hereby impose 15 minutes for any Member who wishes to speak. Honourable Member for Meradong.

YB Datuk Ding Kuong Hiing: Thank you, Tuan Speaker for giving me the opportunity to take part in the debate on Supply (2026) Bill, 2025 which was tabled by Right Honourable Premier on 24th November 2025.

Tuan Speaker, 2026 Sarawak Budget is another people centric budget with emphasis on human capital development in preparation for our younger generation to take part in Sarawak's nation building. Out of the total expenditure of RM12.9 billion, RM5.6 billion is for operating expenditure and RM7.3 billion together with balance of RM2 billion carried forward from last year, the total development expenditure has become RM9.3 billion. As with previous year, the development expenditure will be rural buyers and visualizing in providing basic amenities to the rural areas.

Tuan Speaker, now please allow me to go into some local issues that are dear to the heart of my constituent.

Setting up of Narcotic Unit at IPD Meradong

Drug cases are becoming increasingly widespread in the Meradong District. This year long, several young individuals have been arrested by the police during a special anti-drug operation (*Ops Tapis Khas*) and are being investigated under Section 15(1)(a) of the Dangerous Drugs Act 1952. This situation is concerning as it shows that drug abuse is affecting the younger generation. It has negative impacts on society, endangers community safety, and threatens the well-being of families. It is hoped that the government will establish a special narcotics unit at IPD Meradong to combat

drug abuse more effectively. Such a measure is crucial as it aims to control and reduce the district's drug index and to prevent the younger generation from falling further into drug addiction.

Tuan Speaker, I also like to take this opportunity to urge the relevant authority to increase the work force of IPD Meradong to combat the rampant illegal gambling activities in Meradong.

At the same time, I would like to comment the efforts put in by our new KPD who has work tirelessly to weight out a soldier use to help families to regroup, rejoice, reengage and enjoy the natural beautiful life in the Meradong way.

Bekalan Air Bersih di Meradong

Terlebih dahulu saya mengucapkan terima kasih kepada Kementerian Utiliti dan Telekomunikasi Sarawak kerana telah menyiapkan *upgrading* bekalan paip air, pakej CR1 di bawah Sarawak *Water Supply Grid Programme* yang menelan kos perbelanjaan sebanyak RM92 juta.

Namun, projek *upgrading* ini masih tidak menyelesaikan masalah bekalan air malah mengecewakan penduduk di sekitar kawasan Jalan KJD khususnya. Rata-rata penduduk Jalan KJD berasa kecewa dengan projek kerajaan ini. Ini adalah berpunca dari projek *upgrading* 600mm paip air hanya dari simpang jalan bulat ke Bintangor *interchange* sahaja. Setelah dikaji dengan teliti, didapati bahawa *upgrading* paip air 280mm ke 600mm dari *interchange* Bintangor ke KJD *booster station* sejauh 5.4 kilometer perlu dilaksanakan. Anggaran kos perbelanjaan-perbelanjaan ini adalah RM9 juta lebih.

Saya berterima kasih kepada agensi kerajaan yang melaksanakannya. Walau bagaimanapun, saya ingin menegaskan bahawa agensi yang berkaitan perlu memberikan fokus yang menyeluruh iaitu impak hasil bagi sesuatu projek. Jika tidak, ketika ini masalah bekalan air di sekitar kawasan Jalan KJD telah selesai sepenuhnya.

Children with Special Needs

Children with special needs including those with autism deserve the same opportunities for growth, learning and happiness as any other child. However, many families continued to face challenges in accessing early intervention, therapy and proper guidance. When support services are scattered across different agencies, parents often struggle to navigate the system causing delays in receiving the help, the children need. One effective way to overcome this challenge is through the establishment of more government led one-stop centres. These centers can provide a range of essential services under one roof - screening, diagnosis, therapy, counselling, education support and parent training. By centralizing services, families can save time, reduce financial burdens and receive more efficient and coordinated care.

I have to skip a few paragraphs. Here, I would like to appeal to the relevant ministry to consider setting up *One Stop Centre* in Meradong to cater for children with special needs in the central region.

Tuan Speaker,

Network Coverage

Satisfactory in network coverage is increasingly essential today as it is required for clerical work, operations and there is other tasks. Although many telecommunication towers has been built in Meradong, many areas still experiencing weak network coverage. This issue affect many people especially students who need the internet to complete their homework or assignments. It is hoped that the Ministry of Utility and Telecommunication Sarawak will take necessary action to ensure stable network coverage in Meradong. Number five, ... I'll skip to number 6.

Farm Roads at Meradong

There are hundreds of farm roads in Meradong providing the farmer with access to collect the agricultural produce such as oil palm, vegetables, fruits and paddy and it serves as an important source of income in Meradong. Most farm roads are still in a *randau* states and have not been upgraded. Many farmers have requested that farm roads in the Meradong district to be upgraded and I have also written to relevant ministry to request for funding for same purpose but in vain. Poor road conditions make it difficult for farmers to enter the farms, and situation worsens during rainy seasons, which in turn severely hampered the income of the farmers. It is hope that the government will allocate funds to upgrade the farm roads in Meradong making it easier for farmers to collect and transport their produce which in turn can contribute to the growth of our economy.

Tuan Speaker,

Limau Bintangor

Limau Bintangor has been the iconic fruit of Bintangor town since its early history. However, it seems to be on its declined over the past few years. This is due mainly to stiff competition from other exotic imported fruits and the rising costs of planting Limau Bintangor due to more expensive fertilizers and other chemicals. Plus, the fact that most younger generation left the town to seek employment elsewhere. Limau Bintangor Orchards do not have someone to take over from their aging parents.

In view of the above, I sincerely request the relevant authority to step in to save our iconic local fruit from extinction. Special incentives to be given to the farmers that still engage in planting the Limau Bintangor and by doing so, hopefully we can revive the one famous iconic fruit of Bintangor that we treasured so much for so long.

Tuan Speaker, before I conclude I would like to take this opportunity to wish all our fellow Christians a Merry Christmas and Happy and Prosperous New Year to every one of us. With that, I fully support the Supply (2026) Bill, 2025.

Tuan Speaker: Honourable Member for Katibas.

YB Encik Lidam anak Assan: Thank you, Tuan Speaker. Thank you for the opportunity given to me to participate in the debate on Sarawak Supply Bill (2026), 2025. Katibas also wish to congratulate Tuan Speaker for the reappointment as Speaker for this august House. Your credibility and credential speak it up that you are well deserved Sir. Thank you.

It is an honor and privilege for me to stand again in this House to speak on behalf of the people of DUN Katibas. At its heart, this supply Bill is not just about figure on paper. It is about whether development reach the *rakyat* in a way that is practical and felt in our daily life. For constituency like Katibas, the theme is clear; basic infrastructure that unlocked livelihood. The road, bridges, water, electricity, connectivity, housing and facilities that allowed our people to participate fully in Sarawak progress.

First, I wish to congratulate the Premier of Sarawak, Yang Amat Berhormat Datuk Patinggi Tan Sri (Dr) Abang Haji Abdul Rahman Zohari bin Tun Datuk Abang Haji Openg for the successful tabling of Sarawak Budget Outcome for 2025 and the projected for the year 2026. I also congratulate the GPS Government and all administrative team at every level under YAB Premier's stewardship which make it possible for Sarawak to achieve the performance outcome of 12.1 billion in the year 2025. I also place on my record a sincere appreciation to YAB Premier for his visionary leadership state fast commitment to Sarawak. Under his guidance, Sarawak has advanced with bold digital transformation, inclusive development and prudent governance lifting livelihood, strengthening unity, and charting a confident path forward for every Sarawakian.

Tahniah also to Yang Amat Berhormat Premier on the conferment on the Order of the Rising Sun, Gold and Silver Star by the Japanese Emperor in recollection of his efforts and contribution at the global arena. We are indeed proud as Sarawakian.

Tuan Speaker, I would like to put on my record my sincere gratitude to the people of Katibas for their unwavering support extended to me and to the Member of Parliament, Datuk Sri Alexander Nanta Linggi. Without their support and teamwork, we will not be able to achieve what we have today. Tanpa kerjasama dari semua pihak, setiap lapisan masyarakat di Katibas, kami tidak akan dapat apa yang kita capai pada hari ini.

Today, we also gather with a grateful heart to express our sincere appreciation for the remarkable work carried out by various ministries and departments to uplift DUN Katibas. What we see today a better road, improved connectivity, upgraded community facilities, access to cleaner water, a reliable electricity supplies, improved schools and medical clinics, and support for livelihood. It is the result of dedication, collaboration and shared vision.

Rakyat, pemimpin dan anggota pentadbiran berpisah tiada. Road and bridges unlocking development and ending Katibas isolation.

Tuan Speaker, during my maiden speech in year 2022 and subsequent sittings, I requested that we expedite the construction of infrastructure that is basic needs of live and prerequisite of development specifically the construction of 188km of roads and few bridges that connect 88 settlements in DUN Katibas. I am pleased to record that our GPS Government responded through Ministry of Infrastructure and Port Development (MIPD) and JKR Sarawak with the initial construction completion of Phase 1 – a 7km road from Nanga Bangkit to upper Sungai Bangkit and one Sungai Katibas Bridge at Nanga Bangkit, the costs is RM70 million and RM35 million respectively.

These are not just projects. This road and bridge have begun to unlock NCR land. With the land surveying work now in progress under Section 6, we are seeing economic returns, slowly but steadily, to our people because we have made things happen in *kawasan*.

However, Tuan Speaker, Phase 1 alone is not enough. The people of Katibas still face long difficult journeys, muddy tracks and boat rides along the deep swirling Katibas River. Markets and clinics feel too far away from us. This is the everyday reality behind the statistics of rural hardship.

Therefore, I rise today with a clear and urgent submission to MIPD, please include under RMK13 the construction and completion of the outstanding roads in Katibas, to be implemented progressively by phases, so we start early and build forward the discipline and continuity.

The outstanding road packages are:

- (a) Sungai Musah, 15 kilometres, serving 11 settlements;
- (b) Sungai Iran, 16 kilometres, serving 14 settlements;
- (c) Sungai Song, 15 kilometres, serving 9 settlements;
- (d) Sungai Tekalit, 29 kilometres, serving 20 settlements;
- (e) Sungai Lijau, 5 kilometres, serving 4 settlements;
- (f) Sungai Manap, 5 kilometres, serving 5 settlements; and
- (g) Sungai Katibas the longest from Engkuah to Nangga Ngeranau, 34 kilometres, serving 14 settlements.

Tuan Speaker, with good roads, we can organise farming efficiently, bring products to the market, and take a decisive step towards eradicating poverty in the rural area. I recognise these projects may cost hundreds of millions of *ringgit*. I am not asking for shortcut or miracle. I am asking for a phased implementation plan with clear sequencing, so our people see the project year by year, not promises that move from one RMK to the next RMK.

My actionable request to MIPD is this, confirm which of these road packages will be initiated in 2026 and the following years, and provide a phasing schedule that includes planning, design, land matters, and construction timelines for each zone.

RECODA Bottlenecks – Banjar Makut and Makut Engkuah

Tuan Speaker, second, I wish to request RECODA to expedite the reconstruction of Banjar Makut and Makut Engkuah. These are critical passages and persistent bottleneck to develop upper Katibas. I urge RECODA to carry out the necessary remedial actions without delay, because when a bottleneck remain, the whole development chain is affected, logistics, services, accessibility, and safety of the people.

My actionable request to RECODA is to provide a firm implementation timeline and ensure the works are executed with the required technical standard so the bottleneck does not repeat.

Digital connectivity turning coverage into opportunity

Tuan Speaker, third, Katibas wish to extend our utmost gratitude for what I can describe as a quiet but meaningful revolution that rapid improvement and extension of telecommunication services across Katibas, especially to our rural longhouses and villages. What was once a distant hope is now becoming daily reality, clearer calls, faster data, and more reliable connectivity that links families to opportunity.

I record my appreciation to the Government of Sarawak, Sarawak Multimedia Authority, the Ministry of Utility, Sarawak Multimedia Authority, Malaysian Communications and Multimedia Commission; Sarawak Digital Economy Corporation, our telco partners and contractors who braved rivers, hill, and rain to install towers, fibre backhaul, and satellite links. Terima kasih semua kepada yang bertugas di kawasan.

The progress belongs also to the people of Katibas, your patience, feedback, and cooperation made it possible. Oleh itu, saya mohon rakyat-rakyat di Katibas supaya tidak mengganggu apa-apa yang dibawa ke Katibas untuk pemasangan tower, pemasangan projek-projek lain. Kalau tidak menjadi, di kacau kita atau di halau kita, di buat karenah itu dan ini. Maka kita yang sebagai penerima akan lambat menerima pembangunan di kawasan kita.

My actionable request to the relevant agencies is ensure this connectivity upgrade does not stop at coverage. Please strengthen reliability, maintenance response, and last mile performance. So, connectivity truly supports education, economic activity, and public services.

Water And Electricity - Basic Dignity and Healthier Communities

Tuan Speaker, I wish to extend our gratitude to the GPS Government under the Ministry of Utility for the successful completion of the four million litres per day water supply project, adding to the existing four million litres day that make us eight million litres per day for steadier supply, and for the ongoing progress of the another new project 20 million litres per day now under construction. The recent completion four million litres per day project is already changing our lives, clean, reliable water for homes, schools, clinics, and small businesses. It means better health, hygiene, and dignity. It also proves that when planning is sound and teamwork is strong, the result arrives on time and to standard. We are equally encouraged by the continuing progress of the 20 million litres per day project to the ministry and department, I respectfully urge, please follow up and follow through so outstanding issues are resolved early, not after commissioning.

On electricity, we express appreciation for the allocation granted during the Sarawak Development Coordination Committee Meeting (SDCCM) in Kapit to connect Katibas community to Sarawak Energy Berhad's power network under the ALAF programme. Reliable electricity means brighter homes for families, and safer nights for student to study and complete their homework. It

also supports microenterprise, refrigeration, equipment, and community safety under this new initiative.

My actionable request is confirm the rollout schedule for Katibas under ALAF which what areas in 2026, what areas next, and what the community needs to prepare so implementation is smooth.

Facilities for Livelihoods—Housing, Terminals, Markets and Rural Uplift

Tuan Speaker, while infrastructure is the foundation, our people also need the facilities that turn access into income.

- (a) First, I humbly request funding to support affordable housing development under the *Skim Penempatan Semula* (SPS) dan *Skim Pembesaran Kampung* (SPK) programmes for Katibas. Our request has been submitted by the Jabatan Tanah dan Survei Kapit to their headquarters and I respectfully request prompt approval for implementation.
- (b) Second, Katibas requires both a bus terminal and a riverine integrated terminal. These are not luxuries; they are practical infrastructure to support our ecotourism, facilitate goods and passenger movement and enable local and government agencies to berth boats securely and safely. I urge the Ministry of Transport Sarawak to expedite the construction. Our request has been submitted to Majlis Daerah Kapit.
- (c) Third, the construction of the Song Jungle Produce Market has been outstanding since 2019 under Majlis Daerah Kapit. Our people are waiting to market their products to earn a living. I respectfully request serious intervention so that this project can finally be delivered and people start making their business.
- (d) My actionable requests are straightforward: for SPS and SPK terminals and the Song Jungle Produce Market, please provide decision status, implementation timeline and if constraints exist, state them clearly so we can solve them together rather than leaving the projects in limbo.

Strengthening Human Capital and Land Security – So Progress Is Shared

Tuan Speaker, Sarawak has achieved high-income status as recognised by the World Bank. We thank the Sarawak Government under the leadership of our Premier for this achievement. But our work is not finished until this status is felt by every longhouse and every household in Katibas.

We are rich in spirit and potential. Our people are hardworking, our youth are eager to learn, and our land holds opportunity in agriculture, eco-tourism and microenterprise. Yet, too many families still face unstable incomes, limited market access and barriers to skills and finance. We do not ask for charity, we ask for partnership to unlock the potential that exists in Katibas.

- (a) Katibas has about 89,000 hectares of NCR land. I request our GPS Government through the relevant ministries to provide sufficient funding support for socio-economic activities. I also request EPU Sarawak to assist in socio-economic studies to determine available blue-ocean opportunities for our people.
- (b) On education, I must ...*(Interruption)*...

Timbalan Speaker: Wind up, Yang Berhormat.

YB Encik Lidam anak Assan: I must also highlight a matter of concern. The recent announcement on *Ujian Penilaian* Dual Language Programme (UPDLP) Sarawak has shocked many of us as parents and stakeholders. The results are not encouraging for STEM subjects, especially Science and Mathematics. I understand the shortcomings faced by our rural schools including facilities such as science laboratories.

Therefore, I request the Sarawak Government and in particular Ministry of Education, Innovation and Talent Development (MEITD) to intervene by building shared facilities for the three

secondary schools in Katibas. This is to strengthen our outcomes. The least we can do is to ensure our children are not disadvantaged simply because of where they are.

On land administration, I thank the Land and Survey Department for conducting perimeter surveys, issuing gazettes and providing titles to landowners in DUN N.62 Katibas. I propose that this exercise to be continued to avoid future disputes and prevent the risk of losing our land.

Finally, I wish to request the government to earmark Song District as an *“Affirmative Action Area”* to speed up overall development. Sarawak will not be fully developed until Katibas is developed. In Iban, *“Enti Katibas enda mansang, Sarawak enda meh mansang”*.

In conclusion, Tuan Speaker, my theme is simple, *“When we build the basics, we unlock the livelihoods”*. Roads and bridges open access. Connectivity opens opportunity. Water and electricity restore dignity. Facilities and markets turn effort into income. Education and land security ensure progress is shared and sustained. With these submissions and requests, I beg to support the Supply (2026) Bill, 2025. Thank you, Tuan Speaker.

Timbalan Speaker: Thank you, Ahli Yang Berhormat Katibas. May I call upon Ahli Yang Berhormat for Ba’Kelalan, please.

YB Encik Baru Bian: Tuan Speaker, thank you for the privilege to address this esteemed House today regarding the Supply (2026) Bill, 2025 presented by the Right Honourable Premier on the 24th November 2025. I wish to go straight into the point affected my constituency first.

PROPOSAL TO GAZETTE THE ULU TRUSAN AREA AS PROTECTED FOREST

Tuan Speaker, I must express my concern about the government's third attempt to designate a significant area in Ulu Trusan located in my constituency as a *“Protected Forest”*, which we refer to as *“The Ulu Trusan Protected Forest”*. The initial proposal was made in May 2015, followed by a second attempt in February 2022, both of which faced strong opposition from the affected community. Petitions were submitted to both the former Chief Minister and the current Premier, leading to the suspension of those proposals. Thus, it is profoundly disappointing that we find ourselves in this position once again.

On 21st July 2025, the Regional Forest Officer in Limbang issued a memorandum directing the District Officer to publish Gazette No. 283 on the District Office notice board in Lawas, initiating the process for the proposed declaration of the *“Ulu Trusan Protected Forest”*. On behalf of my community, I submitted a petition with over 2,257 signatures to the Honourable Premier on 24th September 2025, requesting the immediate withdrawal of this Gazette.

Tuan Speaker, what troubles me is the absence of prior consultations with the community before issuing the memorandum. This disregard for consultation is alarming, especially in light of clear assurances provided to me in 2022 during a meeting with the Premier and relevant agencies, where it was promised that consultations would precede any future proposals.

Had proper consultations been conducted, the authorities would have been acutely aware of the community's steadfast opposition to this designation. The vast land area proposed would severely restrict local people's ability to continue their traditional way of life.

In our petition dated 3rd September 2025, Tuan Speaker, we outlined our grievances regarding the government's failure to adhere to the consultation requirements set forth in the Forest Ordinance 2015, leaving our community feeling overlooked and marginalized. Our key concerns include:

(a) Loss of Native Customary Rights and Privileges

The proposal threatens to extinguish our native customary rights and privileges, which we have upheld and practice for generations, prior to 1st January 1954. Our access to land and natural resources is essential to our survival, cultural identity, and heritage.

(b) Threat to Livelihood

The Lun Bawang community relies heavily on the forest for sustenance. Activities such as hunting, fishing, and gathering jungle produce are vital to our existence. Timber from the forest is used for construction and firewood, while we depend on various forest resources for weaving traditional items. Restrictions on access to these resources pose a direct threat to our families' livelihoods.

(c) Cultural Erosion

The forest is not merely a resource; it is the heart of our cultural heritage. Traditional attire and instruments are crafted from materials found in the forest. Without access to these resources, our rich traditions face the risk of being lost to future generations.

Tuan Speaker, from these observations, it is abundantly clear, Tuan Speaker, that the community strongly opposes this proposal. While we commend the aim of environmental preservation, such objectives must be balanced with the voices and needs of the very people who have lived on these lands for generations. Sections 14 and 21 of the Forest Ordinance 2015 provide avenues for recognizing community rights and privileges. Therefore, I urge the government to commit to facilitating an inclusive and transparent consultation process with our community regarding their ancestral lands and forests. The people are ready to engage in the dialogue, and as their representative, I am duty-bound to ensure their voices are heard.

LAWAS HOSPITAL

Tuan Speaker, I acknowledge that the new Lawas Hospital is slated to completion in May 2026. This long-awaited project has been classified as “*sick project*” for many years and has finally been re-tendered. I applaud the government's efforts, as well as the contractor's dedication to bringing it to fruition.

The residents of Lawas are relieved that they will soon have a fully functioning hospital, alleviating the need to travel to Miri or Kota Kinabalu for specialized medical care. In this context, I strongly urge that resident specialists be appointed at the new hospital.

However, I want to draw attention to several rural clinics within my constituency—such as those in Long Semadoh, Ba'Kelalan, and Tang Lapadan in Trusan—that remain in dire need of repair and reconstruction. During our last sitting, the Deputy Premier disclosed that 76% of health clinics in Sarawak are in poor condition. This statistic is unacceptable, especially for a state progressing in economic development.

Rural communities deserve access to healthcare of equal quality to that available in the urban centres. Therefore, I inquire whether rural clinics in Lawas will also be staffed by resident doctors, similar to the clinic in Bario, rather than relying solely on nurses or medical officers.

While I recognize this issue falls under the Federal Government's jurisdiction, I sincerely hope that the overseeing state ministry will advocate for the urgent repair of rural clinics and the deployment of full-time resident doctors to these facilities.

DRUG ABUSE

Tuan Speaker, drug abuse remains a profound concern in Lawas and across the nation and I understand that the Honorable Member for Meradong also raised this issue early on. The alarming spread of syabu poses a significant threat, and despite decades of awareness campaigns and enforcement actions, the problem continues to escalate.

In September this year, the Federal Home Minister emphasized that synthetic drugs are the region's most pressing narcotics challenge, as noted at the 19th ASEAN Ministerial Meeting on Transnational Crime.

I have previously brought this issue to the attention of this House multiple times. In May 2012, I reported that syabu was openly available for purchase, even in local markets. At that time, I was informed that one in every five individuals had experimented with it.

I have collaborated with the Sarawak National Anti-Drugs Agency (AADK) and the Lawas OCPD and facilitated discussions with the community. Sadly, the situation has persisted and worsened despite these efforts.

Families are suffering, possessions are being stolen to fund addiction, and many victims refrain from reporting these thefts due to fear of retaliation. Disturbingly, I have learned that my name has been misused by drug dealers, who claim that their arrests are a consequence of my outspoken stance on this issue.

While we may not be able to eradicate drug abuse entirely Tuan Speaker, it is imperative for us to unite – government, enforcement agencies, community leaders, and civil society – to prevent further youth from succumbing to addiction and to support those affected.

I strongly propose that the government establish a drug rehabilitation centre in Lawas. Without such a facility, the social and economic costs of addiction—broken families, financial despair, and lost lives—will continue to soar.

Furthermore, I propose integrating drug abuse awareness into the school syllabus. Preventative education must begin as early as primary school.

SARAWAK–SABAH LINK ROAD (SSLR)

Tuan Speaker, I reiterate my call for contractors working on both Phase 1 and Phase 2 of the SSLR to strictly adhere to safety standards and construction specifications set by the consultants. Additionally, I urge that local manpower be employed, particularly for Phase 2, Package 3 (to Ba'Kelalan) and Package 4B (to Limbang).

I have received credible information suggesting that some Phase 2 contractors are subcontracting to foreign entities from China, dismissing local workers in favor of foreign labor. I seek clarification from the government regarding this practice.

In terms of road safety, it is essential that proper temporary bypass lanes be constructed. I am informed that foreign subcontractors are neglecting to provide such bypasses, posing a significant risk to road users navigating these unfamiliar and challenging terrains.

Tuan Speaker, moreover, concerning Package 3 from Long Kumap to the CIQS at Long Midang/Buduk Nur. I have believed that the road does not extend all the way to the CIQS, stopping approximately 10 – 14 kilometers short. I request information on when this final stretch will be tendered and the expected timeline for its completion, as this connection is critical for seamless integration with Nusantara.

Lastly, in relation to road infrastructure, I welcome the Premier's announcement that the Sarawak Government will assume responsibility for former logging roads connecting longhouses and villages, designating them as public roads for public use. This initiative is commendable, as such roads can now be eligible for MARRIS (Malaysian Road Record Information System) funding for their repair and maintenance.

In this context Tuan Speaker, I respectfully request that the logging road beginning at the termination of Phase 1 of the SSLR at the Long Luping junction and extending to Kampung Long Adang passing through my village, Kampung Pa' Berunut (benefitting more than 10 villages and/or Penan settlements) be prioritized for adoption. I have previously communicated with the Ministry of Infrastructure and Port Development regarding this alignment, which serves as a crucial link between existing SSLR Phase 1 and Phase 2 and at the same time fulfilling the government's plan to connect every village in Sarawak with roads. I earnestly hope the ministry will move forward with its implementation without undue delay.

TOURISM POTENTIAL IN BA'KELALAN

Tuan Speaker, as the Sarawak–Sabah Link Road (SSLR) Phases 1 and 2 progress Phase 1 expected to be completed by early 2027 and Phase 2 within the following four years I envision that my constituency will emerge as a vibrant corridor of movement and opportunity.

Additionally, with the impending establishment of Nusantara, Indonesia's new capital in Kalimantan, and the completion of the CIQS complex at Buduk Nur/Long Midang, the Lawas Highlands are strategically positioned to benefit from increased cross-border tourism and trade.

I maintain that the Lawas Highlands is one of the most picturesque regions in Sarawak. The majestic mountains part of the Crocker Range in Sabah and the Tama Abu Range in Sarawak offer breathtaking views and pristine nature that are sure to attract both domestic and international visitors, particularly upon completion of the SSLR.

We take pride that Gunung Murud, the highest mountain in Sarawak, resides in N.81 Ba'Kelalan. It presents opportunities for mountain trekking, climbing, bird-watching, and the exploration of our unique flora and fauna. Not far from Gunung Murud lies Batu Lawi, the third-highest mountain in Sarawak, which also possesses great tourism potential.

Moreover, the Trusan River, still largely unexplored, holds immense promise for rafting and water adventure activities. Our highlands are also renowned for producing some of Malaysia's finest agricultural products our world-famous Adan Rice (white, red, and black varieties), the sweetest pineapples in Sarawak, and extraction activities from the "*tenom tree*" (scientifically known as "*Litsea cubeba*") in Long Telingan, Long Kerabangan, and Long Rusu.

I may be biased Tuan Speaker, but having travelled extensively across the country, I confidently assert that the Lawas Highlands is among the premier destinations in Malaysia for promoting eco-tourism and agro-tourism.

Additionally, our region is endowed with unique biodiversity. The Paya Maga Highlands in Long Sukang are home to the Black Oriole (*Oriolus hosii*) a bird once thought to be extinct and rediscovered in our area. For bird enthusiasts, this alone is a remarkable treasure! Furthermore, all eight species of Hornbills, the proud symbol of Sarawak, can be observed in our region including within my farm in Ruan Acang.

I commend MOTAC for recently organizing a program in my constituency to guide residents on homestay requirements and facilitate registrations. I appreciate the Directors of MOTAC and Tourism Sarawak for their engagement. I genuinely hope that both the Ministry of Tourism and the Sarawak Tourism Board will consider developing the Lawas Highlands with concrete and sustainable initiatives. With a well-structured vision, this area could certainly evolve into Sarawak's equivalent of

Cameron Highlands, Genting Highlands, or even Kundasang in Sabah a thriving, eco-friendly destination for both eco-tourism and agro-tourism.

ONSHORE OIL AND GAS DEPOSITS IN LIMBANG AND LAWAS

Earlier this month, the Premier announced that initial studies conducted by PETROS have indicated potential onshore oil and gas deposits in Limbang and Lawas, with detailed studies currently underway. If confirmed, this discovery could yield substantial economic benefits for both districts. However, I urge that highly trained experts be employed to ensure safety and to prevent accidents, such as the pipeline explosions that previously occurred along the PETRONAS pipeline, which ultimately had to be decommissioned.

Tuan Speaker, in conclusion, I extend my warmest wishes for a blessed Christmas to all Sarawakian Christians, and to everyone, a Happy New Year 2026. May God bless Sarawak and all her people and may justice and righteousness flow like the mighty Rajang River from this esteemed House to enrich our beloved Fair Land Sarawak. Thank you, Tuan Speaker, for your indulgence.

Timbalan Speaker: Thank you, Yang Berhormat for Ba'Kelalan, I would like to call Yang Berhormat for Jepak, please.

YB Encik Iskandar bin Turkee: Terima kasih, Tuan Speaker. Bismillahirrahmanirrahim, Assalamualaikum Warahmatullahi Wabarakatuh, Salam Ibu Pertiwiku, Salam Sarawakku Sayang dan Salam Sarawak Maju Makmur. Terima kasih, Tuan speaker, yang memberi peluang kepada saya untuk mengambil bahagian dalam Rang Undang-undang Perbekalan (2026), 2025.

Tuan Speaker, dikesempatan ini, Dewan yang mulia ini, saya dan warga DUN Jepak merakamkan setinggi-tinggi tahniah kepada Yang Amat Berhormat Datuk Patinggi Tan Sri (Dr) Abang Haji Abdul Rahman Zohari bin Tun Datuk Abang Haji Openg, Premier Sarawak sebagai penerima tunggal dari Borneo iaitu *the Order of the Rising Sun, Gold and Silver Star* yang dianugerahkan oleh Kerajaan Jepun pada 11 November 2025. Anugerah tertinggi ini diberikan atas sumbangan Yang Amat Berhormat Premier dalam memperkukuhkan hubungan dua hala antara Malaysia dan Jepun, khususnya dalam kerjasama ekonomi, tenaga boleh diperbaharui, keselamatan tenaga, dan pemuliharaan hutan.

Diucapkan tahniah juga kepada Tuan Speaker di atas pelantikan semula sebagai Speaker Dewan Undangan Negeri (DUN) Sarawak bagi penggal ke-10. Tempoh perkhidmatan lebih dua dekad menjadikan Tuan Speaker antara tokoh legislatif yang paling berpengalaman dalam sejarah pentadbiran negara.

Di sini juga, saya dan warga DUN Jepak merakamkan setinggi-tinggi tahniah kepada Yang Amat Berhormat Datuk Patinggi Tan Sri (Dr) Abang Haji Abdul Rahman Zohari bin Tun Datuk Abang Haji Openg, Premier Sarawak dan barisan kepimpinan GPS serta penjawat awam Negeri Sarawak di atas kejayaan mencatat pendapatan sebanyak RM10.3 bilion setakat Oktober dan dijangka mencapai RM12.1 bilion bagi tahun 2025.

Bagi Belanjawan tahun 2026, Kerajaan Sarawak menyasarkan pendapatan kepada RM13.05 bilion dan memperuntukkan perbelanjaan RM12.9 bilion. Iaitu merangkumi RM5.6 bilion untuk perbelanjaan mengurus dan RM7.3 bilion untuk pembangunan, serta menjadikan jumlah keseluruhan untuk pembangunan kepada RM9.3 billion (*brought forward balance*).

Belanjawan ini dijangka mencatat lebih RM144 juta dengan fokus kepada pembangunan infrastruktur, transformasi digital, pembangunan mampan, serta kesejahteraan rakyat dengan matlamat membawa Sarawak ke ekonomi berpendapatan tinggi dan menjadikan negeri ini sebagai hab tenaga boleh diperbaharui dan hijau. Tema belanjawan ini adalah "*Memperkasa Rakyat, Memacu Kemakmuran, Membina Masa Depan Berdaya Tahan*" dengan sembilan teras strategik

termasuk pembangunan ekonomi, pendidikan berkualiti, pemeliharaan sumber asli, pemerkasaan budaya, dan inovasi.

Belanjawan Sarawak 2026, turut menekankan pengurusan kewangan berhemah dan penyelarasan dasar untuk memastikan pembangunan yang inklusif dan lestari sejajar dengan Pelan Pembangunan Sarawak 2030 (PCDS 2030). Peruntukan bagi pembangunan sebanyak RM9.3 bilion merangkumi pelbagai projek untuk memastikan pertumbuhan ekonomi yang berdaya tahan terhadap cabaran ekonomi global. Di samping itu, terdapat juga penekanan kepada kesejahteraan rakyat melalui subsidi bersasar dan bantuan sosial yang lebih efektif. Ini menunjukkan komitmen kerajaan Sarawak untuk memastikan pembangunan lebih seimbang dan memperkukuhkan kedudukan fiskal negeri dalam memajukan kemajuan sosial dan ekonomi yang inklusif.

Tuan Speaker, izinkan saya menyentuh isu dan pembangunan di kawasan saya yang masih memerlukan perhatian dan pertimbangan yang sewajarnya untuk kesejahteraan rakyat keseluruhannya. Keperluan adalah seperti berikut:

(1) Rangka Pelan Mitigasi Banjir Bintulu

Kerajaan perlu merangka pelan mitigasi banjir komprehensif di Bintulu bagi mengelakkan bencana besar yang berlaku pada tahun ini iaitu pada 29 Januari 2025 dari berulang. Maka dengan itu, satu perancangan pelan tindakan jangka pendek dan jangka panjang melibatkan Sungai Sebiew dan Kuala Batang Kemena perlu dilaksanakan segera. Bagi tindakan jangka pendek yang perlu dilaksanakan iaitu:

- (a) Menaik taraf sistem perparitan usang ke *monsoon drain* di Bintulu terutama di kawasan kampung dan perumahan berdasarkan peningkatan jumlah kampung dan taman perumahan;
- (b) Melaksanakan penyelenggaraan sistem perparitan yang efektif dan berkualiti di kampung dan perumahan setiap tahun;
- (c) Melaksanakan penyelenggaraan sistem perparitan yang efektif dan berkualiti di kawasan luar bandar yang melibatkan kawasan rumah panjang dan kampung setiap tahun;
- (d) Menyediakan penanda aras banjir yang perlu diletakkan di kawasan jalan raya yang kerap dilanda banjir;
- (e) Mewujudkan siren banjir sebagai sistem amaran awal automatik yang menggunakan teknologi moden untuk memantau paras air sungai secara langsung dan membunyikan siren untuk memberi amaran kepada penduduk setempat tentang potensi banjir; dan
- (f) Pemasangan pam monsun yang mampu mengelakkan banjir besar dan mengawal paras air daripada menjejaskan kediaman penduduk. Ianya berperanan menyedut air melimpah dan mengalirkannya ke longkang monsun.

Manakala, untuk jangka panjang:

- (a) Sungai Sebiew dan Kuala Batang Kemena perlu diselenggarakan dengan melibatkan kerja penambahbaikan, pelebaran, pendalaman dan penyelenggaraan berkala untuk mengatasi masalah banjir ini. Kerja ini perlu dilaksanakan di bawah RMK13 di bawah *Rolling Plan* yang Pertama.
- (b) Perancangan pembangunan kampung baru atau taman perumahan diwajibkan dibina kolam takungan banjir yang berfungsi bagi menangani banjir disebabkan oleh hujan luar biasa. Modus operandi kolam ini adalah untuk mempercepatkan aliran air yang melimpah ke kolam ini bagi mengelak jalan raya dan penempatan penduduk dilanda banjir kilat. Selain itu, kolam ini juga boleh dijadikan sebagai pusat riadah dan rekreasi penduduk setempat.
- (c) Penempatan semula bagi penduduk yang mendiami sepanjang Sungai Sebiew ke Penempatan Baru di Jepak.

Maka harapan warga Jepak agar permohonan ini dapat dilaksanakan segera kerana kesan banjir pada tahun 2025 telah menyebabkan penduduk Bintulu trauma dan mengalami kerugian harta benda yang besar.

(2) Sarawak Agrofest Perdana Berpusat Kekal di Bintulu

Agrofest Bintulu pada tahun 2025 telah berjaya mencatatkan rekod jualan melebihi RM5.4 juta dan berjaya menarik pengunjung melebihi 800,000 orang sepanjang berlangsung lapan hari bermula dari 22 hingga 30 Ogos 2025.

Sarawak Agrofest 2025 ini menampilkan 230 *reruai* pameran melibatkan agensi kerajaan, syarikat swasta, usahawan tani serta koperasi tempatan. Bertemakan “*Sektor Industri Agro Melalui Teknologi Pintar*”, Sarawak Agrofest 2025 bertujuan mengetengahkan teknologi moden pertanian, peluang pelaburan makanan serta memperluaskan pasaran produk agro Sarawak.

Penganjuran kali ini juga menekankan aspek inovasi dalam sektor pertanian dan penternakan sejajar dengan matlamat kerajaan negeri untuk menjadikan Sarawak sebagai pengeksport utama makanan segar dan organik di rantau ini.

Oleh demikian itu, di sini saya mengesyorkan agar Bintulu dijadikan lokasi kekal untuk penganjuran Agrofest Perdana setiap tahun berdasarkan pencapaian di atas. Ini kerana kedudukan Bintulu amat strategik dan pemain industri pertanian/perladangan berada di sekitar dan berhampiran dengan Bintulu.

(3) Bintulu perlu dibina lebih banyak Sekolah

Merujuk data setakat pada 16 Oktober 2025, di Bintulu terdapat 26 buah sekolah rendah dan jumlah pelajar 18,788 orang. Manakala bagi enam buah sekolah menengah dengan jumlah pelajar 14,023 orang. Jumlah keseluruhan pelajar adalah 33,962 orang. Populasi pelajar di peringkat sekolah rendah dan menengah telah menunjukkan peningkatan menyebabkan beberapa sekolah terpaksa mengadakan 2 sesi. Butiran adalah seperti berikut:

(a) Sekolah Rendah

- (i) SK Kampung Jepak – 1,194 orang;
- (ii) SK Ulu Segan – 722 orang walaupun sekolah ini baru tetapi memerlukan blok tambahan;
- (iii) SK Kidurong – 1,250 orang;
- (iv) SK ST Anthony – 1,146 orang; dan
- (v) SK Tanjung Batu – 1,880 orang.

(b) Sekolah Menengah

- (i) SMK Kemena – 1,942 orang;
- (ii) SMK Baru – 2,129 orang;
- (iii) SMK Bintulu – 3,448 orang;
- (iv) SMK Assyakirin – 1,551 orang;
- (v) SMK Bandar Bintulu – 2,003 orang; dan
- (vi) SMK Kidurong – 2,450 orang.

Menurut Encik Parkash Abdullah, Presiden Kesatuan Guru Sarawak (STU) semasa Persidangan Perwakilan Dwi Tahunan STU Ke 25 di Hotel Penview berkata, populasi di bahagian Bintulu berkembang dengan pesat dan ia memerlukan lebih banyak sekolah untuk menampung kepadatan pelajar dalam sebuah bilik sekolah. Beliau juga menjelaskan perlu mengambil kira prosedur operasi yang telah ditetapkan oleh Kementerian Kesihatan iaitu jarak satu meter, jumlah bilik darjah sememangnya tidak cukup untuk menampung jumlah pelajar. Oleh demikian, Bintulu

amat memerlukan sekolah baru bagi menampung populasi yang semakin meningkat dan demi keselesaan pelajar.

(4) Pembinaan Mini Stadium di Jepak

Fasiliti sukan seperti Mini Stadium akan menjadi tumpuan golongan belia terlibat aktif dalam sukan. Bakat mereka dapat digilap dengan mencungkil potensi diri yang ada pada mereka melalui sukan. Impak dari sukan ke atas belia adalah seperti berikut:

- (i) Memupuk perpaduan dan integrasi. Sukan menjadi medan untuk rakyat berbilang kaum dan latar belakang untuk berinteraksi, berkerjasama, dan bersaing dalam suasana yang harmoni, sekali gus mengukuhkan hubungan silaturahim.
- (ii) Mengisi masa lapang dengan aktiviti positif. Sukan menyediakan aktiviti yang sihat dan bermanfaat untuk mengisi masa lapang, terutamanya bagi golongan muda, sekali gus mengurangkan kemungkinan mereka terlibat dalam aktiviti yang tidak sihat ataupun jenayah.
- (iii) Membangunkan karakter dan disiplin melalui sukan, individu dapat mempelajari nilai-nilai seperti disiplin, kerjasama, dan integriti. Kejayaan dan kekalahan dalam sukan juga mengajar tentang pengurusan emosi, ketabahan dan semangat kesukanan.
- (iv) Meningkatkan kesihatan mental dan fizikal. Aktiviti sukan yang kerap dapat meningkatkan kesihatan fizikal dan mental yang secara tidak langsung mengurangkan stres dan tekanan menjurus kepada masyarakat yang lebih sihat dan positif.

Secara tak langsung, kerajaan telah mewujudkan faktor-faktor pelindung ke atas belia melalui fasiliti sukan dan penganjuran aktiviti ataupun program untuk menjauhi diri mereka daripada terjebak gejala sosial dan penyalahgunaan bahan terlarang.

(5) Jepak *Waterfront*

Pembinaan Jepak *Waterfront* adalah merupakan “*value added*” atau nilai tambah kepada Jambatan Tun Taib Mahmud sebagai “*New Landmark*” di Bintulu. Lokasi yang dicadangkan untuk Jepak *Waterfront* ialah bermula daripada Bintulu Integrated Administrative Centre (IAC) dengan panjangnya 3km menghadap Laut China Selatan.

Impak daripada Jepak *Waterfront* adalah seperti berikut:

- (i) Membangunkan ekonomi tempatan iaitu mewujudkan ruang komersial seperti gerai penjaja dan lanskap yang cantik menjadi tarikan pelancong dalam dan luar negara.
- (ii) Meningkatkan aktiviti rekreasi. Menyediakan ruang awam untuk pelbagai fungsi sosial seperti taman rekreasi, trek jogging atau “*walking, outdoor gym*”, tapak perkhemahan dan sebagainya untuk tarikan pengunjung ke *waterfront* Jepak.
- (iii) Mengendalikan hakisan pantai. Memperkukuhkan tebingan pantai bagi mengelakkan kejadian hakisan yang menjejaskan kawasan sekitar melalui pembinaan “*retaining wall*” dan “*wave breaker*”. Terutamanya di kawasan Bintulu Integrated Administrative Centre iaitu (IAC).
- (iv) Memperbaiki estetika bandar. Mengubahkan kawasan tepi pantai menjadi lebih menarik dan mesra pengguna dengan reka bentuk berdasarkan teknologi hijau dan bertemakan etnik dan budaya masyarakat di Bintulu.

Oleh itu Jepak *Waterfront* adalah untuk rakyat Jepak dan akan menjadi kebanggaan mereka dan generasi seterusnya.

(6) Naik Taraf Klinik Kesihatan Kuala Tatau

Klinik Kesihatan Kuala Tatau berada di kawasan luar bandar dan menyediakan perkhidmatan kesihatan untuk penduduk di kawasan persisiran dan rumah panjang berdekatan. Keadaan bangunan kuarters masih buatan dari kayu. Maka, di sini saya mohon Klinik Kesihatan Kuala Tatau dinaik taraf untuk meningkatkan akses kesihatan yang selesa dan ditambah baik infrastruktur, pemerolehan peralatan baharu serta ditingkat mutu perkhidmatan perubatan.

Klinik ini perlu disediakan kemudahan lebih lengkap termasuk makmal diagnostik, perkhidmatan x-ray dan perkhidmatan ambulans. Penaiktarafan ini akan meningkatkan taraf penyampaian perkhidmatan dalam pengoperasian klinik justeru memberi manfaat kepada masyarakat setempat.

Tuan Speaker, di sini saya ingin mengakhiri dengan ucapan pantun:

*Kerabu ikan kelah hirisan kuini,
Campur cekur dengan daun selasih;
Dibentang sudah belanjawan terkini,
Rakyat bersyukur tiada yang tersisih.*

*Kalau memakai kain pelekat,
Dibawa berjalan dapat selesa;
Kalau pandai memimpin umat,
Negara aman rakyat sentosa.*

Akhir kata di sini, saya ingin mengucapkan selamat menyambut Hari Krismas dan selamat menyambut Tahun Baru 2026 kepada semua Ahli-ahli Berhormat dan semua yang hadir dalam dewan ini bagi yang meraikannya. Sama-sama kita berdoa agar Allah memberkati Belanjawan 2026 dan dirasai seluruh rakyat Sarawak.

Dengan ini, Tuan Speaker, sukacitanya Jepak menyokong sepenuh Rang Undang-undang Perbekalan (2026), 2025 yang dibentang oleh Yang Amat Berhormat Premier Sarawak, Menteri Kewangan dan Ekonomi Baru. Sekian, terima kasih.

Timbalan Speaker: Terima kasih, Ahli Yang Berhormat Jepak. I would like to call Ahli Yang Berhormat Pending, please.

YB Puan Violet Yong Wui Wui: Thank you, Tuan Speaker. Tuan Speaker, on the 1st of August when Kuching Water Board, Sibu Water Board and LAKU Management were merged into Sarawak Water Sdn. Bhd. under SFS Incorporated, the public was promised better service, cleaner water and stronger management. KWB and SWB were said to be dissolved. The launch was grand, expectations were high.

Yet, four months later until today, instead of improvement, we still see chaos, confusion, disorder and a complete lack of basic readiness. The announcement was polished but what followed has been a mess. Even the Sarawak Water website reflects the confusion. The website has not even been updated until today.

If you go and access the website, go to your handphone now or go to your laptop, you will see on the introduction states, formerly known as LAKU Management Sdn Bhd. Where are Kuching Water Board? and Sibu Water Board? How can a merger involving three major agencies end up looking like a mere rebranding exercise of one?

The website also claims Sarawak Water has about 500 staff. But the Minister of Utility and Telecommunication had earlier stated during the launch that 1,214 out of 1,248 staff agreed to join the new entity. So, I asked where did the rest go? How did 1,200 staff string to 500 staff? This huge discrepancy exposes poor planning and weak coordination. The staff list online is almost entirely from LAKU. Where are the staff from Kuching Water Board and Sibu Water Board? The corporate profile except the board of directors, you see pictures of them, with the SS and the other perm sec photos in there. The rest are incomplete.

If you access the management team until today, it's still under construction. If you go to the organization structure, to be updated soon. Four months until now you still need time to update. That's why the corporate profile is empty, no organization chart as well. The website itself is in disarray, mirroring the state of the organization. I also learned that there is still no confirmed CEO or until now still acting. Acting *sampai bila*? Is Sarawak truly so lacking in qualified leaders that we cannot appoint a CEO to run our statewide water supply.

I understand that only two people are effectively holding the fort of the top management, and no full management meeting has taken place since the launch. The three entities met only once during the Town Hall Session. After that everything became unclear. How does the state expect stability, planning, accountability when the leadership structure itself is missing? Furthermore, I have yet to see the official document confirming the dissolution of Kuching Water Board and Sibu Water Board. The minister insists they have been dissolved but where is the proof as required under Section 19(5) of the Water Ordinance, 1994? Why are the official websites of Kuching Water Board and Sibu Water Board is still running? You still can access.

On the ground, Kuching residents still receive Kuching Water Board application forms with a Sarawak Water Sdn Bhd stamp on it. Operations still carry the old names. This alone shows Sarawak Water Sdn Bhd is not ready. Four months after the launch, even the basics remain in pieces.

Tuan Speaker, that is why our water problems continue. Muddy water. Dirty water. Constant leaks. Frequent interruptions. In Sibu, some areas had no water for days.

In Kuching, there are only two functioning tankers – one small, one large in operation. The rest all out of service. How can Sarawak Water handle water emergencies for a growing city with just two tankers? One small, one big. When ART construction repeatedly damages water pipes in Tabuan Jaya or Jalan Canna, Stutong area, yet there is not even sufficient tanker support to supply affected residents.

Tuan Speaker, the minister said this merger would strengthen water supply management, improve asset planning and deliver higher consumer satisfaction.

But every functioning organization begins with an organization chart with clear roles, clear reporting lines, clear structure. Sarawak Water does not even have this basic foundation. How do you run a statewide water system without a proper structure?

The minister also promised staff that their welfare would be protected. Yet overtime payments have not been made since August. Why don't you pay up your staff for their overtime? Staff who worked nights, weekends and odd hours to ensure residents have water have not been paid for their dues.

Permanent staff nearing retirement are unsure if their pensions are secure. Contract staff were told they would receive a 20% increase through the public service remuneration system, yet even that is not reflected in their new basic salary.

Meanwhile, senior personnel are travelling extensively while ground staff remain uninformed about the direction of the organization. They are anxious, confused and feeling leaderless. This is not a good governance.

Tuan Speaker, I therefore urge the Yang Amat Berhormat Premier to intervene. The purpose of the consolidation was to create efficiency, integration and reliability, paving the way for 100% clean water coverage by 2030. But Sarawak Water today is nowhere close to achieving this vision.

So, I would like to remind the minister concerned, he may travel as he wishes but he must first put his house in order.

KCPS

Tuan Speaker, KCPC Sdn Bhd had been appointed since 2005 to manage car parking bays within the DBKU and MBKS jurisdiction in Kuching. The company is owned by MBKS (26%), DBKU (26%) and Rezeki Tinggi Sdn Bhd (48%) shareholding. This means 52% of KCPS is effectively owned by the public through their local councils. Therefore, the public has every right to demand transparency and accountability over its operations and finances.

Tuan Speaker, this company made profit in the beginning of the year, except year 2013. Yet from year 2017 onwards, its performance has deteriorated sharply. KCPS recorded losses in 2013, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2021, 2022 and most severely in 2023. I have yet to see the audited report for 2024. Its losses reached RM2,193,517.00. Meanwhile, the company's current liabilities have skyrocketed to RM14,225,499.00 in 2023. This is not merely a financial concern; it is a glaring sign of systematic mismanagement.

Even more troubling, despite holding the monopoly over parking operations in Kuching, KCPS only declared dividends in four years throughout the past two decades, that is year 2008, 2009, 2010 and 2011. This directly contradicts the company's own promotional claim as stated in their website since its operation starting from 1st February 2005. The Kuching City Authorities of DBKU and MBKS have enjoyed a triple money guaranteed parking bays rental income with an additional 52% year-end dividend from KCPS as compared to the former concession holder. This is what is published in their website.

In reality, over the 25 years of operation, *ya* forgot, Deputy Speaker, you were once a director there, so you know what I'm saying right?

Timbalan Speaker: I resigned.

YB Puan Violet Yong Wui Wui: Yes.

Timbalan Speaker: Many years ago.

YB Puan Violet Yong Wui Wui: Ya, many years... I saw ...*(Interruption)*...

Timbalan Speaker: I think... *(Interruption)*...

YB Puan Violet Yong Wui Wui: ... from the audited report, I saw your name there.

Timbalan Speaker: I think you forgot maybe those, what do you call that, good year is where they paid dividend... I was there *(Interruption)*...

YB Puan Violet Yong Wui Wui: Yes, you were there, when the company was making profits.

Timbalan Speaker: Ya, and then I was out... *(Interruption)*...

YB Puan Violet Yong Wui Wui: Ya.

Timbalan Speaker: That's why the company went down probably.

YB Puan Violet Yong Wui Wui: Ohh.. That is very bad. Where were I... *(Interruption)*...

Timbalan Speaker: Thank you, thank you anyway.

YB Puan Violet Yong Wui Wui: Ya, I have to acknowledge that you've done a good job.

In reality, over 25 years of operation, the total dividends paid out amount to only RM623,500. How does this reflect well on a company tasked with managing an essential urban service and one that is majority owned by DBKU and MBKS?

I also found that directors' fees were paid out in 2017, 2018, and 2019 despite the company recording losses and declaring no dividends. When the company were making losses, no dividends but the directors can receive their directorship fees. How can a loss-making company justify paying directors while failing to deliver returns to the very public that owns it?

Tuan Speaker, how did a once-profitable parking operator spiral into years of losses? What changed? Who made these decisions? Did DBKU and MBKS exercise proper oversight or did they simply close one eye while the company bled financially? Between the two councils, we would like to know which council is more efficient in terms of collections of the over parking coupons?

These questions must be answered. At stake is not just the credibility of KCPS, but the integrity of our public institutions. This reflects very poorly on both MBKS and DBKU, institutions entrusted with safeguarding a public asset. If our councils cannot even manage a parking company properly, how can the public trust them to manage city-wide infrastructure and essential services?

Tuan Speaker...*(Interruption)*...

Timbalan Speaker: Yang Berhormat.. I just want to ask a clarification. It is not.. ...*(Interruption)*...

YB Puan Violet Yong Wui Wui: Can you stop my time? Later you give me extra.

Timbalan Speaker: Ya, ya don't worry.. ...*(Interruption)*...

YB Puan Violet Yong Wui Wui: Ya.

Timbalan Speaker: You see, just to be fair. Because there are two mayors there...*(Interruption)*...

YB Puan Violet Yong Wui Wui: Yes.

Timbalan Speaker: And they are actually responsible people...*(Interruption)*...

YB Puan Violet Yong Wui Wui: Yes.

Timbalan Speaker: And to be fair, have you not explored before you put the or advanced the assault on them, have you not considered the challenges the city of Kuching poses towards their responsibility. I think if you put that in your argument it will be a fair, what we called that, argument. I think it's a, just to you know, short of casting improper motives. I'm just observing from this angle. Thank you.

YB Puan Violet Yong Wui Wui: Tuan Speaker, I'm not putting improper motive, but I put forward all these questions because nobody have ever delve into this issue previously and we would like to know that's why I speak, I bring it out in this Dewan so that the Minister of the Local Government during his winding up speech can enlighten us, give us a clearer picture, a better understanding so we do not have all these confusion.

Tuan Speaker, the public working around downtown areas including Carpenter Streets, Main Bazaar, China Street feedback that the Pay & Go Apps does not provide season parking at those areas and thus would like to request Pay & Go to provide them the opportunity to purchase season parking like what KCPS had done before.

Tuan Speaker, after eight years of battling rabies and more than 80 deaths, Sarawak still lacks an effective comprehensive strategy. Rabies is fatal, but entirely preventable when post-exposure steps are taken quickly washing wounds for 15 minutes, receiving HRIG (Human Rabies Immune Globulin) and completing the full vaccine series. Yet, public awareness remains dangerously low. Many of our public, many of our residents, our people do not know, do not aware of all this information.

This year alone, nearly 14,000 animal bite cases were recorded. What is alarming is the shift in trend, 59.7% of bites now come from cats, not dogs. 59.7% bites now are from cats and yet most campaigns still target dogs.

The State Government must urgently intensify education. I call for a dedicated Public Anti-Rabies Education Unit to focus on public awareness, proper post-bite response, responsible pet ownership and the need to vaccinate both dogs and cats. This is affordable, practical and long overdue. It can be set up either under the Department of Veterinary Services or the Ministry of Public Health, Housing and Local Government. So set up a Public Anti-Rabies Education Unit to focus on all these awareness campaigns.

If Sarawak still cannot control rabies after eight long years, then we must admit our agencies are struggling and require the help from external expertise. Countries like Japan and many Western nations eradicated rabies through compulsory pet vaccination. Sarawak must do the same. The data is clear where it shows cats are now the main source of bite incidents. Continuing to focus only on dogs is outdated and ineffective.

Tuan Speaker, Sarawak likes to present itself as a leader in sustainability including renewable energy, carbon valuation and forest restoration. These are commendable. But sustainability is not just about trees and carbon credits. It is about life. Our forests are living ecosystems, without healthy wildlife populations, the very foundation of sustainability collapses.

Wildlife, big or small, keeps our forests alive. Yet the reality is troubling. Sarawak has become part of the illegal wildlife trade network in Southeast Asia. Enforcement records show our strategic land and maritime routes are now attracting international trafficking syndicates. This year, between April and September alone, 444 arrests were made under *Ops Bersepadu Khazanah*, and Sarawak has been flagged as a new transit point for turtles, reptiles and other wildlife total seizures valued at over RM204 million. This is the scale we are dealing with.

As such, we would like to call on the State Government to strengthen your legal protection by listing the, oh sorry I missed out one paragraph.

Among the most alarming is the illegal threat of pangolins, the world's most trafficked mammal. Globally, 1 million pangolins have been poached in the past decade. In Southeast Asia, nearly 900,000 trafficked in just 20 years.

Malaysia has been implicated repeatedly in major seizures. In Sarawak, we saw a staggering case in 2022 where a foreign national was fined RM27.8 million for possessing pangolins and over 2,700 scales in Kuala Baram. And yet, many past offenders got away with penalties far too lenient to deter anyone. As such, I ask...*(Interruption)*...

Timbalan Speaker: Ahli Yang Berhormat.

YB Puan Voilet Yong Wui Wui: Ya.

Timbalan Speaker: One minute added.

YB Puan Voilet Yong Wui Wui: Okay. Too many to speak. Anyway, I finish off this topic. So, I would like to urge the State Government to strengthen the legal protection by listing the Sunda pangolin as a totally protected species under the Sarawak Wildlife Protection Ordinance, 1998. Pangolins eat ants and termites, playing a crucial ecological role in our forests.

Second, boost enforcement using technology-based surveillance and stronger intelligence sharing to intercept trafficking routes. And thirdly, launch public awareness campaign to dismantle dangerous myth about pangolin scale and curb demand both locally and internationally.

And last, last, for the SKAS, especially for the senior citizens who are single, either without partners or children, please allow them to have their SKAS money by banking through their bank account. Not that they do not want to own a smartphone. Even though you give them smartphone, they also do not know how to operate. That is their call to the State Government.

Next year, it is going to increase to RM500. But for this vulnerable group, please consider, allow them to receive the SKAS money through bank account, like what you do, like what the Welfare Department is doing, by banking the money into the bank account. Thank you. With that, I conclude.

Timbalan Speaker: Thank you, Ahli Yang Berhormat for Pending. It seems that there is no one coming in to follow Pending. Anyone wish to debate on this matter? Ahli Yang Berhormat for Batu Kitang. I think it is quite early to adjourn, it is only 11.30 a.m. Ahli Yang Berhormat for Batu Kitang, please.

YB Dato Ir. Lo Khare Chiang: Thank you, Tuan Speaker, sorry sorry...*(Interruption)*...

Timbalan Speaker: Once a while okay. Once a while okay.

YB Dato Ir. Lo Khare Chiang: Dato Deputy Speaker ...*(Interruption)*...

Timbalan Speaker: Jangan tengok saja, okay.

YB Dato Ir. Lo Khare Chiang: Thank you for the honour and opportunity to debate Yang Amat Berhormat Premier's 2026 Budget address.

Before I begin, Tuan Speaker, allow me to record my heartfelt congratulations to Yang Amat Berhormat Datuk Patinggi Tan Sri (Dr) Abang Haji Abdul Rahman Zohari bin Tun Datuk Abang Haji Openg, Premier of Sarawak, on being conferred the Order of the Rising Sun, Gold and Silver, starred by the government of Japan, a prestigious honour that reflects the Right Honourable Premier's visionary leadership and Sarawak's growing international stature.

I would also like to extend my sincere congratulations to the Honourable Tan Sri Datuk Amar Mohamad Asfia bin Awang Nasar on his reappointment for a 10th consecutive term as the Speaker. This honour reflects his exemplary stewardship, his unparalleled tenure as Malaysia's longest-serving legislative Speaker and his enduring role as a steadfast pillar of stability in this august House.

Tuan Speaker, I express my full support for the 2026 Budget. With a projected revenue of RM13.05 billion and an ordinary expenditure of RM12.91 billion, Sarawak is expected to record a surplus of RM144 million in 2026. Despite global uncertainties, fluctuating oil prices and wider economic challenges, Sarawak remains fiscally strong, having already collected RM10.3 billion as of October 2025.

Our revenue remains solid, our expenditure stays controlled, and we continue delivering key infrastructure projects while investing heavily in education and social support. Sarawak's strong fiscal foundation is not because of luck. It reflects discipline, foresight and unity of purpose.

Tuan Speaker, the expansion of the State Sales Tax on petroleum products has affirmed our constitutional rights and broadened revenue, while the emerging State Ownership Policy enhances governance, clarifies mandates and promotes value creation across our SOEs.

The return of Bintulu Port and the consolidation of Sarawak Energy under State Ownership strengthen strategic control and the empowerment of PETROS under the Distribution of Gas Ordinance, 2016 secures stewardship of natural gas resources. Sarawak's structural reforms continue to reinforce our autonomy and strengthen our long-term economic foundation. These reforms mark a defining shift, propelling Sarawak forward at an impressive pace.

Tuan Speaker, Sarawak's digital and high technology agenda is advancing with clear direction and intent. The recent unveiling of the KETEQ AI Power Converter during YAB Premier's mission to the United Kingdom underscores Sarawak's determination to secure its position within the global semiconductor AI and renewable energy supply chain.

Initiatives such as the Semiconductor Mastery Training Programme and the Talent Pipelines under SAIC are deliberately designed to cultivate world-class engineers, analysts, and innovators. Sarawak is aligning human capital with high-value industries, ensuring that technological progress is not imported but grown from within.

Sarawak's welfare framework is not piecemeal charity either. It is a comprehensive, sustainable, and forward-looking system designed to support our people at every stage of life.

Beginning in 2026, the Government will provide free tertiary education for 64 courses in State-owned institutions, supported by free laptops for eligible students and an annual RM1,200 allowance for all Anak Sarawak pursuing tertiary studies nationwide, RM15,000 stipends for students from needy families, and subsidised return air travel for those studying in West Malaysia.

These are complemented by key programmes such as the Baby Endowment, post-natal care support, the Kenyalang Gold Card, and rental assistance to everyone in the B40. One of the latest to be build was at PPR Landeh in my *kawasan*. Together, they form a dignified social safety network that strengthens equity and stability for all Sarawakians.

Tuan Speaker, I wish to respectfully highlight a concern raised by several families residing under the Sarawak Malaysia My Second Home Programme, MM2H. Under the current rules, a dependent child must leave the programme at the age of 21 but cannot apply independently until age 30. This poses real hardship for young adults who grew up here, study here, and contribute here. Revising this requirement will strengthen family unity, retain talents in Sarawak, and enhance Sarawak's standing as a stable, family-friendly destination for long-term residency.

Tuan Speaker, I also wish to convey a matter raised by civil servants under the Professional and Management (P&M) service track, particularly those at Grade 52/ Grade 13. They have expressed concern that they were not included in the recent one-off promotion exercise to Grade 54/ Grade 14, despite fulfilling the required service duration, performance standards, skills assessments, and being part of the same structured progression pathway from Grade 41 to 54. This is a respectful appeal on behalf of those in my constituency and others in similar circumstances to ensure fairness, consistency and continued encouragement for those who serve our people with dedication.

Tuan Speaker, allow me to reaffirm several key development needs within Batu Kitang that continue to require attention and coordinated implementation. The construction of elevated pedestrian walkways along Jalan Datuk Tawi Seli and Jalan Datuk Kalong Ningkan remains essential to ensure the safety of students and senior citizens who cross these busy roads daily. In addition, drainage upgrading works in Taman Kong Ping and Taman Fock San are necessary to address recurring flash floods during periods of heavy rainfall.

Similarly, efforts to improve water supply reliability for residents in Kampung Bunga Rampai and the 10th Mile Bazaar area are important to support both households and local businesses. The issue of water in the 10th Mile Bazaar to a number of shophouses has been there for the last two years and I failed to understand why this cannot be addressed immediately. The installation and enhancement of pedestrian crossings near Cyberjaya College and along Jalan Landeh would also significantly improve public safety.

Finally, I respectfully seek clarification on the timeline for the tar sealing and the maintenance of Jalan Batu Kitang from Kampung Haji Baki to Batu Kitang Bridge, which remains a heavily used route by our community and many others.

Tuan Speaker, before I conclude, I must record a deep sense of concern in light of recent Federal substatements. Let us recall the Prime Minister's own words in January 2023, that every agreement signed with Sabah and Sarawak, including MA63, must be respected and fulfilled. Those are the words of our Prime Minister, and that this must never be reduced to mere political promises. These are the words of the Prime Minister.

Yet today, almost three years later, we are concerned to see how these commitments continue to change shape, change shape again and again. On the matter of one third parliamentary representation, a clear MA63 safeguard, the Federal Government now says they cannot commit, cannot commit. On Sabah's 40% revenue entitlement, we are told it will be honoured, yet the process remains trapped in endless technical discussions.

MA63 is the foundation of Malaysia. Without Sarawak and Sabah, there is no Malaysia. Upholding its terms is essential to maintaining trust and stability in the federation.

Tuan Speaker, Sarawak moves forward because we are united in purpose, firm in our constitutional rights, and consistent in our long-term planning. The Premier has been both our shield and our guide defending our rights with courage while opening new paths for our future and our Yang di-Pertua Negeri stands as our moral compass, reminding us always of integrity, unity and our sacred obligations under MA63.

With that, Tuan Speaker, I reiterate my full support for the 2026 Budget and finally, I wish all Honourable Members of this august House and all of us who are celebrating Christmas *"Merry Christmas and Happy New Year"*. Thank you, Tuan Speaker.

Timbalan Speaker: Thank you, Yang Berhormat bagi Batu Kitang. Next, I would like to call Yang Berhormat bagi Balingian, please.

YB Encik Abdul Yakub bin Haji Arbi: Bismillahirrahmanirrahim. Assalamualaikum Warahmatullahi Wabarakatuh, Salam Sarawak Maju Makmur, Salam *Segulai Sejalai*.

Tuan Speaker, thank you for giving me the honour to participate in this debate on the Sarawak Budget 2026, themed *"Empowering People, Advancing Prosperity, Building a Resilient Future"*. It is great respect that I rise today to voice my full support for this Budget, which once again reflects the Premier's visionary leadership and the Government's unwavering commitment to strengthening Sarawak's long-term prosperity while safeguarding the wellbeing of the people.

Tuan Speaker, this year's Budget is tabled at a time when the global economy continues to face considerable uncertainty. International trade is affected by shifts in geopolitical dynamics, changing supply chains, increasing protectionism, and fluctuating commodity prices particularly crude oil. These challenges, though external in nature, influence every economy, including ours. Yet amid this global environment, Sarawak continues to demonstrate remarkable resilience and disciplined governance.

Our projected economic growth of 4.5% to 5.0% in 2025, with an even stronger outlook of 5.0% and 6.0% in 2026, is a testament to the soundness of Sarawak's policies, the vibrancy of our economic sectors, and the confidence that investors place in our State's direction. These figures did not occur by chance; they are the result of deliberate planning, structural strengthening and strategic investments made over many years under the steadfast leadership of our Premier.

Tuan Speaker, the Premier has anchored the Budget on five strategic imperatives, each aligned with Sarawak's long-term aspiration of becoming a high-income, competitive, innovative, and environmentally sustainable economy.

These imperatives are:

- (a) Fiscal and structural reforms;
- (b) Prudential and responsible financial management;
- (c) Expansionary, growth-driven investments;
- (d) Diversification of revenue sources, and
- (e) Inclusive development ensuring no Sarawakian is left behind.

Together, these pillars reflect clarity of vision and continuity of strategic purpose. They form a strong foundation upon which Sarawak can not only withstand external shocks but thrive in the face of them.

For 2026, the State anticipates total revenue of RM13.1 billion, supported mainly by State Sales Tax, petroleum-related compensation, dividends, and interest income. With a budget surplus of RM144 million, this Budget reflects disciplined financial stewardship - a hallmark of Sarawak's administration.

This surplus is significant. It provides the state with the fiscal space to continue investing heavily in infrastructure, human capital, digitalization, innovation, environmental stewardship, and community wellbeing, all while preserving strong reserves for future contingencies.

Tuan Speaker, the State Government has allocated RM9.3 billion for development expenditure in 2026 commitment to long-term growth. Allow me to highlight several key pillars that will bring direct tangible impact to the *rakyat*.

(1) Agriculture and Food Security:

- (a) RM73 million for smart and precision farming;
- (b) RM21.4 million for agroparks and aquaculture parks;
- (c) RM20.4 million for drainage and irrigation in the paddy areas; and
- (d) RM33 million for strengthening the cattle industry.

These measures elevate our agricultural landscape towards modern, technology-driven production. Smart farming, sustainable aquaculture, and improved irrigation systems will enhance yields, increase rural incomes, and strengthen Sarawak's food security in the year ahead.

(2) Economic Diversification and SME Development:

- (a) RM31 million for Micro SME development;
- (b) RM20 million for SME training and upskilling;
- (c) RM58.2 million for industrial parks across Sarawak;
- (d) RM6 million for trade and investment promotion; and
- (e) RM21 million for Sarawak Trade and Tourism Offices in Singapore, Brunei, and Pontianak.

These initiatives open new pathways for trade, investment, industrial activity, and market expansion. SMEs, especially those in semi-urban and rural districts, stand to benefit from upgraded infrastructure and better access to training and markets.

(3) Education and Human Capital Development:

- (a) RM250 million for the Free Tertiary Education Scheme (FTES);
- (b) RM36 million for Yayasan Sarawak International Secondary Schools;
- (c) RM22 million for SeDidik early childhood education;
- (d) RM30.5 million for free laptops;
- (e) RM2 million for book vouchers;
- (f) RM60 million for student living assistance;
- (g) RM96.2 million for TVET institutions; and
- (h) RM18 million for semiconductor talent development.

These are allocations uplift Sarawak's education ecosystem and prepare our young generation for knowledge-intensive industries.

(4) Environmental Stewardship and Climate Preparedness:

- (a) RM3.4 million for the Climate Change Roadmap;
- (b) RM7 million for Net-Zero Strategy and carbon pricing studies;
- (c) Introduction of a carbon levy beginning 2026;
- (d) RM30.73 million for sustainable environmental management; and
- (e) RM62 million for Sarawak Forestry Corporation.

These commitments strengthen Sarawak's global position in sustainable development and green economic transition.

(5) Rural Development:

- (a) Rural infrastructure;
- (b) Utility expansion;
- (c) Farm roads and logistics;
- (d) Agrifood collection and processing facilities; and
- (e) Entrepreneurship support through Anjung Usahawan.

For rural constituencies like Balingian, these interventions improve mobility, connectivity, and opportunities for the community upliftment. As we acknowledge the broad and the transformative impact of this Budget across Sarawak, it is also essential to ground our focus on the real and immediate issues faced by our local communities. In this regard, I wish to raise several concerns in Balingian that require urgent and coordinated action.

Isu Nelayan

Tuan Speaker, isu penangkapan nelayan tempatan oleh Jabatan Perikanan Malaysia di Kuala Balingian dan Mukah menimbulkan keresahan. Penguatkuasaan undang-undang haruslah disertai budi bicara memandangkan mereka bergantung kepada hasil laut sebagai punca pendapatan. Sementara itu, persepsi bahawa pencerobohan nelayan asing belum ditangani sepenuhnya memerlukan mekanisme penguatkuasaan lebih menyeluruh.

Penempatan Agensi Kerajaan

Saya mencadangkan:

- (a) Penubuhan Pusat Kawalan Operasi APM di Daerah Kecil Balingian;

- (b) Naik taraf premis bomba komuniti, termasuk kelengkapan dan ruang operasi;
- (c) Latihan berkala untuk bomba sukarela; dan
- (d) Penempatan seorang pegawai penyelia sepenuh masa di Stadium Mini Balingian.

Pendidikan

Projek SMK Balingian terlalu lama tertangguh. Saya menyeru agar pelaksanaannya dipercepatkan demi memastikan akses pendidikan menengah yang wajar kepada anak-anak Balingian.

Telekomunikasi

Gangguan telekomunikasi dan kes vandalisme terhadap menara serta peralatan rangkaian telah menjejaskan kehidupan harian penduduk. Pendekatan yang lebih tegas dan penyelenggaraan berkala amat diperlukan.

Bekal Air Beresi

Aku mega deka ngenataika isu bekaul enggau penanggul air beresi ti agi bedau stabil sereta chukup ba beberapa kandang endur ba Balingian. Penanggul baka tu suah amat ngeruga pengawa bersari-sari rakyat. Aku ngarap penanggul tu diputar enggau naka alah ngambi ka rakyat ti dudi ari nadai penanggul agi .

Ketua Masyarakat Ketua Kaum

Perintah Sarawak udah ngaku tanggung pengawa sida tuai raban bansa ti udah nyadi penyambung antara rakyat enggau perintah. Perambu ti deka nambah ke tuai raban bansa ti baru di Mukah enggau Balingian kelebih agi Pemanca Iban udah dikenatai ngagai Jawatankuasa KMKK. Aku arap peminta tu dilulus enggau lengkas ngambi penanggul ti bekaul enggau kes mahkamah ulih diputar enggau jampat.

Boutique Hotel dan Resthouse Balingian

Saya mohon penjelasan mengenai status Boutique Hotel Balingian yang telah diluluskan pada 29 Mac 2022.

Saya juga ingin mengetahui kemajuan Resthouse Balingian yang telah diperuntukkan sebanyak RM10 juta pada Januari 2025.

Biojisim

Lori rintis rawatan sisa cecair sagu di Kampung Teh Tabo masih belum beroperasi walaupun pemasangan meter telah siap. Penduduk ingin mengetahui bila projek ini dapat dimulakan sepenuhnya.

Naik taraf Skim Pembesaran Kampung (SPK)

Saya memohon agar SPK lama dinaik taraf mengikut spesifikasi baharu meliputi jalan berturap, parit konkrit, lot bertembok, serta bekalan air dan elektrik. Skim terlibat termasuk SPK Jebungan Fasa Dua, SPK Tabo, SPK Tutus Hilir dan SPK Kuala Balingian.

Hakisan Sungai

Hakisan sungai di Kampung Teh Labak, Kampung Ragei, Tutus Hilir dan kawasan Batang Gigis Ulu Mukah semakin membimbangkan. Tindakan segera diperlukan demi keselamatan penduduk.

Fasiliti Pengangkutan

Akibat peningkatan jumlah kenderaan berat yang menggunakan jalan pesisir pantai di kawasan Balingian, saya mencadangkan agar pihak berkuasa tempatan dapat mengenal pasti serta menyediakan kawasan parkir khas untuk lori, bagi meningkatkan tahap keselamatan dan mengurangkan risiko kemalangan. Selain itu, saya juga mencadangkan agar lokasi transit bas dikenal pasti demi keselamatan dan keselesaan orang awam.

Jambatan Alternatif Mukah

Rakyat di Balingian juga ingin mengetahui perkembangan terkini mengenai Projek Jambatan Kedua Mukah, yang amat penting untuk kelancaran perhubungan.

Jalan Pesisir Pantai

Saya mencadangkan jalan pesisir pantai dinaik taraf menjadi jalan dua hala bagi menampung peningkatan trafik dan kenderaan berat.

Pekerja Asing

Kehadiran pekerja asing yang meningkat telah menimbulkan kebimbangan berkaitan keselamatan dan sosial. Penduduk ingin mengetahui langkah penguatkuasaan dan kawalan yang sedang serta akan dilaksanakan.

Tuan Speaker, as I have outlined the various issues affecting the people of Balingian, I wish to emphasise my earnest hope that all these matters touching on livelihood, safety, infrastructure, development and community wellbeing will be addressed in a fair, timely and amicable manner. I am confident that with this continued cooperation of the relevant ministries and agencies and with the shared commitment of Honourable House, these concerns can be resolved effectively for the benefit of our rakyat.

Tuan Speaker, before I proceed to my final remark, I would like to offer one modest but meaningful suggestion regarding the facilities of this very complex. Every DUN sitting hundreds of government officers, media personnel and members of the public walk from the public parking areas to the august House, open under scorching heat or heavy rain. To improve their safety and convenience and comfort, I humbly propose that the government consider setting aside an allocation to construct covered walkways connecting the main public parking zones to the DUN building. Those small in scale compared with the state's wider development agenda, this enhancement would significantly improve accessibility and reflect our shared commitment to making the DUN a modern efficient and people-friendly institution.

In conclusion, Tuan Speaker, the Sarawak Budget 2026 is not merely a financial document. It is a comprehensive and forward-looking roadmap that builds economic resilience, accelerates social progress and prepares Sarawak for the evolving challenges ahead. It is a Budget that places people at the centre, strengthens shared prosperity and ensures the continuity of inclusive development across all regions.

On behalf of the people of N.58 Balingian, I express my full support for the Supply (2026) Bill, 2025 and commend the Premier for presenting a Bill that is bold, strategic, responsible and truly people-oriented.

To our Christian community or friend, *selamat menyambut Hari Krismas* and to all Sarawakians, I wish a safe, blessed and prosperous New Year. Thank you. Tuan Speaker.

Timbalan Speaker: Thank you, Honourable Member for Balingian. We would like to call Yang Berhormat Bukit Assek.

YB Encik Chieng Jin Ek: Tuan Speaker, thank you for giving me the opportunity in participating the debate on the Supply (2026) Bill, 2025, which was tabled by Yang Amat Berhormat Premier of Sarawak cum Minister for Finance and New Economy.

Tuan Speaker, today I stand in full support of the 2026 Sarawak Budget themed “*Empowering People, Advancing Prosperity, Building a Resilient Future*”. The theme reflects the core belief of our government and that it is our duty not only to grow the economy, but to ensure that every Sarawakian, regardless of background, has the opportunity to share in the progress of this great State.

Tuan Speaker, I am pleased to note that 2026 Sarawak Budget is a strategic and expansionary budget supported by continued revenue and reengineering and prudent financial management. With an estimated revenue of RM13.05 billion and ordinary expenditure of RM12.91 billion, we are forecasting a budget surplus of RM144 million. This surplus is not merely a number, it is proof that Sarawak is heading to the right direction, with strong fundamentals enabling us to invest more boldly in infrastructure, digital transformation and sustainable development without compromising the financial discipline.

Tuan Speaker, I rise in support particularly of the enhanced Sumbangan Keperluan Asas Sarawak (SKAS) for 2026, an initiative that truly reflects the compassionate and people-centred governance of the GPS Government. At a time when many households continue to feel the pressure of rising living costs, SKAS provides meaningful relief by directly assisting those who need it most.

The revised assistance rates demonstrate a targeted and responsible approach. Households earning RM5,000 and below will now receive RM950 annually, senior citizens without partners or children will receive RM500, and single individuals earning RM2,500 and below will receive RM300, with reimbursements made once every four months. With RM640 million allocated, more than one million Sarawakians stand to benefit. And this initiative is not just about financial aid; it is about dignity, assurance, and ensuring that no Sarawakian is left behind.

Tuan Speaker, there are few issues that I would like to bring attention to the august House.

Bukit Assek Redevelopment: A Catalyst for Sibu's Modern Future

Tuan Speaker, I rise today to once again highlight the transformative Bukit Assek Redevelopment Project, a flagship initiative under our visionary YAB Premier of Sarawak. This development is not merely a construction effort; it is a long-term blueprint to reshape Sibu into a modern, resilient, and vibrant urban centre.

The master plan is currently being finalised by the Land Custody and Development Authority (LCDA) in collaboration with the international consultant Ramboll. Once completed and approved, it will be announced by our YAB Premier. The implementation will follow a comprehensive 15 to even 20 years roadmap beginning in 2026, reflecting our Premier's commitment that Sibu were evolve into a modern town with its own character, where sustainable infrastructure and flood mitigation, economic growth are integrated with the needs of the people.

The redevelopment area has now expanded from 497 acres to 830 acres, incorporating the riverbanks and swamp zones to ensure comprehensive, scientific, and long-term planning, and this expansion enables systematic infrastructure development that will address the long-standing flooding issues while unlocking the land value for commercial, residential and the community development.

Tuan Speaker, the economic spillover from this project extends far beyond Bukit Assek. It create jobs, stimulate the construction and the service sectors, and attracts investors from within and beyond Sarawak. We are encouraged that LCDA has already showcased this project at the Sarawak

Mega Fair 2025 in Singapore, positioning Bukit Assek as an international investment focal point and highlighting Sarawak's potential under PCDS 2030.

As this planning reaches its crucial phase, meaningful community engagement must be prioritized. Therefore, I strongly urge LCDA to organize a public exhibition once the master plan is announced by our YAB Premier of Sarawak. The exhibition should be held at accessible venues with officers on site to explain the development phases, the timeline, the flood mitigation strategy and economic benefits. The people of Sibu deserve transparency, clarity and direct dialogue about the changes that will shape their living environment for decades.

Frequent Low Water Pressure and Water Supply Disruptions in Sibu

Timbalan Speaker, water is not a privilege. It's not a privilege. It is basic human right recognized globally. Every citizen deserves equal access to safe, clean and reliable water. When communities are deprived from the fundamental need, it is more than an inconvenience, it reflect a failure to protect the human dignity and the welfare.

In Sibu, many areas are experiencing frequent low water pressure and long duration water disruptions have become a troubling norm. Residential areas experienced days without water. Small businesses owners are forced to close their shop. Families queue to buy bottled water. Industries lack sufficient water for daily operations. Some communities have waited up too few weeks with little to no supply.

And even more concerning, many of these disruptions occur without any warning or public notifications. Households wake up unable to shower, prepare food, or perform basic hygiene. Businesses suddenly cannot operate. Industrial activities are halted. When an entire community suffers unexpected water cuts, emergency assistance should be prompt, reliable and automatic, not delayed, conditional or dependent on repeated public complaints.

And this crisis also undermines our economic development. For example, in the Rantau Panjang shipbuilding industrial zone, unstable water supply disrupts repairs, cleaning processes, cooling systems and worker facilities. And this impacts the productivity, competitiveness and investor confidence. Therefore, I urge the Ministry of Public Utilities and Telecommunications to;

- (a) Allocate funds to construct an Acute Water Treatment Plant (AWTP) in Rantau Panjang.
- (b) Expedite upgrading of aging and overloaded main pipelines, improving the system stability.
- (c) Expedite the ongoing upgrade of the Salim Water Treatment Plant, which will double its capacity and increase clean water production from 150 million to 300 million liters per day.
- (d) Implement forward planning assessments, aligning water infrastructure with population and industrial growth.

Tuan Speaker, development must begin with essentials. Let us guarantee the reliable water for Sarawakians today, not someday. In addition to immediate and urgent measures, Sibu also requires medium to long term solutions to prevent this crisis from recurring. Therefore, I strongly urge the Ministry to approve and expediate the following projects;

- (a) Jalan Ulu-Sibu West Storage Tanks & Pipelines.
- (b) Pipeline extension at Jalan Tunku Abdul Rahman, which covers from the Jalan Ulu Sungai Merah and the Jalan Ulu Oya area.
- (c) Ulu Sungai Merah storage tank.
- (d) Pipeline extension at Kemuyang & High-Level Tank.

These projects are not optional upgrades, they are necessary infrastructure commitments that will secure Sibu's water future for the next generation.

Improving Sibu's Air Connectivity through Air Borneo

Tuan Speaker, I stand to bring forth an issue that directly shapes the daily lives, the live economy and connectivity of our people air travel in Sarawak, especially from the upcoming launch of Air Borneo. For Sarawakians, air travel is not a matter of convenience, it is a vital bridge that links families across long distances, enables businesses to grow and sustains our tourism and trade sectors. As we move forward with the establishment of our own Sarawak airline, it is crucial that the new milestone reflects the real needs of all Sarawakians, including those in Sibu.

While Kuching is expected to serve as the central hub, it is equally important that Sibu, being the heart of central Sarawak, receives strong consideration in route planning. Sibu stands as a major logistics, commercial, service industry and the educational center. Therefore, I urge the flight frequencies from Sibu to key destinations such as Kuching, Kuala Lumpur, Kota Kinabalu and Miri be significantly enhanced. And more connections mean more mobility for our people and more opportunity for our economy.

Tuan Speaker, the people of Sibu continue to face a recurring burden. Airfares increase sharply during the festive seasons. Families often struggle to return home for Chinese New Year, Hari Raya, Christmas and Gawai. For many, the cost of an air ticket becomes heavier than the cost of the celebration itself. As Air Borneo is designed to serve Sarawakians, then I sincerely hope that the airline will introduce affordable and *rakyat* friendly fares particularly during the major festivals.

Furthermore, with AirBorneo planning regional and international routes, including Singapore, Hong Kong, Bali, Jakarta and possibly Shenzhen, we must ensure that Sibu is not sidelined. Even phased international connecting flights from Sibu would boost tourism, business travel and cargo export opportunities.

Tuan Speaker, AirBorneo must unite Sarawak, not only with the world, but with each other, fairly and inclusively. Let Sibu be part of this historic journey toward a more connected and prosperous Sarawak.

Protection on innocent customers under the Sarawak Electricity Ordinance

Tuan Speaker, I rise today to address a pressing concern regarding the enforcement of the Sarawak Electricity Ordinance, particularly the extent of SESCO'S power to discontinue supply and recover losses resulting from electricity theft. While it is crucial to combat tampering and illegal tapping, the current practice has caused serious injustice to innocent customers, especially property owners who have never benefited from nor participated in any wrongdoing.

Under Section 33A of the Ordinance, SESCO is given statutory powers to prosecute the offenders and recover revenue loss. However, instead of directing enforcement against the actual wrongdoers, SESCO has increasingly held innocent landlords liable for loss of revenue, and threatened to disconnect electricity supply, not just to the affected premises, but also to their own homes and other properties under the same name.

Recently, I was approached by multiple victims of this enforcement approach. Let me highlight two alarming examples:

- (a) Incident 1: A landlord rented out her commercial property without knowing that the tenant was running a bitcoin mining operation. The tenant tampered with the meter. Instead of prosecuting the tenant, SESCO demanded approximately RM700,000 from the innocent owner, or face disconnection of supply.
- (b) Incident 2: A retired elderly couple, aged around 75, leased a shophouse for RM450 per month. The tenant misrepresented that the premises were for storage and then illegally tapped electricity without installing a meter. The couple was later issued a demand of RM280,000 and

it's reduced to RM95,000 on appeal, but with the threat that their home's electricity would be disconnected if they did not pay. These elderly citizens survive on small rental income and children's support. Forcing payment through disconnection risks pushing them into homelessness and hardship.

Tuan Speaker, Section 33A gives SECSO discretion to prosecute in court or to recover losses by issuing a certificate and disconnecting supply. SESCO often chooses not to prosecute offenders because it is easier to demand payment and use disconnection as leverage. This denies innocent owners their right to a fair trial and results in punishment without due process.

Electricity is a basic necessity, and disconnection should not be weaponised against the innocent. To continue allowing such practice contradicts the spirit of justice, proportionality and legislative intent. The Ordinance is clearly meant to punish the offenders, not destroy the lives of innocent consumers.

Therefore, I humbly propose the following reforms:

- (a) Amend the Sarawak Electricity Ordinance or issue new rules under Section 36. Clear legal provisions should differentiate between offenders and innocent customers, ensuring liability is imposed only after proof of involvement. Innocent landlords must not be presumed guilty merely because an offence occurred on their premises.
- (b) Require the prosecution of actual offenders before recovery of losses.
- (c) Prohibit disconnection to premises not involved in the offence.
- (d) Establish an independent inquiry committee within SESCO.

Timbalan Speaker: Wind up. Wind up.

YB Encik Chieng Jin Ek: Tuan Speaker, fairness must prevail over convenience. Laws must protect the *rakyat*, not harm those who did nothing wrong. Our enforcement must punish the guilty, and it will never destroy the innocent.

- (e) Ensuring fair, affordable and efficient digitalization in NRE Management in Sarawak. I must convey the growing concerns from several key industries, is regarding on the management through the Foreign Workers Transformation Approach to a new system known as SANSOLS.

As we know that under this previous application system, no system fee was imposed. But with the new implementation, a new application fee amounting of RM1,854, plus an 8% service tax, brings the total of RM2,002.40 per applicant. For industries employing a large number of workers, this represents a major financial burden. Therefore, as wisely reported by industry stakeholders, companies are already bearing the costs including the medical screenings, the permits and levies. Adding an additional of the extra fees significantly impacts the operational expenses that discourages the expansion.

So, therefore, I respectfully request the ministry to review and reduce the SANSOLS fee structure, particularly for high-dependency sectors.

Ensure that the new system truly accelerates the approval efficiency, reduces the waiting time and improves the user experience. Digitalization should uplift business competitiveness.

Timbalan Speaker: Wind up, Yang Berhormat, please.

YB Encik Chieng Jin Ek: Not become an added burden. I trust the ministry will consider these feedback and I would like to wind up, in conclusion I would like to wish all my fellow colleagues, who are Christian, Merry Christmas and of course, I wishing everyone a Happy and Prosperous New Year 2026 and with that Tuan Speaker, I fully support the Supply (2026) Bill, 2025. Thank you very much.

Timbalan Speaker: Thank you very much, Yang Berhormat Bukit Assek. Ahli-ahli Yang Berhormat, we shall now adjourned for lunch. And can you be back at 2.30 p.m., please. Thank you.

(Mesyuarat ditangguhkan pada pukul 12.22 tengah hari)

(Mesyuarat dimulakan pada pukul 2.40 petang)

[Timbalan Speaker mempengerusikan Mesyuarat]

Timbalan Speaker: Ahli-ahli Yang Berhormat, kita sambungkan perbahasan. Yang Berhormat Kota Sentosa.

YB Encik Yap Yau Sin: Thank you, Tuan Speaker. Thank you for the opportunity to debate this Supply (2026) Bill, 2025. Today, I speak for the people of Kota Sentosa, who are tired of DAP politicians who only know how to talk, blame and politicise but refuse to take responsibility when they are part of the Federal Government.

Tuan Speaker, Sarawak's Budget 2026 is holistic built on discipline, long-term strategy, and the Post COVID-19 Development Strategy (PCDS) 2030 blueprint. The budget is strategic built on the success of revenue reengineering and prudent financial management with bold investments in infrastructure, digital transformation and sustainable with the well-being of the *rakyat* at the heart of its priorities. It focuses on real development, not political theatre. That is why the people trust GPS.

Tuan Speaker, every rainy season, the DAP comes out with dramatic videos and emotional statements as if they have discovered flooding for the first time. But let us be honest. Many drainage and road issues in Kota Sentosa existed long before GPS took over the constituency. They are structural problems born from years of neglect when the opposition was busy campaigning instead of planning. And now, despite being part of the Federal Government, DAP still complains as if they are powerless outsiders.

Tuan Speaker, the *rakyat* deserves answers to a simple question. If DAP is in the Federal Government, why can't they fight for larger Federal allocations to solve old infrastructure problems in urban Sarawak? Why blame? Why never take responsibility?

I commend and support the GPS Government long-term reengineering approach of upgrading drains, building monsoon channels, reinforcing riverbanks because real solutions require funding and technical work, not social media posting.

Tuan Speaker, I commend the increased allocation of RM640 million under Budget 2026 for *Sumbangan Keperluan Asas Sarawak* (SKAS). SKAS is a GPS initiative designed to help ease the cost of living of the lower income group. The Sarawak Government will increase financial assistance under the Sarawak Basic Needs Assistance programme to help ease the cost of living rises. Households earning RM5,000 and below will see their annual SKAS support rise by RM150, from RM800 to RM950, with each disbursement amounting to RM316.

Tuan Speaker, cost of living pressures are real, food prices, rental, transportation, and school supplies. But we must be fair and truthful. Cost of living is heavily influenced by Federal policies, import regulations, subsidies and national Sales and Service Tax (SST). Yet DAP politicians continue to stand in markets and coffee shops blaming the Sarawak Government for the high cost of living even though they sit comfortably in Putrajaya.

If DAP controls key federal ministries, then step up and use your federal power. Fight for Sarawak by enhancing federal allocations to Sarawak. Do not pretend to be Opposition heroes when you are federal policy makers. The people of Kota Sentosa can see this contradiction clearly. They want sincerity, not political acrobatics and definitely not political *tai chi*.

Tuan Speaker, I wish to acknowledge that there have been increasing public requests for Sarawak to introduce a basic income or universal social pension for senior citizens. Speaking on behalf of our elderly, many of whom have contributed a lifetime of service to Sarawak, I must emphasize that they are not asking for luxury, they are asking for security and recognition in their later years. Associations, civil society groups and families across the state have conveyed that our elderly deserve a guaranteed monthly income to support their basic needs.

These sentiments are sincere and reflect the compassion and gratitude of our *rakyat* towards our senior generation. But as the Premier, the Member for Gedong, has rightly said, while the proposal is promising, Sarawak must strengthen its financial foundation before extending such a right permanently to all its citizens.

Tuan Speaker, the proposal for a retirement income of RM200 monthly for life for all Sarawakians aged 65 and above reflects the trust our elderly have in the GPS led Sarawak Government to protect their welfare. However, we must also confront the long-term mathematical reality. Sarawak has over 300,000 senior citizens. At RM200 monthly per person, the annual cost stands at roughly RM720 million before considering inflation, rising life expectancy and future demographic shifts. In two decades, that cost may double and our commitment must be equally long-lasting.

Tuan Speaker, let us continue focusing on growing our income base, improving wages and providing targeted assistance to the most vulnerable elderly groups, while concurrently conducting a full feasibility study on a universal pension scheme as requested by the public.

We must acknowledge the strong hopes of our elderly and the voices calling on their behalf. But Sarawak must walk a responsible and sustainable path. When the day comes, when our reserves are strong and our financial structure solid, then the pension scheme we introduce will not only be meaningful, but also permanent, reliable and sustainable for generations to come.

Tuan Speaker, I wish to highlight a proposal that aligns with our allocations for urban development, municipal enhancement, cultural promotion and community inclusivity. Recently, I attended the 91st Anniversary Dinner of the Sarawak Hakka Community Association, where the Hakka community expressed a sincere request, that a road in the vicinity of Hakka Avenue be officially named "*Jalan Hakka*". Today, I bring that request to this august House, not only as a recognition of heritage, but as a proposal with infrastructure, social and tourism value directly relevant to this Supply Bill.

Tuan Speaker, naming or developing a road carries real, manageable costs that fall under the urban development, public works, and municipal or local authorities' budgets. A small and strategic allocation can accommodate this project without straining the development budget, while delivering long-term public benefit.

Tuan Speaker, this proposal supports the government's vision of inclusive development, where every community sees themselves reflected in the landscape of Sarawak. The Hakka community has contributed profoundly to our state from agriculture and trade in the early days, to education and vernacular school development, to professional services, entrepreneurship and civic leadership today.

Naming a road "*Jalan Hakka*" provides fair, balanced recognition, similar to roads named after the other Chinese dialect groups and communities in Kuching. It promotes social inclusivity, demonstrating that every community, large or small, has a respected place in Sarawak's multicultural identity.

Tuan Speaker, this proposal also aligns with our tourism development agenda. A formally recognised *Jalan Hakka*, located near Hakka Avenue, can become part of Kuching's multicultural heritage tourism product enhancement. Such a naming contributes to place branding, increasing

visibility for domestic and international tourists who want to explore Sarawak's multicultural heritage. It is a high-impact cultural tourism enhancement with minimal expenditure.

This proposal is consistent with the broader goals of the Supply Bill of strengthening social cohesion through inclusive recognition, economic uplift through cultural tourism and strategic, low-cost, high-value investment for community empowerment. By allocating modest resources under municipal and urban development provisions, the Government can achieve both practical infrastructure improvement and symbolic yet meaningful heritage recognition.

Tuan Speaker, I therefore respectfully urge the House to support a budget allocation for the construction or upgrading and naming of a road near Hakka Avenue as "*Jalan Hakka*". This initiative would honour the enduring contributions of the Hakka community, promotes genuine social inclusivity, enhances Sarawak's cultural tourism potential, and fits squarely within the practical infrastructure focus of the Supply Bill.

Tuan Speaker, Kota Sentosa's needs are clear, road resurfacing, street lighting, drainage and flood mitigation, waste management upgrades, safer neighbourhoods, support for SMEs and hawkers and strong digital connectivity. These require funding and consistent work year-round, weekly ground engagement and coordination with state agencies. But what has the opposition offered? Press conferences, photo opportunities, and last-minute appearances after problems explode, followed by blaming this GPS Government for issues rooted in federal systems, outdated infrastructure, or their own years of neglect.

Tuan Speaker, this Budget is not perfect, but it is responsible, steady and focused on real needs. GPS has a proven track record of delivering development, not excuses. The Opposition must stop using Sarawak as a stage for federal political theatre. If DAP wants to be taken seriously by the urban electorate, then they must start taking responsibility for their role in the Federal Government instead of blaming the state for everything under the sun. The people of Kota Sentosa and I believed the people of Sarawak want solutions, not slogans. They want consistency, not contradictions. They want leadership, not rhetorics.

Tuan Speaker, I'm about to conclude and I know that everyone loves to hear a *pantun* so I'm going to end with a *pantun* to share.

*Dari Padungan ke Kota Sentosa,
Cakap banyak kerja sikit, buat orang geleng kepala;
DAP Pusat sudah berkuasa,
Sarawak minta pembangunan, jangan tidur la.*

With these words, I fully support the Supply (2026) Bill, 2025. Thank you.

Timbalan Speaker: Thank you, Ahli Yang Berhormat for Kota Sentosa. I would like to call, with respect Yang Berhormat Bawang Assan please. Bawang Assan.

YB Dato Sri Wong Soon Koh: Thank you, Yang Berhormat Tuan Speaker. Thank you for giving me the opportunity to speak on the truly exceptional and visionary Budget 2026 presented by Yang Amat Berhormat Premier, Minister for Finance. Allow me to place on record my strongest commendation for what I would describe as one of the most wide-ranging, all- encompassing and forward-looking budgets ever tabled in this august House.

Before I proceed Yang Berhormat Tuan Speaker, I would like to congratulate Premier of Sarawak, Yang Amat Berhormat Datuk Patinggi Tan Sri (Dr) Abang Haji Abdul Rahman Zohari bin Tun Datuk Abang Haji Openg on being bestowed the highly coveted recognition of the prestigious Rising Star Award from Japan. It is a strong testament to Sarawak's growing international standing and the bold leadership that has positioned our state as a respected global partner. This Award is not merely a personal accolade, it reflects the confidence that international institutions and

governments have in Sarawak's clear development direction, political stability, and forward-looking policy.

Japan's acknowledgement underscores to me at least three important points:

- (a) Sarawak green transition leadership. Japan recognizes Sarawak as one of the most promising, emerging leaders in renewal energy, hydrogen development, and green industrial transformation. Under the Premier's mission, Sarawak has become a regional model for sustainable growth.
- (b) Credibility of Sarawak's governance. The award highlights the Premier's reputation for pragmatic and competent government quality that international partners value. This enhances Sarawak attractiveness to foreign investors and strategic collaborators from Japan and beyond.
- (c) Strengthening Sarawak-Japan cooperation. This honour opens the door for deeper collaboration in energy, technology transfer, high-value investment, and talent development. It signals to Japan industries that Sarawak is a reliable and fast-growing partner in Asia.

The Premier's achievement is therefore a recognition of Sarawak progress made possible by a stable Government, strong policy continuity, and the trust of the people. It inspires confidence that Sarawak is on the right path towards becoming a high-income, globally connected, and sustainably developed nation. Yang Berhormat Tuan Speaker, this is truly a proud moment for Sarawak.

Yang Berhormat Tuan Speaker, the Budget presented by Yang Amat Berhormat is far more than an annual financial document. To me, it is a strategic roadmap, a strategic plan that aligns our Post COVID-19 Development Strategy, our aspiration for economic resilience and our commitment to building a high-income, green and globally competitive Sarawak.

Tuan Speaker, it is a development-biased budget with a clear impact. It is indeed the blueprint for long-term transformations, balancing immediate social priorities with investments that will secure Sarawak's economic resilience for decades to come.

This budget maintains a strong development bias, channelling significant resources into infrastructure modernization, rural connectivity, water security, electricity reliability and digital backbone expansion.

This is not development for its own sake. It is development with purpose, development that closes the rural-urban divide, uplifts communities and accelerates activities in every division.

YAB Premier's emphasis on long-term capital investment rather than short term populism once again reflects responsible and visionary leadership. The budget represents green growth, clean energy and climate leadership.

Tuan Speaker, I must highlight the Premier's unwavering commitment to the green economy. Budget 2026 places Sarawak at the forefront of energy transition, with strong allocation for renewal energy expansion, hydrogen production and commercialization, carbon capture and utilization and climate adaptation and forest restoration. This is not just environmental policy.

This is economic strategy, positioning Sarawak as Southeast Asia's leader in new emergence of green industries. The budget also aims at social well-being. Despite being development-heavy, the budget is delivered with commendable fiscal discipline.

Social inclusion remains a core pillar, with continued support for education and skill upgrading, healthcare facilities, community programs and welfare assistance for the vulnerable. This is proof that compassion and prudence can coexist, a balance many governments in the world struggle to achieve.

The budget is also empowering businesses, driving food security and strengthening SMEs. Tuan Speaker, this budget supports the entire economic ecosystem. From SMEs and micro-enterprises to tourism, agriculture, innovation and downstream industries, the Premier ensure no sector is left behind no stone unturned.

Particularly notable are the initiatives aims at modernizing agriculture and strengthening food security, embracing precision farming and agro-technology, supporting entrepreneurs through grants and financing, stimulating digital innovation and talent development. They are not isolated programmes. They are part of a coherent, mutually reinforcing development strategy, a budget that reflects Sarawak's confidence and autonomy.

Tuan Speaker, perhaps the most significant achievement is what this budget symbolizes, a confident and increasingly autonomous Sarawak, standing tall and steering its own economic destiny.

With enhanced revenue streams, strengthened state-owned enterprises and strategic investments in energy, technology and resources, Sarawak is no longer waiting for opportunities, it is in fact creating opportunities.

Tuan Speaker, I would like to quote Yang Amat Berhormat Premier, what he said in this winding-up speech in 2017. This is what he has to say on 17th November 2017, in his winding-up speech. I quote *"I do not give impression that I will be the only person in Sarawak doing everything for Sarawak, on the contrary I am creating opportunities for more people to get involved. Those with skills and talent to do great things for Sarawak. This is really the first time for all Sarawakians to come together to create opportunities for ourselves in Sarawak"*.

That's why I say Tuan Speaker, this is a budget that creates a lot of activities. Yang Amat Berhormat Premier went on to say, *"There are many things we are doing are new in Sarawak"*. This is what he said in 2017. Imagine, *"There are many things we are doing are new in Sarawak. We only have hope and faith and courage, combined with skills and determination and together we shall succeed"*.

Tuan Speaker, the budget reflects not only financial strength but political will and economic clarity. Budget 2026 is visionary in its framing, strategic in its priorities, responsible in its management, and inclusive in its impact. It strengthens Sarawak today and prepares Sarawak for tomorrow.

And of course, for this reason and for the above observation, I fully support this brilliant, wide-ranging and all-encompassing Budget presented by our Yang Amat Berhormat. Not much time, let me just dwell on one topic Water Supply in Sibu.

Ageing and damaged infrastructure of course, pipelines mains; Sibu Water Board has a very high level of *"non-revenue water"* and this frequent bursts/ repairs can interrupt supply to some areas up to few hours and in some more serious cases, several days.

Tuan Speaker, unlike Ahli Yang Berhormat from Pending, keep blaming Ministry of Utility and Telecommunication. I for one would say that the Ministry of Utility is doing its best everywhere. In fact, in Sibu, I know even the minister himself, Yang Berhormat Dato Sri Julaihi came personally to even the small village in Sungai Sadit in my constituency to declare open an acute treatment plant which cost about RM5 million and he pay personal attention to that and in fact problems are legacy problem inherited by him. Don't blame him. These are problems over the years, occurring over the years, passed 10, 20 even 30 years particularly in Sibu.

The ground is soft and pipes that are being laid can sink deeply into the soil, and they are susceptible to burst, to break, brakeage and so on. But, however, Tuan Speaker, a more immediate

solution has to be found in my constituency in Rantau Panjang area where there are 36 ship building, shipyard I would say.

And I hope that the Ministry of Utility will quickly perhaps look into the problem to help this 35 or so shipping sites and also the neighbouring 500 flats/ apartments, and there are several longhouses nearby and I would like to request that perhaps an acute treatment plant similar to the one built in Sungai Sadit area in my Bawang Assan be built to bring quick solutions to water supply problems in this area. This is of paramount importance because shipbuilding activities generate immense contributions to the economy of not just Sibü but also Sarawak.

Not much time left, the other topic I would like to touch on, I spent too much time talking about the award given to our Premier. I think it is important that I have to highlight the important point associated with that award.

Tuan Speaker, the other topic I would like to touch on is the Bukit Assek Redevelopment Plan. As you know, this is an area which is a very old and most densely built-up zones in Sibü, with aging infrastructure, flood prone lowlands and outdated drainage and sanitation systems.

This Redevelopment Plan in fact championed by Deputy Premier Yang Berhormat Datuk Amar Dr. Sim is trying to transform the area into a modern, liveable flood-resistance and sustainable township. In fact, Yang Berhormat Dr. Sim and his team conducted study visits to Singapore, Australia and Europe to learn about this sustainable urban renewal models. But again, up to now, I do not see any physical, I do not see any, I do not see that the project has moved into any physical re-development stage. I know the delay is not due to lack of intent or interest; there are land, legal, financial complexities.

The Sibü public is now awaiting anxiously for the final Master Plan announcement which will determine whether Bukit Assek's renewal will finally move from vision to reality. And I also know Tuan Speaker, you recall that way back in the early 2000s, the then so called Barisan Nasional team led by me and the late Datuk Robert Lau made a sincere and ambitious attempt to redevelop the Bukit Assek area. Yet, despite our detailed plan and many months of hard work on the ground, the plan did not take off.

I could recall the fragmented land ownership posed the core of the problem. Without a comprehensive land consolidation or compulsory acquisition, which was politically very sensitive at that time, the project could not proceed. Then there were other issues such as high cost and uncertain returns, social and emotional resistance, environmental and infrastructure challenges and institutional and policy limitations. All these make things difficult for the area to be redeveloped but now technology and state funding capacity are better. Not like those days when technology and state funding capacity were not as strong as today, so the project simply could not take off.

But two decades later, I think the structural issues remain largely the same. However, today there are better tools, more funding capacity and stronger governance frameworks that could make a difference.

Timbalan Speaker: May you wind-up Yang Berhormat.

YB Dato Sri Wong Soon Koh: Yes, winding up.

Tuan Speaker, this project carries high expectations from the people of Sibü who have longed endured frequent flooding, outdated infrastructure and urban decay in the Bukit Assek area. It is important that the government must now move beyond study and consultation and communicates a clear roadmap and timeline, to reassure the affected residents and to ensure Sibü public that we are doing something and something will take off soon. And this redevelopment Bukit Assek is not an urban renewal project, in fact it is a test of Sibü's future direction and the government's ability to deliver on the promises to rejuvenate the heart of Sibü town.

Lastly, I would like Tuan Speaker, I would like to request the government to complete the road connectivity from Sungai Sebedil to Sungai Kerbau and from Sungai Tutus to Sungai Rasau. This is the apart of my constituencies which is very far from Sibu town and perhaps if this road can be constructed, it can be followed by treated water supply to the area. The people in the area also of course claimer for better internet coverage and so on. That's all I would like to say. Thank you, Tuan Speaker for your indulgence. Thank you very much, I would like to fully support the Supply (2026) Bill, 2025. Thank you.

Timbalan Speaker: Thank you very much. I urge that Yang Berhormat keep to the time limit but however I must admit with the Yang Berhormat Bawang Assan, I have a very soft heart because he has package of experience, package of many accolades, being ex-speaker, minister and so on. I hope the rest will keep to time limit but it is my courtesy. Thank you very much. Next, can I call Yang Berhormat Baleh.

YB Encik Nicholas Kudi anak Jantai: Tuan Speaker, terlebih dahulu saya ingin merakamkan ucapan terima kasih atas peluang untuk turut serta dalam perbahasan Rang Undang-undang Perbekalan 2026 di Dewan yang mulia ini.

Saya juga ingin menyatakan penghargaan kepada Yang Amat Berhormat Premier Sarawak, di atas kepimpinan beliau yang bijaksana dan berwawasan sehingga berjaya memacu pembangunan di Sarawak. Tahun hadapan, Sarawak menjangkakan kutipan hasil sebanyak RM13.05 bilion, iaitu antara yang tertinggi pernah dicapai, dengan belanjawan keseluruhan bernilai RM12.91 bilion. Selain itu, saya ingin merakamkan penghargaan khusus atas kenaikan elaun Ketua Masyarakat dan Ketua Kaum (KMKK) sebanyak RM400 sebulan, berkuat kuasa 1 Januari 2026.

Kenaikan ini memberi manfaat kepada lebih 7,700 orang pemimpin akar umbi dengan implikasi kewangan tambahan sekitar RM37 juta setahun. Ini adalah pengiktirafan besar terhadap peranan KMKK sebagai jambatan kerajaan rakyat termasuk juga di kawasan pedalaman seperti Baleh.

Tuan Speaker, saya juga ingin merakamkan penghargaan kepada Yang Amat Berhormat Premier Sarawak atas langkah tegas dan berpandangan jauh dalam meningkatkan perlindungan sosial rakyat melalui kenaikan bantuan Kerajaan SKAS. Premier telah mengumumkan bahawa:

- (a) Kadar SKAS untuk isi rumah dinaikkan daripada RM800 kepada RM950 setahun;
- (b) Bantuan warga emas dinaikkan daripada RM400 kepada RM500; dan
- (c) Bantuan individu bujang dinaikkan daripada RM250 kepada RM300.

Langkah ini bukan kecil, Tuan Speaker. Ianya melibatkan lebih 1 juta orang penerima di seluruh Sarawak, dengan peruntukan besar sebanyak RM640 juta. Kenaikan ini datang tepat pada masanya ketika kos sara hidup semakin mencabar. Ia menunjukkan bahawa Kerajaan Sarawak di bawah kepimpinan Premier tidak membiarkan rakyat berdiri seorang diri, terutama golongan B40, warga emas dan individu yang benar-benar memerlukan sokongan. Ini adalah bukti bahawa Kerajaan Sarawak bukan sahaja membangunkan infrastruktur, tetapi turut membangunkan rakyat, memastikan tiada siapa tercicir dalam arus kemajuan di seluruh Sarawak.

Penyertaan Rakyat dalam Agenda Ekonomi

Pembangunan ekonomi Sarawak telah dinikmati oleh semua rakyat. Dengan peruntukan pembangunan di seluruh Sarawak mencecah RM7.3 bilion, penyertaan rakyat dalam ekonomi perlu menjadi keutamaan. Saya mencadangkan agar:

- (a) Memperluas program TVET hingga ke pedalaman Sarawak telah memperuntukkan lebih RM48.5 juta bagi program pembangunan bakat, termasuk latihan teknikal. TVET perlu diperluaskan lagi ke kawasan luar bandar dan pedalaman supaya golongan belia tidak tercicir.

- (b) Geran keusahawanan mikro dipertingkatkan dengan peruntukan negeri untuk sektor pertanian mencecah RM73 juta, termasuk RM27.5 juta untuk “*precision farming*”, geran kecil kepada petani, nelayan dan pengusaha agro perlu diperkukuhkan.
- (c) Penubuhan pusat latihan bergerak

Inisiatif ini dapat memastikan penduduk kampung terpencil turut menikmati latihan kemahiran. Cadangan ini bukan sahaja bermanfaat kepada kawasan saya N.64 Baleh, tetapi juga seluruh kawasan luar bandar di seluruh Sarawak.

Peningkatan Infrastruktur

Sarawak telah memperuntukkan RM6.1 bilion untuk merapatkan jurang pembangunan bandar luar bandar. Di samping itu, RM1.05 bilion disediakan untuk projek jalan raya dan jambatan. Saya menyokong usaha untuk menaik taraf:

- (a) Jalan raya dan jambatan mengikut standard JKR, termasuk akses ke kawasan pedalaman;
- (b) Bekalan air bersih melalui sistem rawatan komuniti dan pemasangan paip baharu;
- (c) Penyambungan elektrik 24 jam serta tenaga solar dan bateri untuk kawasan terpencil; dan
- (d) Capaian Internet yang lebih luas terutama di kawasan luar bandar dan pedalaman.

Selain itu, projek besar seperti *Coastal Road*, *Second Trunk Road* dan *Northern Coastal Highway* telah menerima RM3.22 bilion daripada dana alternatif negeri yang turut memberi kesan ekonomi kepada daerah pedalaman. Ini akan meningkatkan akses rakyat kepada pendidikan, kesihatan dan peluang ekonomi.

Pendidikan, Modal Insan dan Kesihatan

Pembangunan manusia adalah pelaburan jangka panjang. Justeru, saya mencadangkan:

- (a) Program literasi dan numerasi diperluaskan ke kampung, pekan dan bandar kecil;
- (b) Penubuhan pusat TVET berskala kecil untuk belia luar bandar;
- (c) Bantuan keusahawanan untuk belia, ibu tunggal dan pengusaha kecil; dan
- (d) Klinik bergerak serta sistem respons kecemasan di pedalaman.

Sarawak juga memperuntukkan RM27 juta untuk menaik taraf sistem *Information and Communication Technology* (ICT) kerajaan yang akan menyokong penyampaian perkhidmatan kesihatan dan pendidikan.

Pemuliharaan Alam Sekitar dan Keselamatan

Selari dengan pengenalan Levi Karbon pada 2026, hasilnya akan disalurkan ke *Climate Change Fund* untuk tenaga boleh baharu dan pemuliharaan alam. Saya cadangkan supaya:

- (a) Program penanaman semula pokok di kawasan terdedah.
- (b) Pemantauan hakisan dan kualiti air berhampiran projek pembangunan.
- (c) Kerjasama dengan komuniti dalam pemuliharaan sungai.
- (d) Sistem amaran awal bencana dan tanah runtuh.

Seperti yang sering ditekankan oleh Yang Amat Berhormat Premier Sarawak, pembangunan Sarawak mesti bersifat lestari dan tidak mengorbankan kesejahteraan generasi akan datang.

Cadangan Penambahbaikan Rang Undang-undang Perbekalan

Tuan Speaker, jalan raya merupakan nadi pembangunan kerana ia menghubungkan satu kawasan dengan kawasan yang lain. Kita dapat melihat sendiri bagaimana pembangunan

sosioekonomi di bahagian Kapit berkembang dengan lebih pesat setelah ia dihubungkan dengan bahagian-bahagian lain di Sarawak. Hubungan jalan raya ini turut membantu merapatkan jurang pembangunan antara Kapit dan kawasan lain.

Walaupun sebahagian besar penduduk di bahagian Kapit masih bergantung kepada jalan balak sebagai laluan utama, namun kami bersyukur kerana kewujudan laluan tersebut sekurang-kurangnya dapat mengurangkan kos pengangkutan dan menjimatkan masa perjalanan ke destinasi. Oleh yang demikian, saya mencadangkan beberapa usul berikut;

(a) Pengambilalihan Jalan Balak oleh Kerajaan

Kerajaan disaran mengambil alih jalan balak sebagai jalan awam bagi membolehkan ia diselenggara secara berkala dan lebih sistematik demi keselamatan serta keselesaan pengguna.

(b) Pemasangan Lampu Jalan di Lokasi Berisiko

Pemasangan lampu jalan perlu dilaksanakan di kawasan berisiko dan di simpang-simpang utama bagi meningkatkan keselamatan pengguna terutama pada waktu malam.

(c) Penyediaan Jambatan Bailey

Manakala pembinaan jambatan Bailey perlu dipertimbangkan bagi kawasan yang kerap terputus hubungan terutamanya ketika musim hujan atau banjir.

(d) Pembinaan Stesen Pemantauan Kualiti Air

Mewujudkan stesen pemantauan kualiti air berhampiran projek empangan hidroelektrik bagi memastikan sumber air sentiasa berada pada tahap selamat untuk digunakan.

(e) Penambahbaikan Sistem Paip Lama

Menambah baik sistem paip air yang lama di kawasan terlibat.

(f) Peruntukan Penyelenggaraan Kecemasan

Menyediakan peruntukan khas untuk kerja-kerja penyelenggaraan kecemasan apabila berlaku gangguan bekalan air yang tidak dijangka.

(g) Peningkatan Kapasiti Elektrik Program SARES

Menaik taraf bekalan elektrik Program SARES daripada 3 kWh kepada 5 kWh bagi setiap isi rumah bagi memenuhi keperluan penggunaan elektrik masa kini.

Tuan Speaker, saya ingin menarik perhatian Dewan yang mulia ini terhadap isu kekurangan akses jalan raya yang sempurna ke kawasan penempatan di sebelah kiri tebing Sungai Mujong yang merangkumi lima buah rumah panjang serta sebuah sekolah rendah iaitu SK Mujong Tengah. Ketiadaan jalan penghubung yang baik bukan sahaja menyukarkan pergerakan penduduk malah turut menjejaskan aksesibiliti kepada perkhidmatan penting termasuk pendidikan, kesihatan dan juga penghantaran barangan asas. Keadaan ini telah berlarutan sekian lama dan memberi implikasi langsung terhadap kesejahteraan lebih daripada ratusan penduduk di kawasan tersebut.

Pertama, murid-murid di SK Mujong Tengah terpaksa bergantung kepada pengangkutan sungai atau laluan hutan jalan balak yang tidak selamat, terutamanya pada musim hujan. Risiko keselamatan amat tinggi dan hal ini menjejaskan kadar kehadiran serta prestasi pelajar.

Kedua, lima buah rumah panjang di kawasan itu sering menghadapi kesukaran untuk mendapatkan bekalan makanan, perubatan dan bantuan kecemasan. Dalam keadaan darurat, kelewatan akses jalan boleh mengancam nyawa.

Ketiga, pembinaan jalan raya yang menghubungkan kawasan tersebut bukan sahaja akan menyelesaikan isu mobiliti penduduk malah menjadi pemangkin pembangunan sosioekonomi termasuk peluang pertanian, pemasaran hasil, dan akses perkhidmatan awam secara lebih menyeluruh.

Oleh itu, saya mohon agar pihak kerajaan menilai perancangan atau kajian awal kerajaan negeri mengenai pembinaan jalan penghubung ke lima buah rumah panjang serta SK Mujong Tengah di kawasan sebelah kiri tebing Sungai Mujong.

Saya berharap isu ini dapat diberi perhatian segera agar penduduk kawasan berkenaan tidak terus ketinggalan daripada arus pembangunan negeri.

Tuan Speaker, berkenaan isu yang melibatkan penempatan semula 5 buah rumah panjang di kawasan Tunoh, yang dianggarkan membabitkan 200 keluarga, atau hampir lebih seribu penduduk.

Satu Isu Ketidakpastian Penempatan: Menjejaskan Hak dan Masa Depan 200 Keluarga

Sehingga hari ini, penduduk masih menunggu keputusan rasmi kerajaan tentang lokasi dan pelaksanaan penempatan semula. Ketidakpastian ini telah berlarutan terlalu lama sejak tahun 1974 dan membawa implikasi besar:

- (a) Penduduk tidak boleh merancang kehidupan dengan lebih teratur;
- (b) Kesukaran membina rumah kekal seperti rumah pajang yang lain;
- (c) Tidak mempunyai jaminan keselamatan tanah; dan
- (d) Terdedah kepada risiko masalah sosial dan ekonomi yang tetap.

Rakyat tidak boleh hidup atas dasar “*tunggu arahan*” selama bertahun-tahun. Mereka berhak kepada kepastian dan pelan penempatan yang jelas.

Kesukaran Menyalurkan Kemudahan Asas

Disebabkan keputusan penempatan semula masih tergantung, kerajaan menghadapi kesukaran untuk menyediakan kemudahan asas seperti:

- (a) Elektrik;
- (b) Bekalan air bersih;
- (c) Jalan akses;
- (d) Telekomunikasi;
- (e) Kemudahan klinik dan sekolah; dan
- (f) Serta infrastruktur sosial asas.

Tanpa pengesahan lokasi penempatan, sebarang pelaburan infrastruktur dianggap berisiko tinggi kerana:

- (a) Kemungkinan perlu diroboh atau dipindah.
- (b) Tidak memenuhi garis panduan teknikal.
- (c) Tidak boleh disahkan melalui peruntukan oleh agensi pelaksana.

Implikasi Sosial dan Ekonomi

Kelewatan keputusan penempatan semula telah menimbulkan beberapa kesan serius antaranya:

- (a) Penduduk terpinggir dari pembangunan rakyat di Tunoh tidak menerima kemudahan seperti rakyat di kawasan lain.
- (b) Sekuriti tanah tidak terjamin – Tanpa penempatan yang diwartakan, penduduk tidak dapat membina ekonomi jangka panjang seperti pertanian terancang atau menyertai mana-mana aktiviti keusahawanan.
- (c) Risiko keselamatan – Lokasi lama mungkin tidak lagi sesuai atau selamat, terutama jika kawasan tersebut terlibat dalam projek pembangunan atau risiko bencana banjir melanda setiap tahun.
- (d) Tenaga kerja dan pendidikan terjejas – Anak-anak sukar ke sekolah, ibu bapa sukar bekerja, perniagaan kecil tidak dapat berkembang.

Ini semua memberi kesan kepada masa depan generasi Tunoh, dan ia adalah beban yang tidak adil untuk ditanggung.

Kerajaan Perlu Membuat Keputusan Segera dan Muktamad

Saya menyeru Kerajaan supaya:

- (a) Menetapkan lokasi penempatan semula secara rasmi;
- (b) Mewartakan kawasan tersebut untuk menjamin hak tanah dan keselamatan jangka Panjang;
- (c) Menyediakan pelan pembangunan lengkap termasuk jalan, elektrik, air, dan telekomunikasi;
- (d) Melibatkan komuniti dalam setiap peringkat perancangan, bukan sekadar dimaklumkan di akhir proses; dan
- (e) Menetapkan tempoh masa jelas – bukan sekadar “sedang dipertimbangkan” atau “akan diteliti”.

Tuan Speaker, satu lagi isu yang saya bangkitkan hari ini adalah mengenai keadaan Klinik Kesihatan Sungai Tunoh, sebuah fasiliti yang menjadi nadi perkhidmatan kesihatan kepada penduduk di kawasan pendalaman skim Tunoh. Apa yang berlaku di klinik ini jauh daripada standard yang patut diberikan kepada rakyat.

Kuarters dan Klinik: Daif, Tidak Selamat dan Tidak Kondusif

Semasa lawatan saya ke klinik ini minggu lepas mendapati bahawa, kini;

- (a) Empat unit kuarters sedang dibaik pulih.
- (b) Manakala dua unit kuarters langsung belum diperbaiki kerana peruntukan tidak mencukupi.
- (c) Menjadikan sebahagian kakitangan terpaksa tinggal dalam keadaan tidak sesuai, tidak selamat dan berkongsi tempat kediaman dengan staff lain sementara menunggu kerja baik pulih siap.

Keadaan bangunan klinik pula, sebelum proses pembaikan bermula, adalah amat mendesak dan tidak selamat, sehingga menjejaskan perkhidmatan asas kepada pesakit.

Isu Tanah: Klinik di Tunoh Dibina di atas Tanah Pertanian

Klinik ini didirikan di atas tanah Jabatan Pertanian ataupun *Agriculture Land* dan bukan tanah institusi Kerajaan Persekutuan. Keadaan ini memberi implikasi yang sangat besar kerana;

- (a) Sukar melaksanakan kerja-kerja naik taraf;
- (b) Pembinaan baharu memerlukan penukaran syarat tanah; dan
- (c) Perancangan jangka panjang menjadi terbantut dan menambah kos.

Ini isu struktur yang serius. Bagaimana mahu membina sistem kesihatan yang moden dan berkualiti jika asas tapak tanah pun tidak diselaraskan dengan kategori yang betul?

Elektrik: Bergantung kepada Generator

Klinik hanya bergantung pada dua unit generator, namun satu unit generator dalam keadaan tidak memuaskan. Pihak klinik terpaksa membuat percaturan terhadap generator tersebut supaya bekalan elektrik tidak terputus.

Adakala keadaan memerlukan pihak kakitangan klinik terpaksa mencari inisiatif sendiri untuk menyelenggara dan baik pulih generator sendiri. Ini bukanlah cerita rekaan tetapi keadaan yang nyata dan benar bagi mengoperasikan klinik yang berada di kawasan pedalaman.

Klinik memerlukan bekalan elektrik yang stabil untuk menyimpan ubat-ubatan seperti vaksin, antibiotik yang memerlukan penyimpanan secara rantai sejuk ataupun *cold chain*. Tanpa bekalan elektrik yang stabil akan mengakibatkan risiko kritikal seperti ubat-ubatan menjadi rosak dan tidak dapat digunakan.

Timbalan Speaker: Wind Up, Yang Berhormat.

Isu Kenderaan: Tiada Pengangkutan Ambulans atau Logistik bagi Klinik Tunoh

YB Encik Nicholas Kudi anak Jantai: Okay, klinik tiada kenderaan rasmi untuk menghantar pesakit semasa kecemasan, menghantar darah dan spesimen makmal serta membuat rujukan kecemasan ke Hospital Kapit jika keadaan memerlukan.

Pernah disediakan kenderaan pacuan empat roda tetapi pemandunya tidak disediakan. Situasi ini mengakibatkan penduduk kampung terpaksa membayar sendiri kos pengangkutan. Dalam kes kritikal, mereka terpaksa mengeluarkan duit sendiri untuk menyelamatkan nyawa ahli keluarga. Risiko kelewatan mendapat rawatan dan kematian sangatlah tinggi. Ini sangat tidak wajar bagi sebuah negeri dan negara yang sedang menuju taraf ekonomi tinggi.

Timbalan Speaker: Wind Up, Yang Berhormat.

Sokongan kepada RUU Perbekalan 2026

Tuan Speaker, Rang Undang-undang Perbekalan 2026 adalah pelan pembangunan yang menyeluruh serta menekankan pembangunan seimbang antara bandar dan luar bandar. Melihat kepada peruntukan besar untuk infrastruktur, ekonomi, modal insan serta pengukuhan peranan pemimpin akar umbi seperti KMKK, saya percaya belanjawan ini akan memberi manfaat besar kepada rakyat Sarawak.

Oleh itu, saya menyatakan sokongan penuh terhadap Rang Undang-undang Perbekalan 2026. Sebelum saya mengundur diri, saya ingin mengucapkan Selamat Hari Krismas kepada rakan-rakan Kristian dan Selamat Tahun Baru kepada semua warga Negeri Sarawak. Sekian, terima kasih.

Timbalan Speaker: Terima kasih, Ahli Yang Berhormat bagi Baleh. Next, I would like to call Ahli Yang Berhormat for Pelagus, please.

YB Encik Wilson Nyabong anak Ijang: Salam Sarawakku Sayang, Salam Sarawak Maju Makmur. Tuan Speaker, thank you very much for giving me the opportunity to participate in this debate on the Supply (2026) Bill, 2025 presented by the Right Honourable Premier of Sarawak on 24th November 2025.

This Budget reflects the Sarawak Government's unwavering commitment to steering our State forward with clarity, resilience and foresight despite global uncertainties.

Yang Amat Berhormat Premier's Budget Speech clearly highlights three foundational financial imperatives – Strategic Responsiveness, Fiscal Resilience and Policy Alignment with PCDS 2030.

These are not merely financial pillars, but a moral responsibility to ensure our development remains inclusive and impactful to all Sarawakians, regardless of geography or background.

Our Right Honourable Premier has tabled a Budget forecasting RM13.05 billion in revenue against RM12.9 billion in ordinary expenditure – a clear testament to Sarawak's prudent and disciplined financial stewardship.

Tuan Speaker, this Budget once again proves why Sarawak stands apart as a model of fiscal prudence. We are projecting a surplus of RM144 million next year, an impressive achievement amid the global economic climate marked by US tariff resurgence, fluctuating oil prices, geopolitical instability and supply chain disruptions.

While many subnational governments worldwide are tightening their belts or resorting to borrowing, Sarawak remains strong because we planned ahead. Our strategic diversification – sales tax on petroleum products, raw water royalties, GLC dividends and sustainable natural resource revenues has cushioned us from global shocks and enabled continuous bold investment.

Sarawak does not merely manage finances; we invest strategically in our people. The Premier has allocated RM9.3 billion for development expenditure in 2026.

This is not symbolic. It reflects a firm determination to uplift socio-economic foundations, bridge development gaps and accelerate our journey toward becoming a high-income, technologically advance and environmentally resilient region by 2030.

Tuan Speaker, I would also like to draw attention to an important constitutional development that reflects Sarawak continued commitment to effective governance. On 7th July 2025, this august House convened a Special Sitting to debate and pass the Bill to increase the number of State Legislative Assembly seats from 82 to 99, adding 17 new constituencies to better reflect population growth, geographic realities and administrative needs across Sarawak.

The new Ordinance came into force on 8th August 2025, I wish to seek clarification from the government on the current status of the 17 new seats, particularly on boundary finalization, administrative readiness and preparations for their inclusion in the next State Election.

Rural Development – The Heart of Pelagus

Tuan Speaker, as the representative for N.61 Pelagus in Kapit Division, I must emphasize how profoundly relevant this Bill is for rural constituencies. Sarawak's progress cannot be measured by urban benchmarks alone. True progress is when rural Sarawak rises together with the rest.

Pelagus, like many rural constituencies, is shaped by vast geography, riverine settlements and logistical challenges. Therefore, sustained investment in connectivity, basic infrastructure, education, agriculture and digital inclusion is not a privilege but a necessity.

The 2026 Budget's strong emphasis on agriculture, infrastructure, education, healthcare and rural empowerment directly benefits Pelagus. For example, RM73 million is allocated to modernize agriculture through precision farming, IoT technologies and the development of Agrotechnology and Precision Farming Parks.

This is vital for Pelagus, where agriculture is a backbone of household income. Technology will enable our farmers to transition from traditional practices to high-yield modern agribusiness.

The RM21.4 million allocation for agroparks and aquaculture hubs, coupled with RM34.2 million for agricultural infrastructure and farm roads, will generate a multiplier effect for Upper Rajang.

Our fertile lands can support pineapple clusters, freshwater aquaculture, livestock and fruit-based industries. With logistics and cold-chain support, Pelagus could emerge as a major agro-industrial node in central Sarawak.

Positioning Pelagus as The Food Valley of Sarawak

Tuan Speaker, I urge the Sarawak Government to give serious and immediate attention to Pelagus's agricultural potential. Pelagus has all the necessary elements to become the Food Valley of Sarawak and this must be pursued with clear strategy and strong investment.

The Agriculture Integrated Training Centre (AITC) at Nanga Mijong has been approved, and I call upon the Sarawak Government to commence construction next year. This centre is essential to produce skilled agro-talents and young entrepreneurs.

In addition, I also request that the Sarawak Government to establish a permanent Food Park in Pelagus to create jobs, widen business opportunities and ensure sustainable income for rural youth and smallholders.

A dedicated Food Park will consolidate production, processing and market access, allowing Pelagus to supply food not only to Kapit Division but to the entire State of Sarawak.

I further urge the Sarawak Government to increase the quota for rubber planters in Kapit and Bukit Mabong, given the strong interest and the need to diversify rural income sources.

The recent sudden shortage of local rice, chicken and potentially sugar has exposed the urgency of strengthening food security, supply stability and price resilience. This therefore reinforces Pelagus' potential to become one of Malaysia's major food basket. The AITC at Nanga Mijong is a good start, but it must be paired with investments in land development, irrigation and downstream processing.

I also request the Sarawak Government to enhance the paddy irrigation schemes in Merit and Tunoh river basin and explore the potential in the Sungai Entuloh-Merirai river basin. With proper irrigation and mechanization, these areas are significantly boost Sarawak's rice production and reduce our reliance on imported rice.

Education – Levelling the Playing Field

Tuan Speaker, education is the great equalizer, especially in remote regions. Many families sacrifice greatly to educate their children. The introduction of a Free Tertiary Education (FTES) for Sarawakians in Sarawak owned universities, backed by RM250 million, is one of the most transformative initiatives in our history.

SEEP tuition support, free laptops, book vouchers and RM60 million in assistance for university students collectively remove financial barriers and uplift rural students. These programmes has help bridge the digital divide, ensuring that a child in Kapit can access the same opportunities as a child in Kuching and other major town in Sarawak.

I must also highlight the RM1 billion advanced by the Sarawak Government to the Federal Government for dilapidated school repair. Schools in Pelagus and Kapit Division urgently require intervention in ensure safe and conducive learning environments.

Although some schools have been identified for repair, many remain critically underserved. We need urgent, coordinated action from both Federal and Sarawak Governments.

Many schools in Pelagus Division including SMK Kapit, SMK Selirik and SK Rantau Panjai Bena urgently require structural upgrades, safe classrooms and boarding facilities, improved sanitation and modern learning infrastructure.

In this regard, I urge these schools be prioritized under the disbursement of the remaining RM300 million from the RM1 billion allocation has been yet to be utilised for rebuilding and rehabilitation of dilapidated schools.

Developing A Skilled Workforce for Emerging Industries

In moving forward, many new industries emerging, guided by the nine Strategic Thrusts outlined in this 2026 Budget and aligned with our Sarawak PCDS 2030.

What our government must now prioritise is the creation of the strong pool of skilled and competent workforce to meet the workforce demands of these expanding industries.

Beyond institutions such as CENTEXS, PPKS and our other industrial training institutes, I urge the Sarawak Government to collaborate directly with major industry players such as Sarawak Energy, Press Metal, PETROS, Sarawak Metro, Sarawak Petchem and many more, to train, retrain and upskill our youths through structured technical programmes and reskilling initiatives.

Tuan Speaker, Kapit Division was established in 1973 and now covers four districts. Yet, we still have only Pusat Giatmara, while the new Kolej Professional MARA is still under construction.

This remains insufficient to meet the rising need for technical and vocational education in Kapit area. Therefore, I strongly urge the Sarawak Government to seriously consider expanding institutions such as CENTEXS, PPKS or even establishing a Community College in Kapit.

This will provide pathways for school dropouts and non-academic students to acquire skills and contribute to Sarawak's skilled workforce.

Environmental Commitment (with Disaster Relief Fund Addendum)

Tuan Speaker, environmental sustainability is another key thrust of this Budget. Sarawak is taking bold steps by establishing a climate change centre, implementing a Net Zero Strategy and introducing a Carbon Levy on the oil and gas sector starting 2026.

These are policies that not only strengthen Sarawak's position in national climate leadership but also protect the ecological heartland of Upper Rajang.

With thousands of hectares of pristine forest, river biodiversity, our region benefits directly from forest conservation allocations, climate adaptation programmes and enhanced enforcement against illegal logging. These initiatives ensure that development does not come at the cost of environmental degradation.

In addition, in the light of recurring of natural disasters such as floods, landslides or fire which afflict many parts of Sarawak including rural and remote areas, I propose the state's disaster-relief fund mechanism be strengthened to swifter and more efficient disbursement.

The recent allocation of RM2.83 million by the Federal Government to assist victims of floods, landslides and fires, distributed via SDMC, demonstrates the need for such a safety net.

Therefore, I urge the Sarawak Government to consider pre-parking a dedicated emergency-fund tranche at each Resident's Office, so that when disaster strikes, be it flood, landslide or fire, aid can be released immediately upon request, rather than waiting for extended bureaucratic approval.

This will significantly alleviate suffering, protect lives and reinforce our commitment to resilient, people-centred development.

Tuan Speaker: Please wind up.

YB Encik Wilson Nyabong anak Ijang: In conclusion, the Supply (2026) Bill, 2025 is not merely a financial framework, it is a vision of a stronger, more inclusive Sarawak. It demonstrates that Sarawak GPS Government is forward-looking, people-centric, committed and uplifting every corner of Sarawak.

With its emphasise on rural empowerment, education transformation, economic diversification, environmental stewardship and fiscal sustainability, this Budget is well positioned to lead Sarawak into a future of greater prosperity.

For Pelagus and Kapit, this Budget offers tangible progress, better roads, stronger schools, improved connectivity for economic growth. It lays the foundation for Sarawak where the gap between rural and urban area continues to narrow.

Tuan Speaker, as we approach to the end of the year, allow me to take this opportunity to extend my warmest wishes to all Christian members of this august House and all Christians throughout Sarawak, a blessed and Merry Christmas. To all Sarawakians regardless of faith and background, I also wish everyone a happy and prosperous new year. May the coming year bring continued peace, unity and progress to our beloved Sarawak.

With conviction and confidence in the Premier's leadership and the direction of our Sarawak Government, I give my full support to the Supply (2026) Bill, 2025. Thank you, Tuan Speaker.

Timbalan Speaker: Thank you, Ahli Yang Berhormat Pelagus. I just anticipate, could be the last one. Honourable Member for Repok.

YB Dato' Sri Huang Tiong Sii: Terima kasih, Tuan Speaker. Salam sejahtera, Salam Sarawakku Sayang, Salam Sarawak Maju Makmur.

Tuan Speaker, terima kasih kerana memberi peluang kepada saya untuk turut serta dalam Perbahasan Belanjawan Negeri Sarawak 2026. Belanjawan tahun ini yang bertema *Empowering People, Advancing Prosperity, Building a Resilient Future* dengan jumlah RM12.9 bilion sekali lagi membuktikan kesiapsiagaan Kerajaan Sarawak di bawah pimpinan Yang Amat Berhormat Datuk Patinggi Tan Sri (Dr) Abang Haji Abdul Rahman Zohari bin Tun Datuk Abang Haji Openg, Premier Sarawak untuk terus membawa Negeri Sarawak ke persada lebih jauh dan maju.

Tuan Speaker, sebagai pembuka bicara di Dewan yang mulia ini, izinkan saya menyampaikan serangkap pantun:

*Burung Kenyalang terbang di awan,
Lambang megah negeri tercinta;
Sarawak maju penuh harapan,
Dipimpin bijak sejahtera kita.*

Pada kesempatan ini, saya juga ingin merakamkan penghargaan kepada Yang Amat Berhormat Premier Sarawak, seorang pemimpin berwawasan yang sentiasa memperjuangkan kepentingan negeri. Di bawah kepimpinan beliau, pelbagai inisiatif strategik telah dilaksanakan bagi memperkukuh pembangunan serta meningkatkan kesejahteraan rakyat.

Antara usaha penting termasuklah *Post COVID-19 Development Strategy (PCDS) 2030*, pembangunan ekonomi digital, pemerkasaan modal insan serta pelbagai inisiatif inovatif yang menjadikan Sarawak lebih mampan, inklusif dan makmur. Komitmen beliau amat dihargai dan terus menjadi pendorong utama ke arah kemajuan negeri serta kesejahteraan rakyat.

Tuan Speaker, dalam aspek pendidikan, sistem pendidikan yang inklusif dan menyeluruh membolehkan generasi mudah dibekalkan ilmu, kemahiran serta keupayaan berfikir secara kritikal

untuk menyesuaikan diri dengan perubahan ekonomi dan peluang baru seperti *Artificial Intelligence (AI)*, tenaga boleh baharu dan *smart manufacturing*.

Dalam hal ini, saya ingin merakamkan penghargaan kepada Kerajaan Sarawak di bawah kepimpinan Gabungan Parti Sarawak (GPS) atas pelaksanaan *Sarawak Education Enhancement Programme*, pemberian komputer riba percuma, bantuan baucar buku serta diskaun untuk pinjaman PTPTN dan bantuan khas kepada pelajar universiti serta Inisiatif Graduan Pulang Sarawak. Langkah ini jelas membuktikan komitmen kerajaan untuk melahirkan modal insan yang bukan sahaja berdaya saing, tetapi juga bersedia menyumbang kepada masa depan negeri yang lebih maju dan sejahtera.

Tuan Speaker, saya yakin di bawah kepimpinan Yang Amat Berhormat Premier Sarawak yang berwawasan, Kerajaan GPS akan terus membawa negeri ini ke arah sasaran menjadi wilayah maju berpendapatan tinggi menjelang 2030. Dengan hala tuju yang jelas, Sarawak berupaya mencapai kemajuan ekonomi, memastikan keterangkuman sosial, serta mengekalkan kelestarian alam sekitar.

Komitmen berterusan ini akan menjadikan Sarawak sebagai negeri contoh yang berjaya membangunkan masyarakat secara seimbang dan mampan, sekaligus memberi manfaat kepada generasi sekarang dan akan datang.

Tuan Speaker, pada kesempatan ini, saya ingin menarik perhatian Dewan yang mulia ini terhadap beberapa isu penting di kawasan saya yang memerlukan perhatian segera menerusi Belanjawan 2026.

Masalah Kapasiti Klinik Kesihatan Sarikei telah Mencapai Tahap Maksimum

Tuan Speaker, kapasiti bangunan Klinik Kesihatan Sarikei di Jalan Hospital Lama kini tidak lagi mampu menampung jumlah pesakit yang semakin meningkat. Sebagai pusat rawatan asas, ruang yang sempit dan kemudahan terhad menjejaskan kualiti perkhidmatan serta keselesaan pesakit, selain memberi tekanan kepada kakitangan Kesihatan. Sehubungan itu, saya berharap menerusi Kementerian Kesihatan Awam, Perumahan dan Kerajaan Tempatan, projek pembinaan Poliklinik Baharu di Lot 1120, Block 33, Sarikei Town Land District dapat dijadikan keutamaan agar ia dapat direalisasikan segera demi kesejahteraan masyarakat.

Bekalan Air Terawat ke Kawasan Ulu Sungai Rusa, Sarikei

Tuan Speaker, akses kepada air terawat adalah asas penting kesejahteraan rakyat. Namun begitu, masih terdapat komuniti pedalaman di Sarikei yang belum menikmati kemudahan ini sepenuhnya. Antara kawasan yang terlibat ialah Sungai Mawang dan Sungai Kuap di Ulu Sungai Rusa, Sarikei melibatkan lapan buah rumah panjang serta sebuah gereja. Penduduk di kawasan ini masih bergantung kepada sumber air semula jadi seperti sungai dan tadahan hujan. Walaupun ia membantu untuk sementara waktu, kualiti air tidak sentiasa terjamin dan boleh menimbulkan risiko kesihatan, terutama kepada kanak-kanak dan warga emas. Saya berharap projek bekalan air terawat ke kawasan pedalaman Sarikei dapat dipercepatkan pelaksanaannya agar penduduk dapat menikmati kehidupan yang lebih selesa dan sihat.

Dermaga Komersial Baharu

Tuan Speaker, kawasan Repok kini hanya mempunyai sebuah dermaga komersial lama di Sungai Nyelong yang tidak lagi digunakan untuk aktiviti pemunggahan dan menimbulkan kesesakan. Saya ingin merakamkan penghargaan kepada Kementerian Pengangkutan Sarawak serta Kerajaan Sarawak atas inisiatif meluluskan projek pembinaan dermaga komersial baharu di Seberang Sungai Nyelong dengan anggaran kos sebanyak RM16 juta semasa lawatan kerja pada penghujung tahun 2024. Sejak 28 Julai 2018, saya telah mengetengahkan permintaan bagi pembinaan dermaga komersial baharu ini. Justeru, saya berharap agar pelaksanaan projek ini dapat dipercepatkan supaya manfaatnya boleh dirasakan oleh rakyat Sarikei.

Sehubungan itu, saya ingin bertanya apakah status semasa projek pembinaan *Reinforced Concrete Commercial Wharf* di Sarikei serta jangkaan tarikh siap dan tarikh pengoperasiannya?

Keperluan Projek Perumahan Mampu Milik di Sarikei

Tuan Speaker, keperluan terhadap projek perumahan mampu milik di Sarikei semakin mendesak, khususnya bagi keluarga muda dan penjawat awam yang berpendapatan sederhana. Di Sarikei, permintaan terhadap kediaman yang berpatutan semakin meningkat seiring dengan pertumbuhan penduduk dan kos sara hidup yang kian tinggi. Sehubungan itu, saya menyeru agar kerajaan meneliti secara serius pelaksanaan projek perumahan mampu milik fasa tambahan di Sarikei. Dengan adanya projek ini, ia bukan sahaja membantu rakyat berpeluang memiliki kediaman sendiri serta membentuk komuniti yang sederhana dan inklusif.

Dewan Komersial Sarikei

Tuan Speaker, Sarikei semakin memerlukan sebuah dewan baharu dengan kapasiti lebih besar memandangkan dewan sedia ada hanya dapat menampung sekitar 1,000 orang. Kekangan ruang ini menghadkan penganjuran program berskala besar yang sepatutnya memberi manfaat kepada rakyat. Pembinaan sebuah dewan baharu akan menyokong aktiviti masyarakat, program rasmi kerajaan, seminar, pameran dan acara pelancongan. Ekonomi setempat Sarikei pastinya dapat dirancakkan dengan adanya kemudahan moden dan berkapasiti besar ini.

Tuan Speaker, segala isu dan cadangan yang telah saya bangkitkan hari ini adalah demi kesejahteraan rakyat dan kemajuan negeri kita. Saya percaya dengan komitmen berterusan Kerajaan GPS, segala usaha ini akan dapat direalisasikan demi manfaat bersama. Sebelum menutup ucapan saya, izinkan saya menyampaikan sebuah pantun sebagai tanda penghargaan dan penutup bicara:

*Gunung tinggi puncaknya indah,
Hutan hijau sumber berharga;
Kerjasama erat membawa faedah,
Sarawak maju sejahtera bersama.*

Sebagai penutup, saya mendoakan agar semua Ahli-ahli Yang Berhormat dikurniakan kesihatan yang baik, dimurahkan rezeki serta sentiasa diberkati dalam setiap usaha demi kesejahteraan rakyat dan kemajuan negeri. Selamat menyambut Hari Krismas 2025 dan Selamat Tahun Baharu 2026. Sekian, terima kasih. Saya mohon menyokong.

Timbalan Speaker: Ok, terima kasih Ahli Yang Berhormat Repok. Ahli Yang Berhormat bagi Tupong, *please*.

YB Dato Fazzrudin bin Haji Abdul Rahman: Terima kasih, Tuan Speaker. I hope I am in your soft spot list as well since I am the last speaker. Bismillahirrahmanirrahim. Assalamualaikum Warahmatullahi Wabarakatuh. Salam sejahtera, Salam Sarawak Maju Makmur.

Sekali lagi, thank you for allowing me to participate in the Supply (2026) Bill, 2025 in this august House. And I would also like to wish to congratulate the Right Honourable Premier of Sarawak, an Honourable Member for Gedong for recently being conferred the Order of the Rising Sun, Gold and Silver Star by Japan's Emperor Naruhito for his outstanding contribution to strengthening Japan and Malaysia relations. This symbolizes the world's confidence in Sarawak's effort in strengthening economic corporations and pioneering new energy and future technology. Congratulations on the Right Honourable Premier.

Tuan Speaker, the Sarawak Budget year after year symbolizes the enduring financial resilience of the state and prudent financial management of the administration. The 2026 Sarawak Budget worth RM12.91 billion is a surplus budget with a continued and persist on transforming Sarawak as

a regional economic powerhouse. *Tetapi dalam masa yang sama juga* Tuan Speaker, *ramai masih confused tentang* the figure in our budget. Revenue *kita berkurang kepada* RM12.1 billion which is lower than the announced expenditure of 2025. *Maka ramai yang berpendapat bajet 2025 itu defisit*, it doesn't work that way. Deficit means *perbelanjaan kita melebihi pendapatan*. Jadi setiap tahun kerajaan mengambil langkah berjaga-jaga dalam perbelanjaan. *Saya pasti Kerajaan mengambil maklum tentang our income dan membuat* revision from every now and then to ensure that we spend prudently with fiscal discipline. *Setelah kita mendapat figure perbelanjaan kita, baru kita boleh rangkumkan samada* it was a deficit budget or a surplus one.

Satu lagi *confusion* berkenaan dengan *announcement* Yang Amat Berhormat Premier kita tentang Belanjawan 2026, ianya merupakan defisit kerana menambah angka 5.6 yang disebut *Operating Expenses, 7.3 our Expenditure* dan *7.3 Appropriation to the Development Account* dan *9.3 Development Expenditure*. Ianya tidak dapat dicampur sekali tiga *igek figure* tok. 7.3 bukanlah *expenditure* tetapi pindahan dari *Consolidated Revenue Account*. Ini adalah proses biasa dalam prosedur kewangan jadi silap untuk mencampur ketiga-tiga *value* ini untuk meletakkannya sebagai *value* belanjawan kita. Kalau kita buat begitu dalam ujian, fail kita Tuan Speaker.

Development fund adalah RM9.6 bilion. Soalannya, dari mana kita dapat RM9.6 bilion. Dari RM7.3 bilion iaitu bajet 2026 daripada *Revenue Account* kita. "*Balance*" nya daripada wang dalam *Balance of the Development Fund Account*. Kenapa kita ada *balance*? Because we are very prudent in our expenditure. Campur lagi dengan duit dalam *Development Fund Account*.

Tuan Speaker, there is a saying in Malay. *Alah bisa, tegal biasa* which roughly means when something that is difficult is done often enough, it becomes ordinary. Often, we are guilty of our diminished appreciation for what used to be extraordinary. Make no mistake tabling double digits state budget year after year is an extraordinary achievement. With growing revenue stream foresight and effective resource allocation, we have been able to ensure that year after year the budget can benefit Sarawakian through a swath of people centric initiatives.

Tuan Speaker, Sarawak Talent Development Policy and Blueprint will pave the way to ensure that we have the talent that we need to participate and supplement the demands of Sarawak's economy now and in the future.

It is simply not enough that we nurture talents, but we must also emphasize on talent retention and work on attracting Sarawakians talents abroad to return home and serve Sarawak by providing them with avenues to do so in our economic sectors.

We can start by setting a headline target in line with PCDS 2030 with stated 500,000 skilled workers and 30,000 talents a year. That can be our headline target. We could also strengthened our existing Sarawak Workforce Information System, a single source of data on labour and demand, by sector, district and skilled level. Dasar bakat Sarawak mesti berpandukan data dan bukannya andaian. We could also establish a Sectoral Talent Councils for instance hydrogen talent council, green energy talent council, digital talent council. This will have a more focus approached on identifying the needs of the curriculum, the quotas and the incentives that we can give to ensure that we meet our target.

Tuan Speaker, izinkan pula saya menyentuh berkenaan dengan inisiatif Pendidikan Sarawak terutamanya Skim Pendidikan Tinggi Percuma Sarawak ataupun *FTES Free Tertiary Education Scheme* di mana sejumlah RM250 juta telah diperuntukkan untuk skim tersebut. Pertamanya, objektif pendidikan Sarawak, objektif Pendidikan *for that matter* adalah untuk melahirkan modal insan berkualiti, memenuhi keperluan industri dan memastikan masa depan ekonomi Sarawak di landasan yang betul.

These are the players that will be assisting us to achieve our economic target. Keperluan industri kita haruslah berfokus kepada industri haruslah berfokus kepada industri yang telah digariskan dalam strategi kita yang akan meningkatkan ekonomi Sarawak yang akan menawarkan

high paying job. Bayangkan seorang yang mendapat gaji yang tinggi akan dapat menampung keperluan keluarga beliau *which is his needs*. Beliau akan ada *disposable income* yang lebih dan menggunakan *disposable income* maka *it can cover his wants* ataupun keinginan. Keinginan boleh berbentuk riadah, bercuti dengan keluarga, makan di gerai-gerai, di kedai makan, membeli barangan hobi dan lain-lain di mana perbelanjaan-perbelanjaan ini aktiviti ekonomi akan merentas pelbagai bidang dan pelbagai lapisan masyarakat akan dapat merasai kesan positif perbelanjaan ini. Itulah sebab juga pengenalan FTES kita ini haruslah berfokus dan mempunyai objektif yang saya sebutkan tadi dan perlu juga *evolve* dari masa ke semasa untuk menepati keperluan ekonomi global.

Sebenarnya janji ini tiada pun dalam manifesto GPS, tetapi atas kesedaran kita mahu melihat anak-anak Sarawak tak mengira bangsa dan agama dapat menikmati keperluan pendidikan dan seterusnya menyumbang kepada pembangunan ekonomi Sarawak. Akan tetapi, dalam masa yang sama kerajaan masih lagi menyediakan bantuan-bantuan yang lain seperti biasiswa dan pinjaman. *Ne lah tauk ada yang sik sempat dapat FTES ya*. Tahun ini saja Tuan Speaker, kerajaan melalui Yayasan Sarawak telah membelanjakan RM135 juta untuk pinjaman pendidikan dan RM31 juta untuk biasiswa kepada anak-anak kita tak mengira kaum dan agama dan jika anak-anak kita mendapat keputusan cemerlang, maka diskaun lagi ditawarkan kepada pembayaran pinjaman tersebut.

Tahun ini sahaja RM27 juta diterima oleh anak-anak kita melalui diskaun pembayaran ini. Bagi membayar hutang PTPTN pula, Yayasan telah memperuntukkan RM29 juta tahun *tok jak*. Ini tiap-tiap tahun dilaksanakan sebelum ini, Tuan Speaker. Belum lagi *sampe* ke cerita *Free Tertiary Education tok*. Cuma kita perlu memikirkan mekanisma untuk memastikan penerima-penerima manfaat ini tidaklah menyalahgunakan *benefit* yang diberikan kepada mereka. Kita mahu penerima ini menamatkan pendidikan mereka dengan cemerlang sekali. That is the power of free education and Insya-Allah Sarawak will have a brighter future and have greater access to education and also, we must not lose sight of the fact that we are the first to introduce this scheme even ahead of the Federal Government and we must be proud of it.

Carbon Levy

Tuan Speaker, carbon levy should not be looked at as a tax to punish industries but rather a strategic economic tool. The global market is rapidly shifting towards low-carbon production. By putting price on emissions, Sarawak pushes industries to adopt cleaner technologies, reduce waste and improve efficiency. Countries that introduced carbon pricing like Sweden, Canada and Singapore did not see their economies collapse. In fact, Sweden reduced emissions by 33% while its economy grew by 80% to ensure that carbon levy does not penalise merely emissions but actively accelerates green transition, Sarawak can adopt a global practise of recycle-the-revenue model. A certain percentage of the carbon levy collected can be allocated to a dedicated fund and this fund should be specifically used to support for example Industrial energy efficiency upgrades, the purchase of green machinery or cleaner fuel systems, capital subsidies for example covering 30% of green equipment cost, grant for SMEs to overcome upfront cost in related to green transition.

A ring-fenced fund ensures transparency and guarantees that industries see the levy as a support mechanism rather than a burden. By linking financial support to measurable emission reductions, it will become a powerful incentive for industrial transformation.

Sarawak Rental Assistance Scheme

The rental assistance scheme introduced in 2021 has proven to be one of the most effective forms of support for our low-income households and student. Through my engagement, it is initially aimed is in the burden of high rental to the low-income family, but it has been extended to IPTA and IPTS student. So, through my engagement with student across Sarawak, Tuan Speaker, one message is consistent. Nearly all the second-year student who must live off campus, rely heavily on this scheme. From those from the B40, M40 family, rising rental cost are a real challenge and affect the well-being and even the ability to continue studying. So, I would like to request from the

Government to consider, to extend the scheme to our student in Semenanjung, Sabah and Labuan as well. Supporting them is not just financial aid, it is an investment in the future of Sarawak.

Tuan Speaker, saya juga ingin memohon kerajaan untuk menimbang agar melaksanakan Program SPK (Skim Pembesaran Kampung) di kawasan N.6 Tupong terutama sekali di kawasan Matang. Begitu juga, saya ingin mohon agar laluan bas dilaksanakan di sepanjang jalan Matang hinggalah ke kampung Matang dan juga daripada Taman Malihah hinggalah ke Batu Kawa kerana Batu Kawa ada terdapat klinik yang digazettekan yang dikhaskan untuk penduduk-penduduk di kawasan Taman Malihah dan amat mudah jika ada bas ataupun pengangkutan awam yang membawa penduduk kita daripada kawasan Taman Malihah dan berdekatan ke Klinik Kesihatan ini.

Saya juga ingin mengucap terima kasih kepada DBKU kerana kita sedia faham antara cabaran yang tinggi di kawasan bandar adalah kesesakan trafik di waktu *peak hours*. Jadi, dengan adanya *traffic warden* ini, ia dapat membantu menangani masalah ini dengan begitu baik sekali tetapi dengan pertambahan penduduk, pertambahan kawasan-kawasan perumahan, kita merasakan keperluan *traffic warden* yang lebih, jadi kita memohon Kerajaan untuk menimbang, memberi peruntukan kepada DBKU untuk menambah lagi *traffic-traffic warden* mereka.

Tuan Speaker, banyak inisiatif yang telah dilaksanakan oleh Kerajaan yang perlu kita sampaikan kepada masyarakat. Bukan sahaja untuk memaklumkan kepada masyarakat tentang apa yang Kerajaan GPS telah lakukan, bukan untuk berdengah kata orang tetapi untuk memastikan maklumat ini sampai supaya mereka boleh memaklumkan kepada ahli keluarga mereka yang berkaitan supaya mereka boleh memohon bantuan-bantuan, inisiatif-inisiatif, biasiswa-biasiswa untuk membantu keluarga-keluarga mereka. Jadi, setakat ini kita melihat maklumat-maklumat ini sampai ke peringkat akar umbi dan kita berterima kasih kepada rakan-rakan media kita yang telah bekerja keras untuk memastikan maklumat-maklumat ini sampai dan dimanfaatkan oleh rakyat-rakyat di Sarawak ini. Jadi, mereka telah bekerja keras, jadi sudah tentu pada penghujung nanti Yang Amat Berhormat akan mengumumkan sesuatu yang mungkin baik untuk kakitangan Kerajaan. Saya memohon agar pertimbangan kepada rakan-rakan media kita ini juga diberi perhatian.

Timbalan Speaker: Sila gulung.

YB Dato Fazzrudin bin Haji Abdul Rahman: Tuan Speaker, penutup. Penutup, penutupan, penutup, Tuan Speaker.

Tuan Speaker, GPS was built on the principal of Sarawak First. A collision force from trust discipline and shared purpose. Our unity is our strength, and this unity has allowed Sarawak to stand tall and achieved what YAB Premier have shared in his Budget Speech. A collision will face challenges and instability if individuals act alone with self interest or allow personal views to overshadow party discipline. When we break ranks and overstep the party policies, we will give outsiders and opportunity to interfere. Interference will disrupt unity. This unity will disrupt stability. Instability will disrupt introduction and implementation of policies for the *rakyat*. Which is more important? The *rakyat* or self-interest? We will stand united to ensure that policies and initiative introduce by Yang Amat Berhormat Premier a delivered for the *rakyat* without any interference. GPS akan kekal terus bersatu hati untuk memastikan kejayaan ini. Dengan itu, saya mohon menyokong, Tuan Speaker.

Timbalan Speaker: Terima kasih.

YB Dato Fazzrudin bin Haji Abdul Rahman: Assalamualaikum Warahmatullahi Ta'ala Wabarakatuh.

Timbalan Speaker: Waalaikumsalam Warahmatullahi Wabarakatuh. Terima kasih, Yang Berhormat Tupong for a very profound speech. I believe you are the last debater for this afternoon. Well...

*Serbuk kari rasanya pedas,
Esok hari kita sambung berbahas.*

Ahli-ahli Yang Berhormat, the sitting is now adjourned, and House shall resume its sitting at 9.00 a.m. tomorrow. Insya-Allah.

(Mesyuarat ditangguhkan pada pukul 4.26 petang)

**LAPORAN TAHUNAN, PENYATA KEWANGAN, ‘COMMAND PAPERS’, ‘HANSARD’ DAN
‘VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS’ YANG DIBENTANG PADA 26 NOVEMBER 2025**

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120/2025	Majlis Bandaraya Miri – Penyata Kewangan bagi tahun berakhir 31 Disember 2024
121/2025	Majlis Perbandaran Sibu – Penyata Kewangan bagi tahun berakhir 31 Disember 2024
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138/2025	Majlis Daerah Sarikei – Penyata Kewangan bagi tahun berakhir 31 Disember 2024
139/2025	Majlis Daerah Maradong dan Jalau – Penyata Kewangan bagi tahun berakhir 31 Disember 2024
140/2025	Majlis Daerah Matu dan Daro – Penyata Kewangan bagi tahun berakhir 31 Disember 2024

141/2025	Majlis Daerah Kapit – Penyata Kewangan bagi tahun berakhir 31 Disember 2024
142/2025	Majlis Daerah Gedong – Penyata Kewangan bagi tahun berakhir 31 Disember 2024

PREMIER SARAWAK

143/2025	Sarawak Ombudsman Interim Report 2024
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MENTERI SUMBER ASLI DAN PEMBANGUNAN BANDAR

144/2025	2024 Annual Report of Natural Resources and Environment Board (NREB), Sarawak
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MENTERI TENAGA DAN KELESTARIAN ALAM SEKITAR

145/2025	Lembaga Sumber Asli dan Alam Sekitar Sarawak – Penyata Kewangan bagi tahun berakhir 31 Disember 2024
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